

## EUROPEAN PUBLIC OPINION ON RUSSIA'S INVASION, DEFENDING UKRAINE, AND THE EFFECT ON THE EU

Survey Results 2022









# CONTENT

In the weeks after the Russian Federation initiated its war against Ukraine, the European Movement International launched nine country surveys to assess the publics initial reaction to the invasion and gauge baseline and future public support for Ukraine. The countries surveyed included Estonia, Finland, France, Germany Greece, Hungary, Italy, Poland and Romania.

#### In each country, Europeans were asked

- · Whether Russia's war against Ukraine was legitimate or not (on a 1-10 scale),
- · Who they blamed for the war,
- · Several questions concerning Ukrainian refugees,
- · Several questions concerning their support for sanctions initially and in the future as the ramifications of sanctions affected them personally or their country economically,
- · Their views on Russian disinformation.
- · Whether Russia's aggression poses a threat to their nation,
- · Their support of NATO,
- · Their support of the European Union,
- · Whether Russian aggression increases their demand for stronger E.U. policies on energy, defense, migration and other issues of concern,
- · Their support of democracy and democratic government (5 question battery),
- · Their feelings about Vladimir Putin and the Russian Federation,
- If their support for democracy and democratic institutions in their country has increased or decreased since Russia launched its war on Ukraine,
- · And a wide range of other policy, segmentation and demographic questions.

Top-line findings of Europeans' opinion on these questions are detailed in the following report.

The surveys on which this report is based were conducted online by YouGov, with funding from the Eurasia Program of the Open Society Foundations.. The sample size for each country was 600 (except Estonia where the sample was 500). In each country, except Hungary, surveying was completed in March 2022. In Hungary, surveying was done in April after the national election. More detailed analyses of the data can be found in recorded presentations at www.listentopeople.eu.



## **COMPARATIVE COUNTRY GRAPHS**

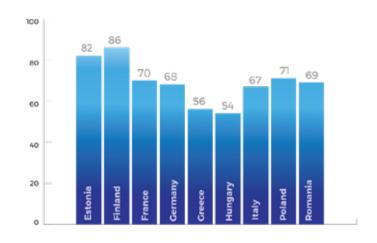
Cross-comparative graphs on three fundamental European concerns are reported here. They include:

Legitimacy of Russia's Invasion of Ukraine: The conventional wisdom that opposition to Russia's war against Ukraine was virtually monolithic in Europe was inaccurate. Opinions on the legitimacy of Russia's war in Ukraine ranged from a high of 47% in Hungary to a low of 14% in Finland. In five of the nine countries surveyed around 3 in 10 citizens agreed the Russian invasion had legitimacy, while in Hungary and Greece more than 4 in 10 citizens perceived Russia's war as legitimate. Only in Finland and Estonia did public assessments of the legitimacy of Russia's war fall below 20%.

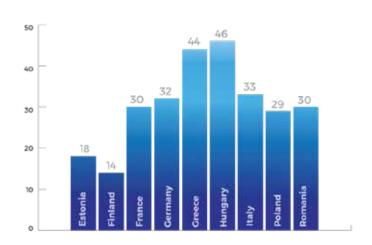
European Union Solidarity: Majorities in all nine countries surveyed agree that "within the European Union, we need to do everything we can to help countries in need." More than two-thirds of citizens in five of the countries surveyed chose this statement. Sixty-five percent of Estonians and 63% of Hungarians also pick it.

Russian Invasion of Ukraine: Russian Reasons for Invading Are Illegitimate

TO PEOPLE



Russian Invasion of Ukraine: Russian Reasons for Invading Are Legitimate LISTEN TO PEOPLE

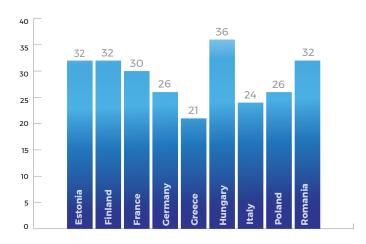


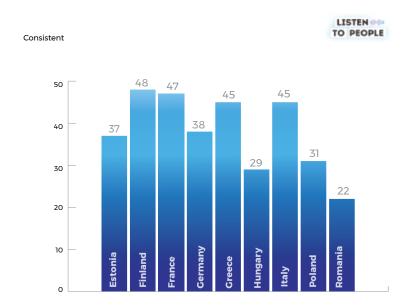
The lowest support for European solidarity, described in this way, was reported in founding European Union members -- France (57%) and Germany (58%).

Consistent Support for Democracy:
Consistent support for democracy
is assessed using five standard
survey questions. Four of these
questions come from the World
Values Survey.

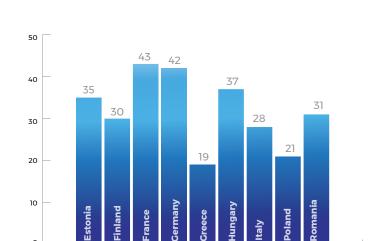
For a citizen to be considered a consistent supporter of democracy by this methodology, they must choose the pro-democracy answers to all five questions. Consistent support for democracy democratic norms and institutions - falls below 50% in every country surveyed in 2022. Since 2019 (and in some cases 2021), consistent support for democracy has fallen in most of the countries surveyed. The largest loss of support for democracy was in Germany where support has fallen 18% since 2019 (56% to 38%).







LISTEN OF TO PEOPLE Inconsistent 78 80 71 69 70 63 62 60 55 55 53 52 40 30 20 Estonia



Demands for Solidairty Between EU Countries Are Being Pushed too Far

 $\operatorname{EU}$  Solidarity Within the EU, We Need to Do Everything We Can to Help Countries in Need

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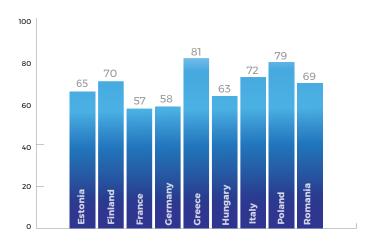
**EU Solidarity** 

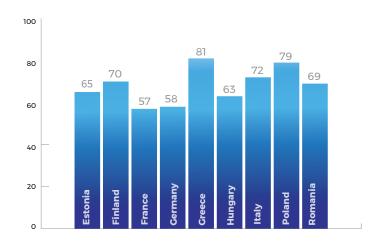
 $\operatorname{EU}$  Solidarity Within the EU, We Need to Do Everything We Can to Help Countries in Need

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# ESTONIA

SURVEY RESULTS



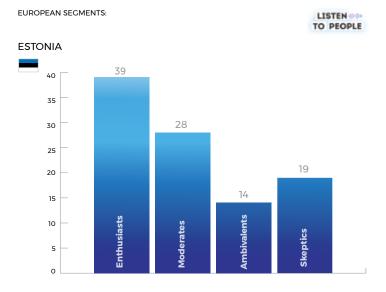
## SUMMARY

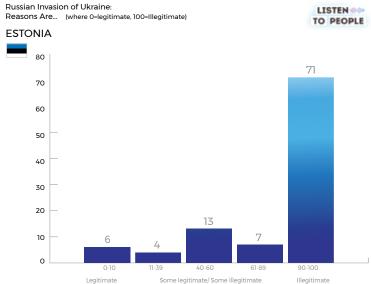


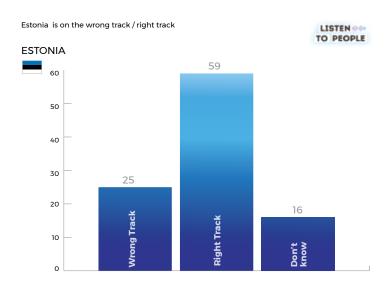
Estonians are more likely than the citizens of any other country surveyed to say that their country is on the right track (59%). Estonians are also more concerned about Russian aggression, disinformation and threats than citizens in other countries and most supportive of sanctions – even if sanctions harm Estonia's economy. (Note: Finnish results are comparable to Estonia on most questions.)

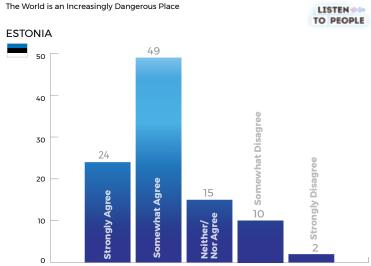
#### Other country highlights include:

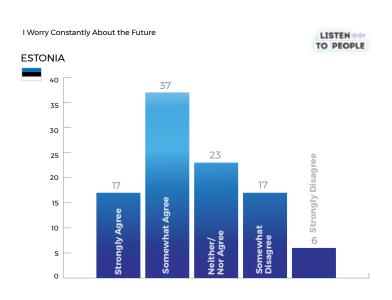
- · 83% think Russia's reasons for waging war against Ukraine are not legitimate.
- 82% agree (61% strongly) that Russian disinformation must be stopped -- the highest percentage of agree and strongly agree of any country surveyed.
- 82% agree (48% strongly) that Russia's attack on Ukraine demonstrates the necessity of a strong, common European Union defense policy. By comparison 82% of Romanians (55% strongly), 76% of Poles (50% strongly) and 76% of Finns (40% strongly) agree with this statement.
- 78% agree (43% strongly) that Russian aggression is a threat to Estonia's sovereignty the highest percentage of agree and strongly agree of any country surveyed.
- 77% support (67% strongly) sanctions against Russia. Support for sanctions is greater only in Poland (84%) and Finland (86%).
- 71% support maintaining sanctions even if rising costs resulting from sanctions hurt the Estonian economy. Support for maintaining sanctions is greater only in Finland (75%)
- 50% are paying (in March of 20220) a great deal of attention to events in Ukraine the highest percentage of any country surveyed.
- · 48% trust NATO second only to trust in NATO in Poland.
- 32% say their satisfaction with democracy in Estonia has increased since Russia's invasion of Ukraine the highest percentage of any country surveyed.

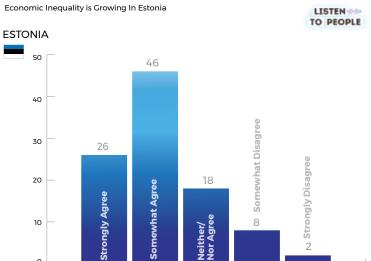


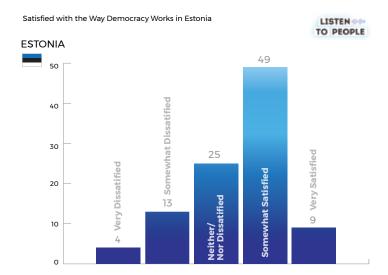


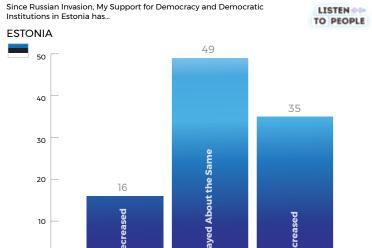


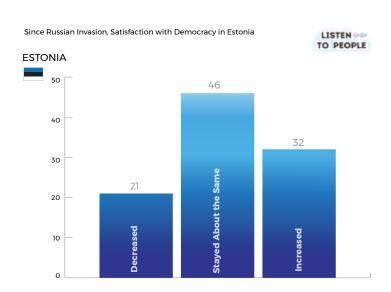


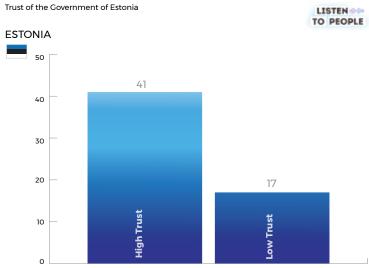


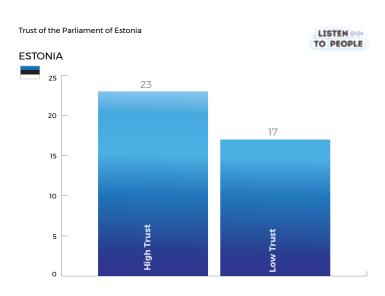


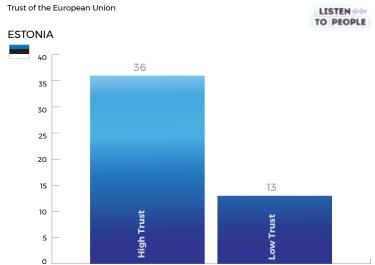


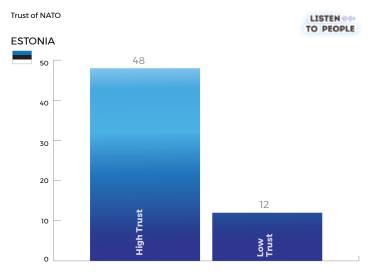


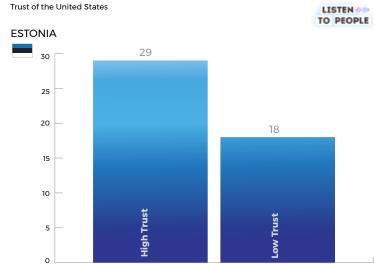


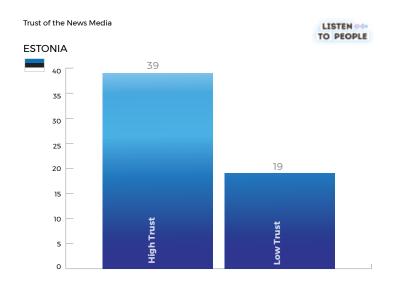


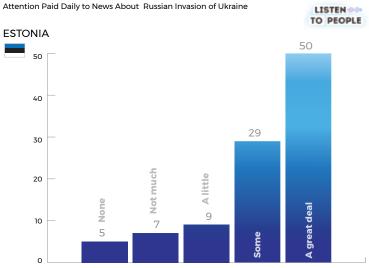


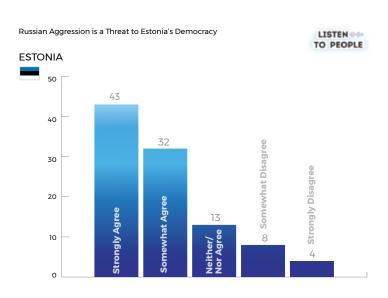


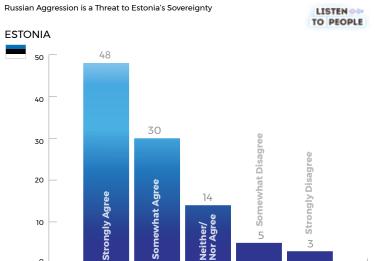


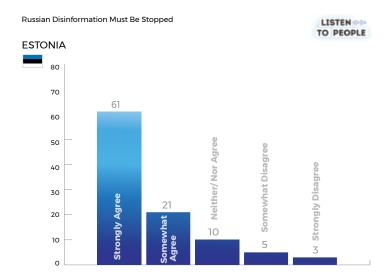


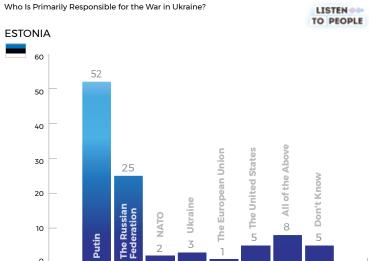


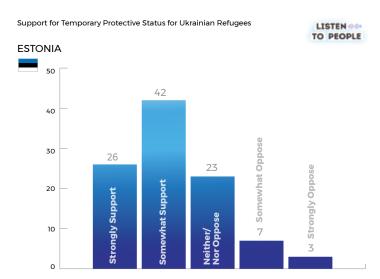


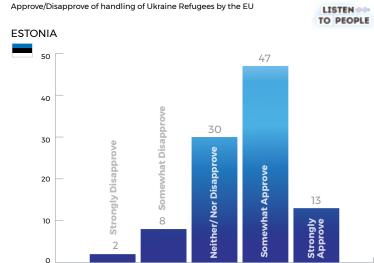


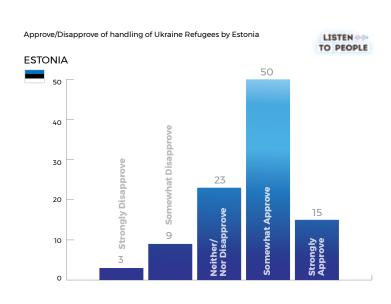


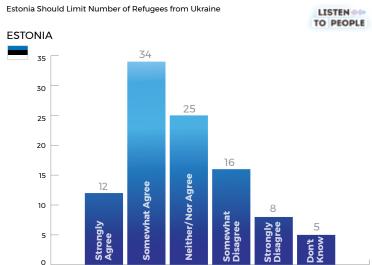






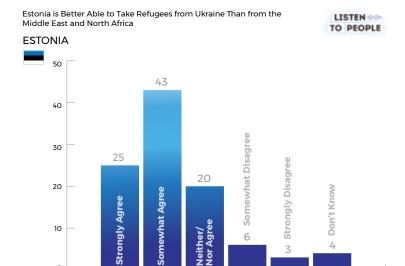


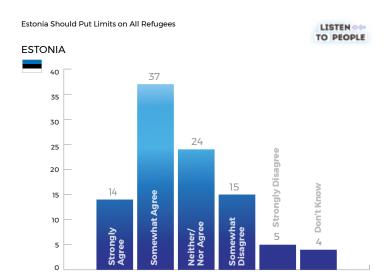


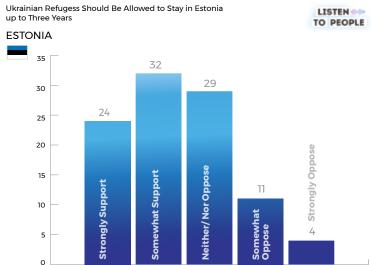


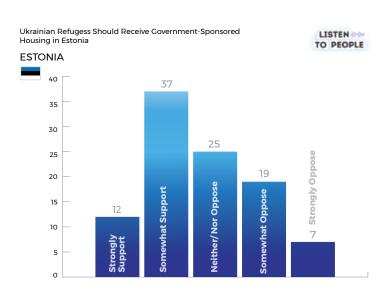
Estonia's Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable LISTEN ... TO PEOPLE **ESTONIA** 40 33 35 30 27 Strongly Disagree 25 Strongly Agree 19 20 mewhat Disagree Veither/Nor Agree 15 Somewhat Agree 9 10 5

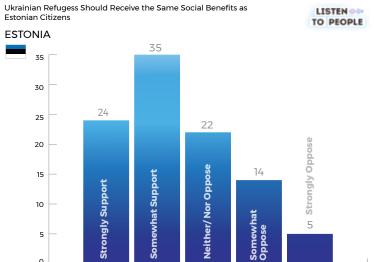
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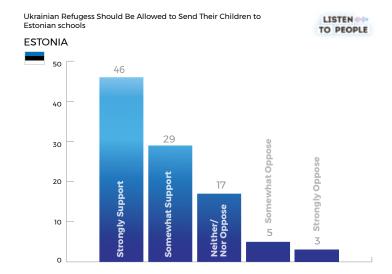


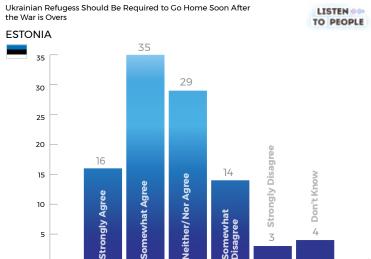


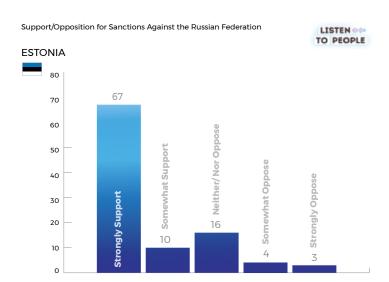


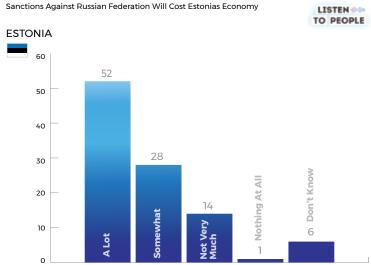


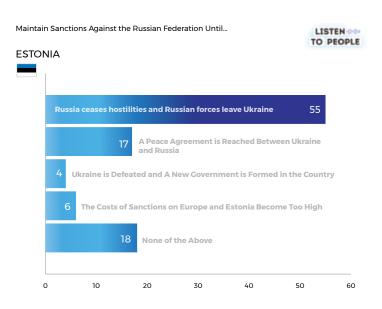


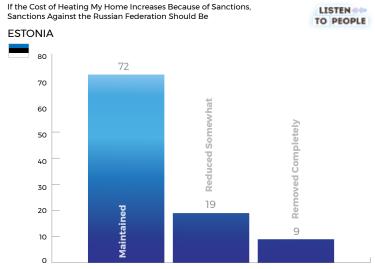










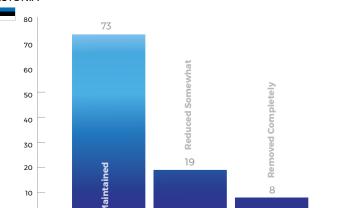


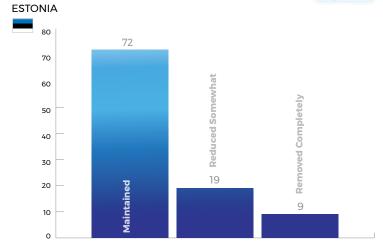
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be

LISTEN TO PEOPLE If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

LISTEN 00 TO PEOPLE





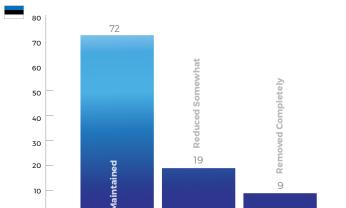


If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

LISTEN TO PEOPLE LISTEN OF



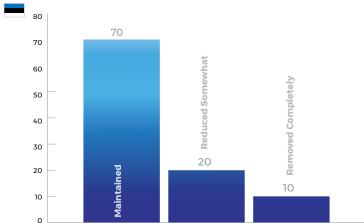
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If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Estonia, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be



#### **ESTONIA**



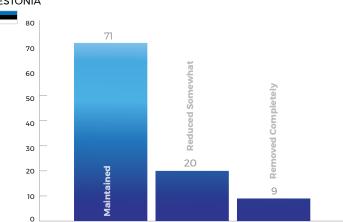
If the Rising Cost of Energy Hurts the Economy of Estonia, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

LISTEN ... TO PEOPLE EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Estonia Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

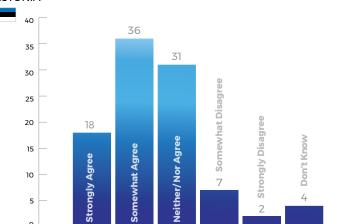
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#### **ESTONIA**

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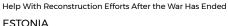


**ESTONIA** 



EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Estonian Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

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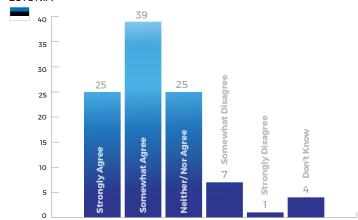


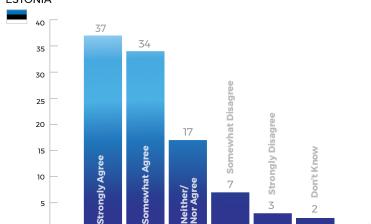
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EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to

LISTEN 00 TO PEOPLE

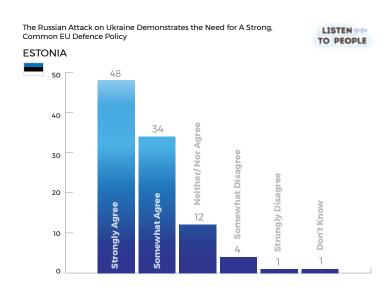


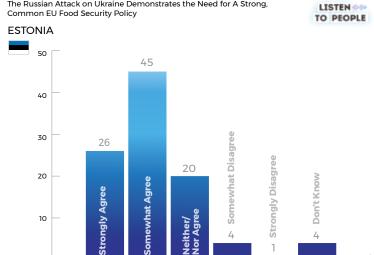




The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, LISTEN Common EU Migration Policy TO PEOPLE **ESTONIA** 50 41 Somewhat Disagree 30 26 Strongly Disagree 22 20 ewhat Agree Agree Vor Agree 10 Strongly 5

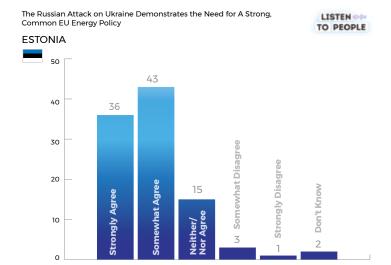
Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is.... LISTEN OF TO PEOPLE **ESTONIA** Not a Security Risk to Estonia & the EU. A Security Risk to Estonia & EU. We Cannot Avoid. We need the Energy A Security Risk to Estonia & EU. 27 We Must switch to Clean Energy Faster A Security Risk to Estonia & EU. We Must Invest in Nuclear Power and Switch to Clean Energy Faster 43 None of the Above. 0 10 20 30 40 50

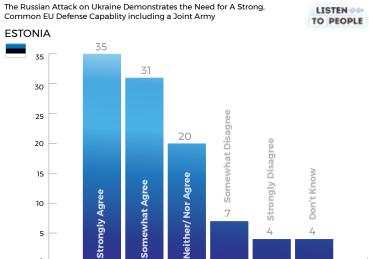


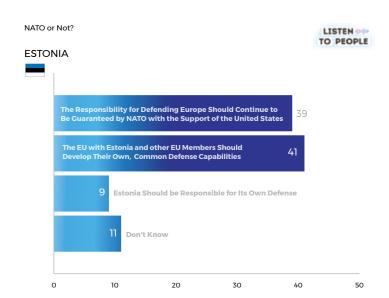


The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong

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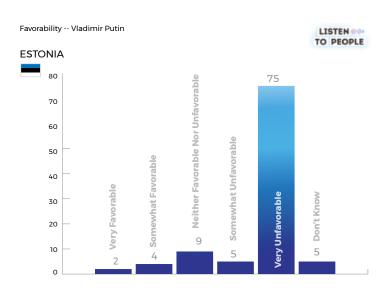


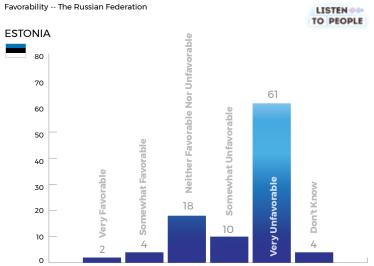


All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Estonia is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO? **ESTONIA** 59 50 40 Somewhat Oppose 30 Strongly Oppose Don't Know 20 Strongly Support 20 11 Support 10 6

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means

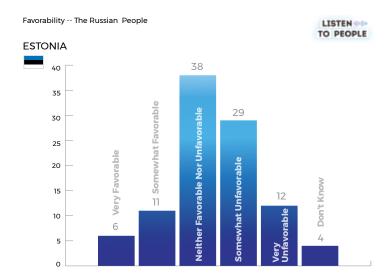
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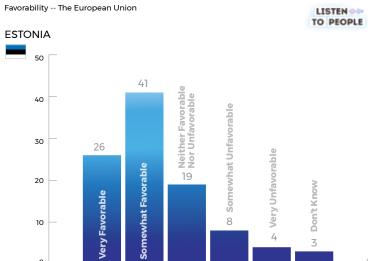


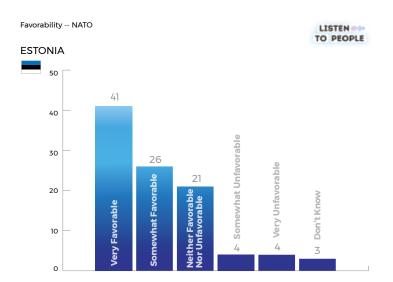


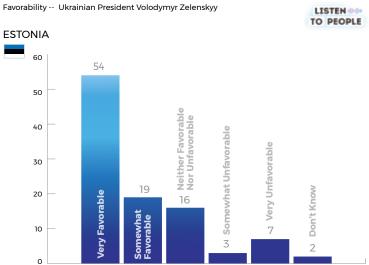
LISTEN OF

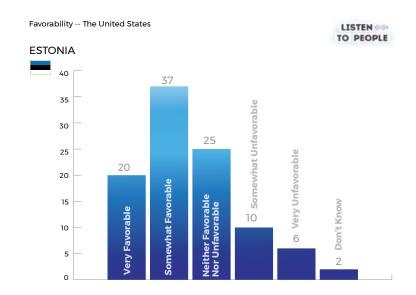
TO PEOPLE













## SUMMARY

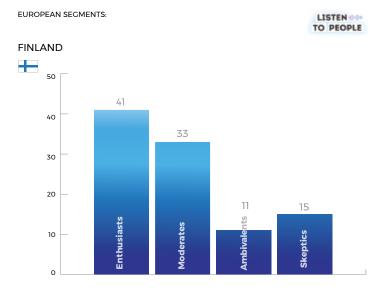


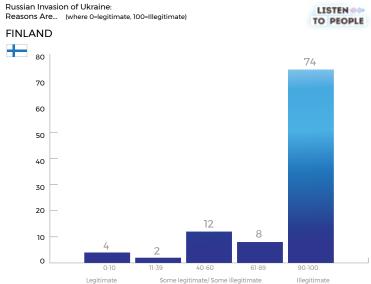
A plurality of Finns (43%) say their country is on the right track. Finland (and Estonia) are the only countries surveyed where the percentage of citizens who think their country is on the right track, exceeds those who believe the country is heading in the wrong direction. Trust for the media is also much higher in Finland than other countries surveyed.

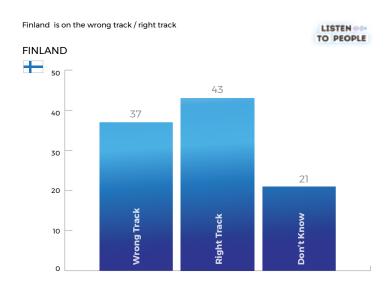
FinnsFinns' disapproval of Vladimir Putin is the highest of any country surveyed. They are more likely to blame Putin for the war in Ukraine, agree the war is not legitimate, support sanctions against Russia, support maintaining sanctions even if sanctions cause economic hardships and agree that Russian disinformation must be stopped, than citizens in the other countries surveyed. (Note: Estonian and Finnish attitudes are comparable on most questions.)

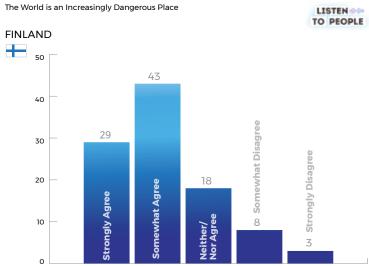
#### Other country highlights include:

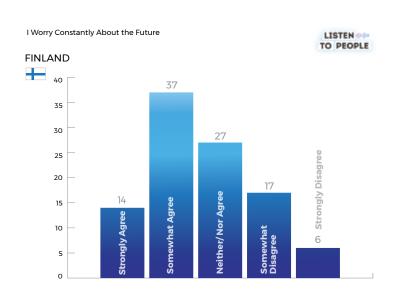
- 92% of Finns have an unfavorable opinion of Vladimir Putin (84% very unfavorable) the highest unfavorable of any country surveyed
- · 86% think Russia's reasons for waging war against Ukraine are not legitimate the highest percentage of any country surveyed
- · 86% support (76% strongly) sanctions against Russia the highest strongly support and combined (strongly and somewhat) support of any country surveyed.
- · 84% agree (59% strongly) that Russian disinformation must be stopped -- the highest total agreement of any country surveyed.
- · 76% agree (40% strongly) that Russia's attack on Ukraine demonstrates the necessity of a strong, common European Union defense policy. By comparison, 82% of Romanians (55% strongly), 76% of Poles (50% strongly), and 82% of Estonians (48% strongly) agree with this statement.
- 75% support maintaining sanctions even if rising costs resulting from sanctions hurt the Finnish economy the highest total agreement of any country surveyed.
- 70% blame Vladimir Putin for the war in Ukraine the highest percentage of any country surveyed.
- · 65% are satisfied (10% very, 55% somewhat) with the way democracy works in Finland the highest satisfaction with democracy percentage among all countries surveyed.
- 77% agree (40% strongly) that Russian aggression is a threat to Finnish democracy the highest total agreement of any country surveyed.
- · 46% trust the media the highest trust in media recorded among all countries surveyed.
- 19% say their satisfaction with democracy in Finland has increased since Russia's invasion of Ukraine the second highest percentage of any country surveyed (tied with Germany), but only 3 percentage points higher than those who admit their satisfaction with democracy has decreased.

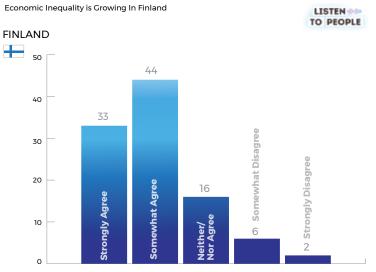


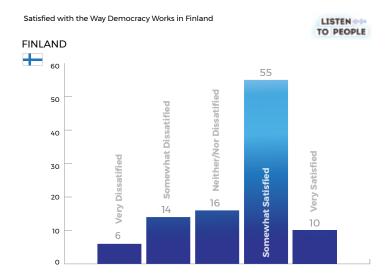


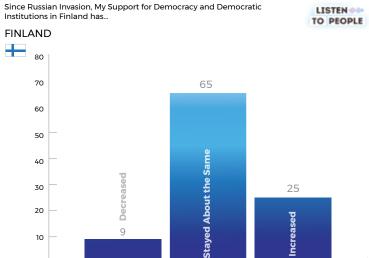


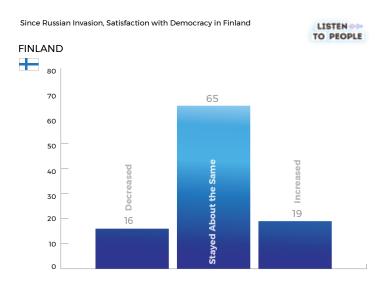


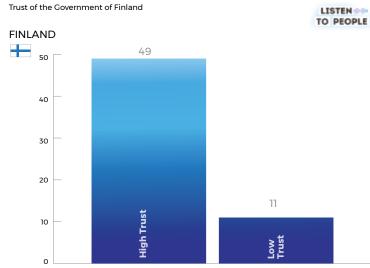


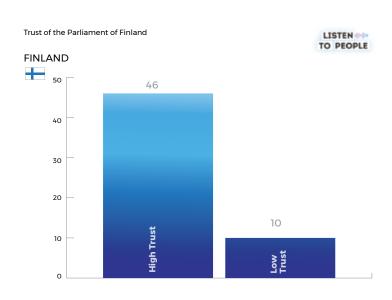


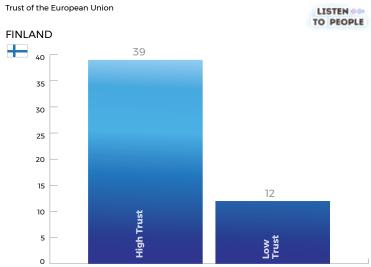


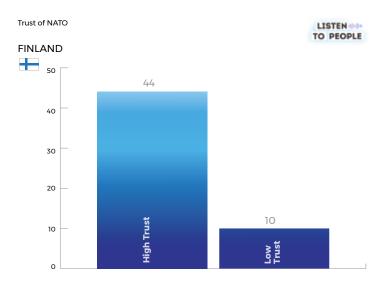


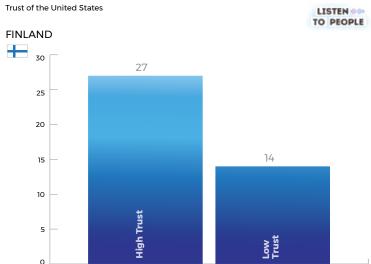


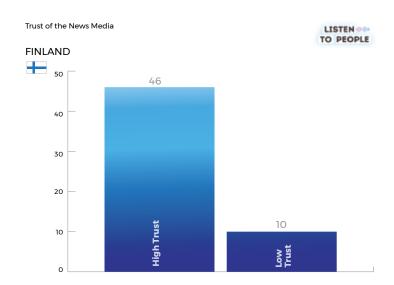


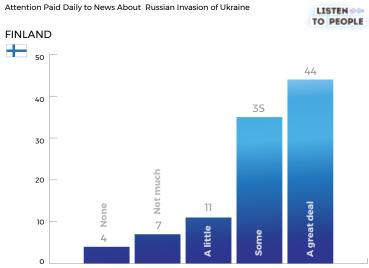


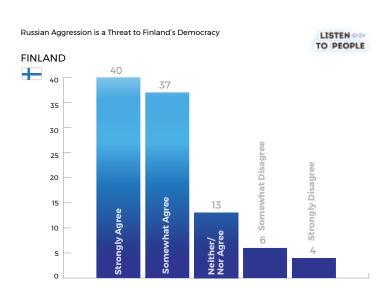


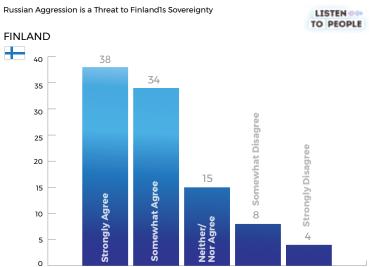


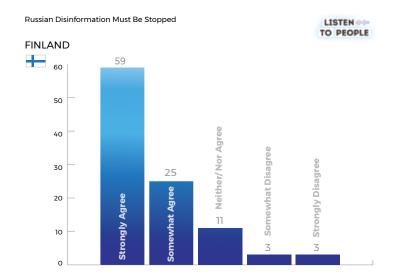


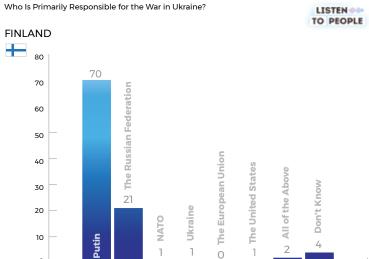


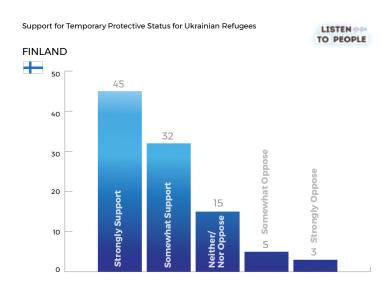


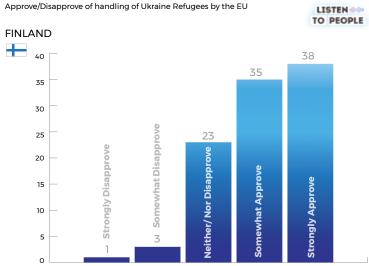


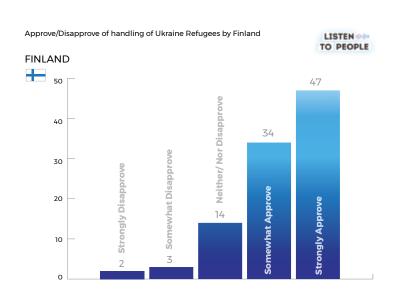


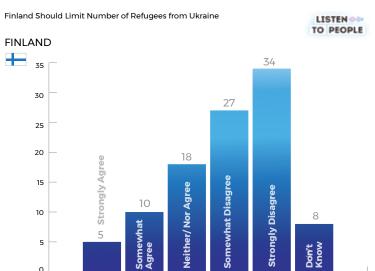


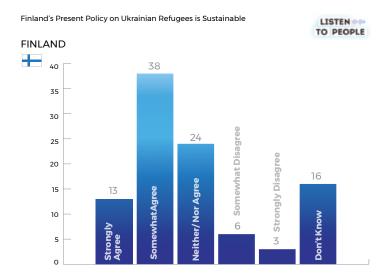


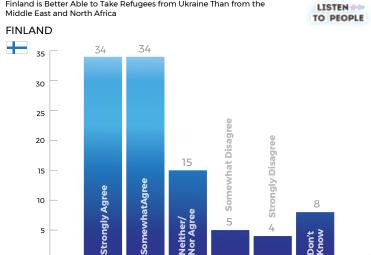




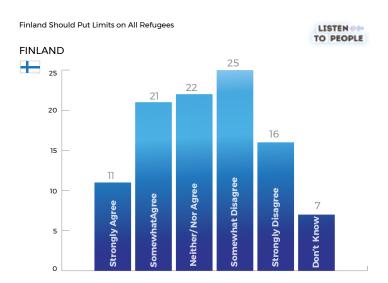


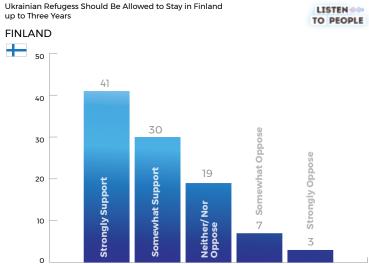


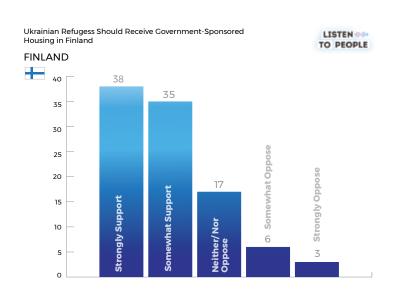


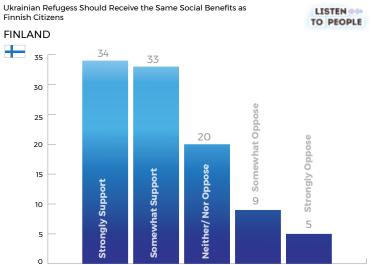


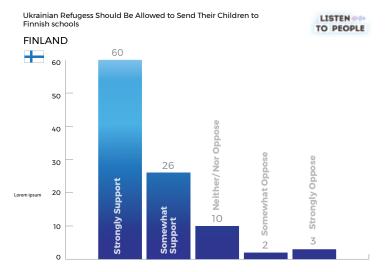
Finland is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the

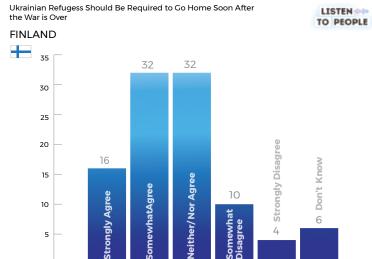


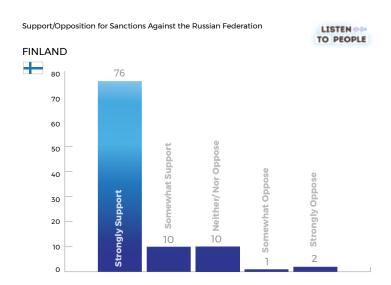


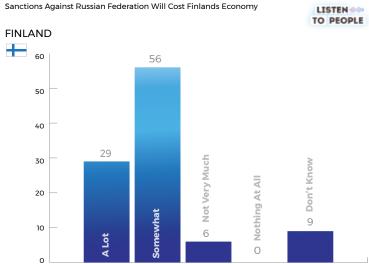


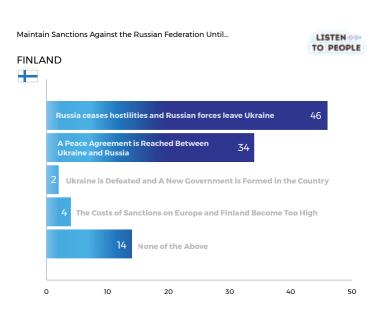


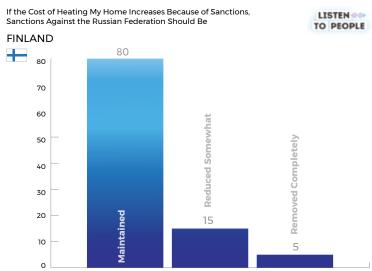






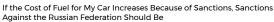


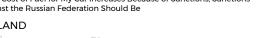




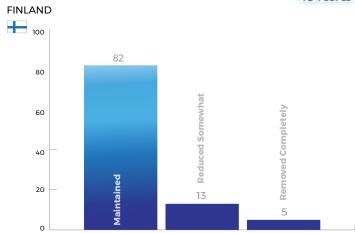
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be

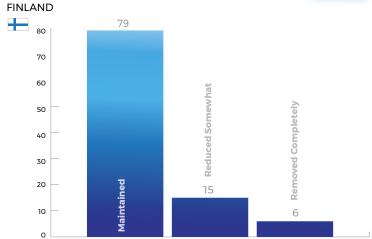
LISTEN OF TO PEOPLE







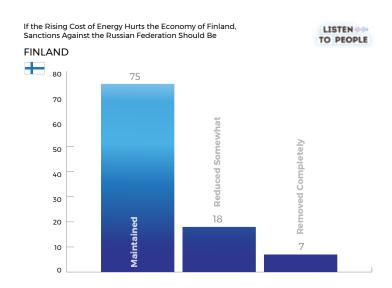


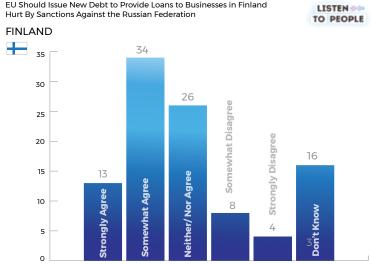


If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, LISTEN Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be TO PEOPLE **FINLAND** 79 80 70 60 **Reduced Somewhat** Removed Completely 50 30 20 15 6 10

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Finland, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be LISTEN OF TO PEOPLE **FINLAND** 80 75 70 60 Removed Completely 50 40 30 19 20 10 6

0





EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Finland

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EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Finnish Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

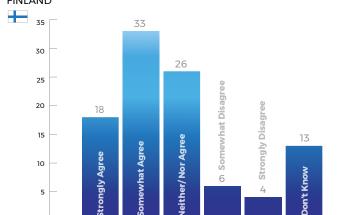
TO PEOPLE

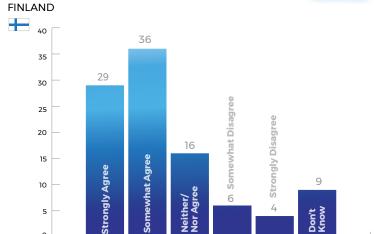
Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to

TO PEOPLE

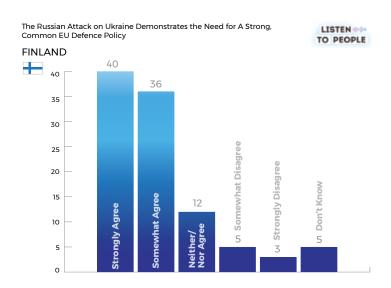


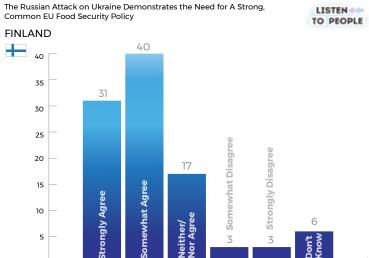


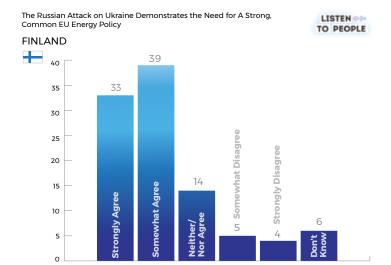


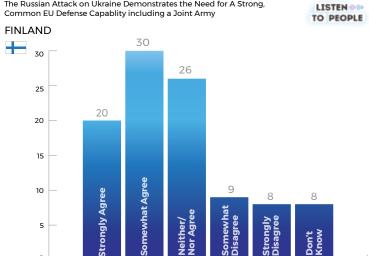
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, LISTEN Common EU Migration Policy TO PEOPLE **FINLAND** 40 40 35 30 26 25 Somewhat Disagree Strongly Disagree 20 18 ewhat Agree 10 ongly / 5 5 0

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Cas and Oil Reserves Is.... LISTEN OF TO PEOPLE **FINLAND** Not a Security Risk to Finland & the EU. A Security Risk to Finland & EU We Cannot Avoid. We need the Energy 16 A Security Risk to Finland & EU. We Must switch to Clean Energy Faster 30 A Security Risk to Finland & EU. We Must Invest in Nuclear Power and Switch to Clean Energy Faster None of the Above 0 10 20 30 40 50

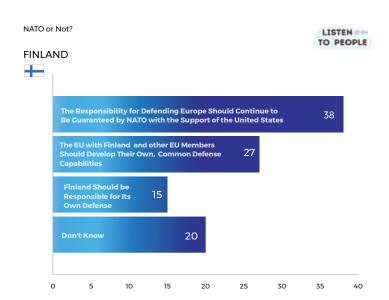


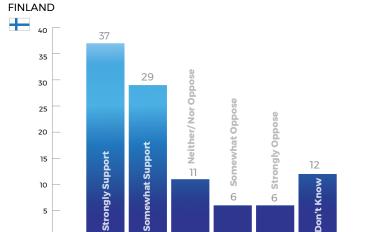






The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong,

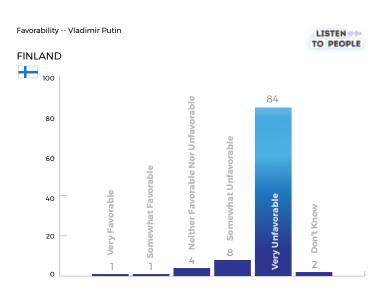


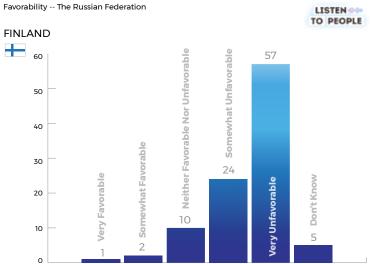


Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means

All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Finland is not a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

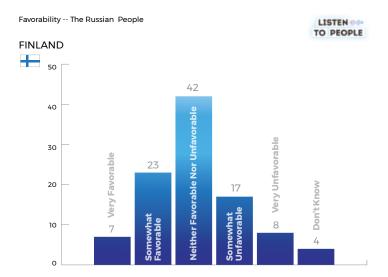
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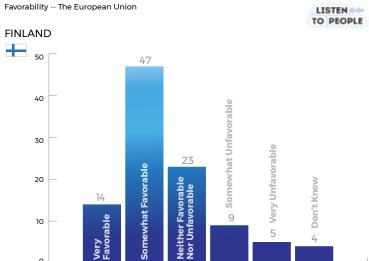


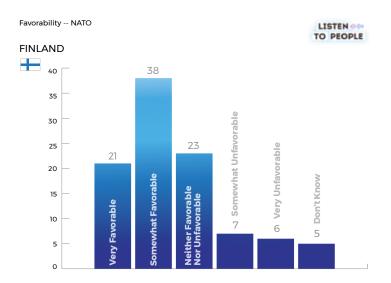


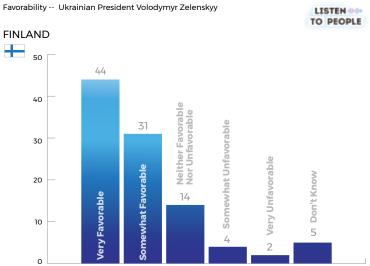
LISTEN OF

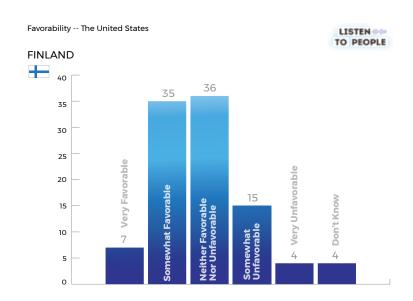
TO PEOPLE













## SUMMARY



Two thirds of citizens in France (65%) say their country is on the wrong track - the second highest wrong track percentage recorded. Almost 9 out of 10 (86%) agree economic inequality is growing in France - the highest percent of agreement recorded among the nine countries surveyed. And more than 4 in 10 (44%) strongly agree economic inequality is on the rise. Eighty-one percent agree (37% strongly agree) that the world is increasingly dangerous place - the highest recorded percentage on this question though statistically the same as attitudes in Poland where 80% agree about the growing global dangers.

While 47% remain consistent supporters of democracy, French citizens say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (37%), as opposed to increased (9%) since the Russian attack on Ukraine. And only 22% strongly agree (total agree 58%) that Russian aggression is a threat to French democracy.

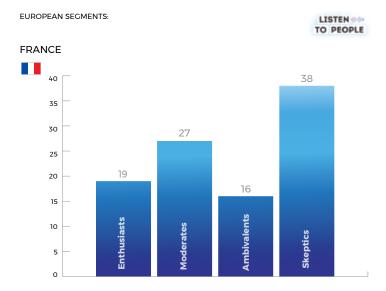
Almost 7 in 10 French citizens (69%) say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, and 61% blame Putin directly for the war.

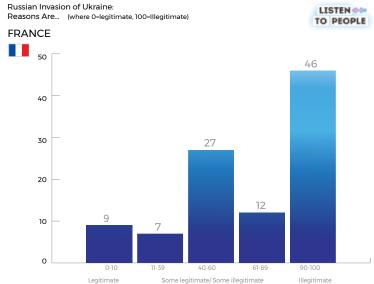
Just 10% of French have a very favorable opinion of the European Union. Total favorability of the European Union in France is under fifty percent (45%) - similar to the European Union's total favorability in Greece (35%), Hungary (42%) and Italy 43%.

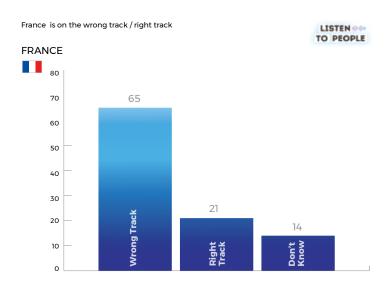
Strong support for NATO in France (11%) and NATO's favorability (4% very favorable) are the lowest recorded among all countries surveyed.

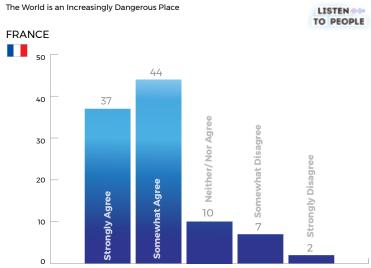
#### Other country highlights include:

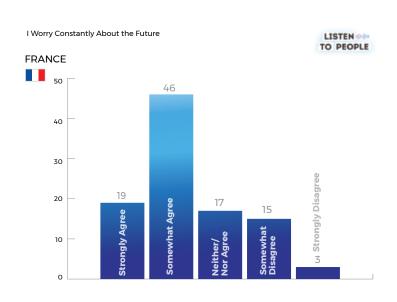
- · 69% say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, 31% say there was some legitimacy to Russia's attack.
- · 68% agree (34% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped. More than in Greece, Hungary and Italy, but less than in every other country surveyed.
- · Just 57% of French agree that "within the European Union we need to do everything we can to help countries in need" statistically tied with Germany (58%) for the lowest support for solidarity among European Union nations.
  - · Only 51% support (18% strongly) Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian refugees the lowest support for TPS among all countries surveyed.
- Strong support for sanctions (39%) in France is greater than only Hungary (21%) and Greece (31%). Total support (67%) for sanctions is similar to attitudes found in Italy (65% support for sanctions).
- Nearly half (47%) support reducing or removing sanctions against Russia entirely if sanctions hurt the French economy.
- Only 13% strongly support (44% total support) allowing Ukrainian refugees to stay in France for up to three years statistically equivalent to attitudes in Hungary and Italy.
- Only 10% strongly support (35% total support) Ukrainian refugees receiving the same social benefits as French citizens the lowest support on this question recorded among all countries (36% total support in Hungary).

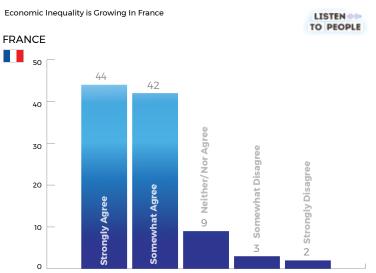


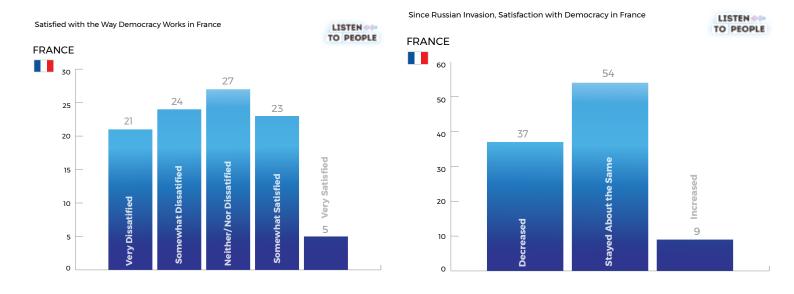


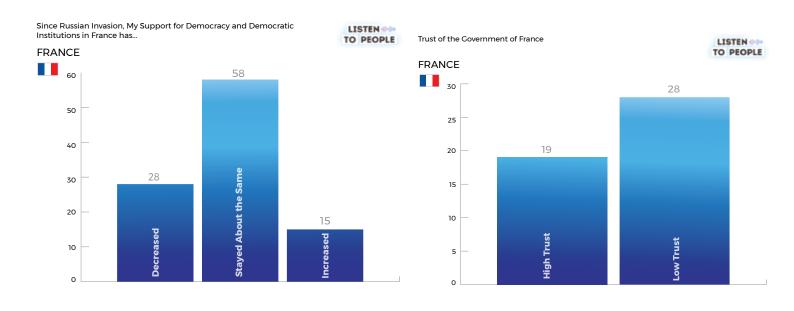


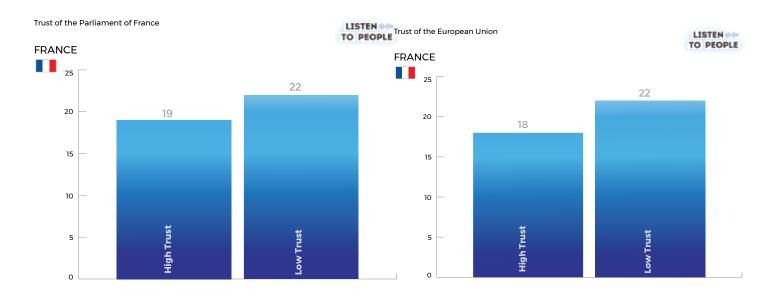


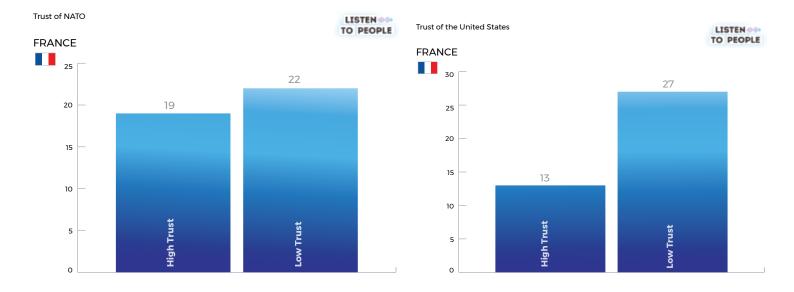


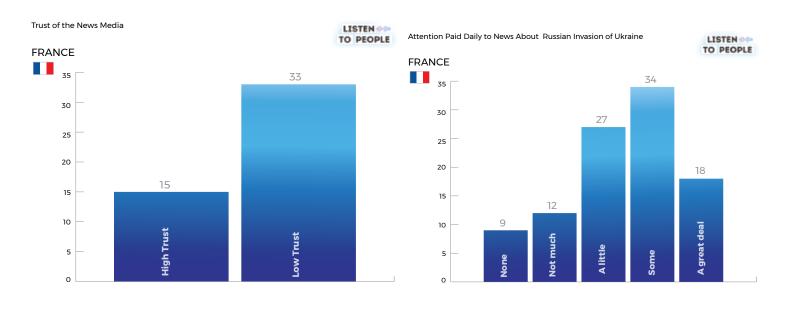


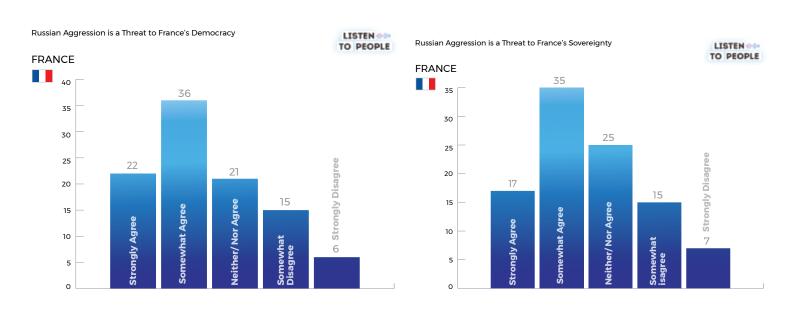


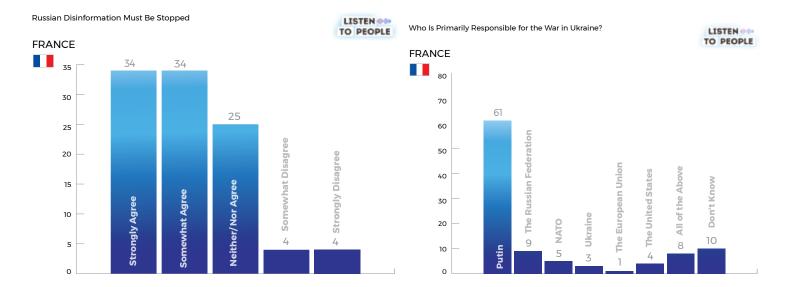


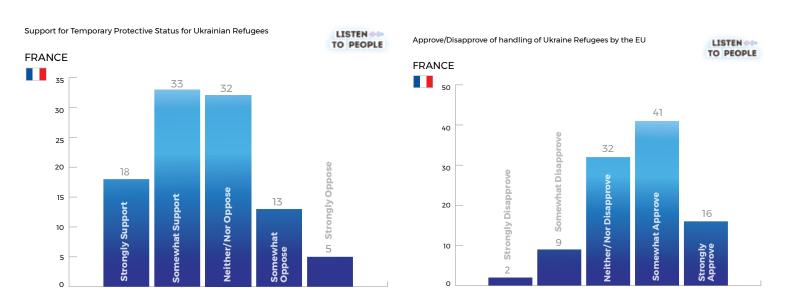


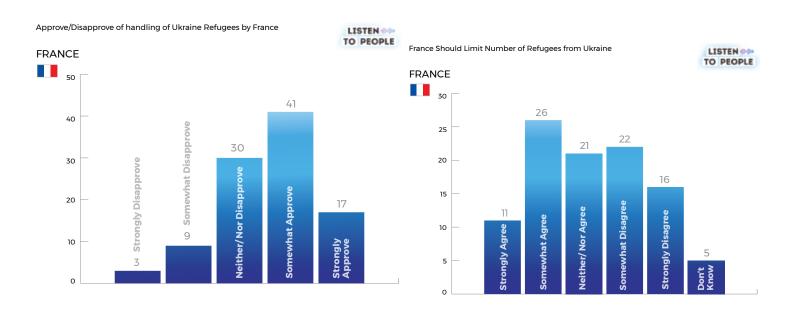


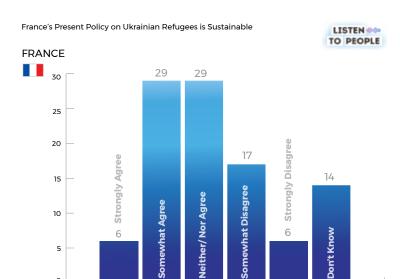




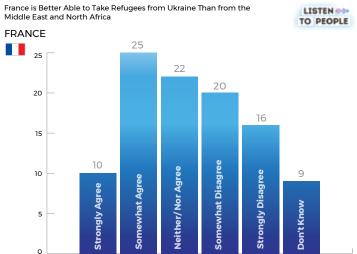


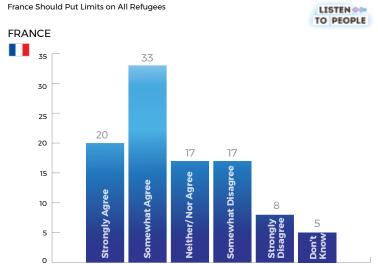


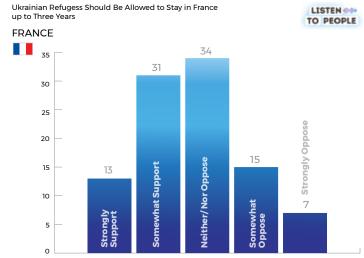


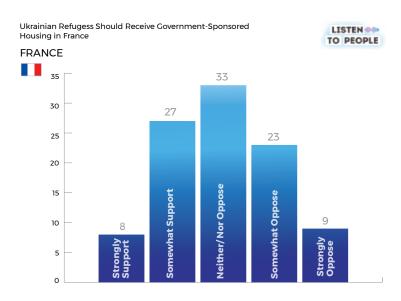


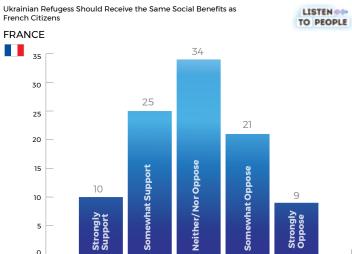
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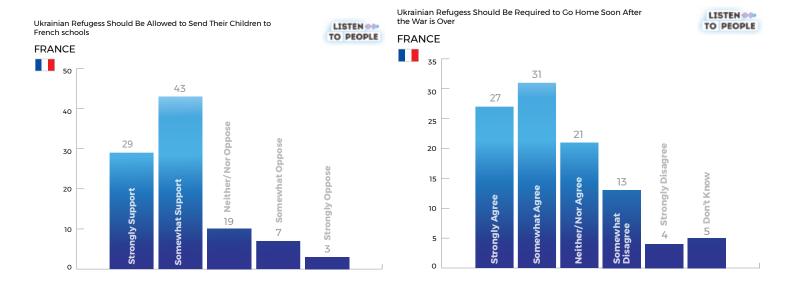


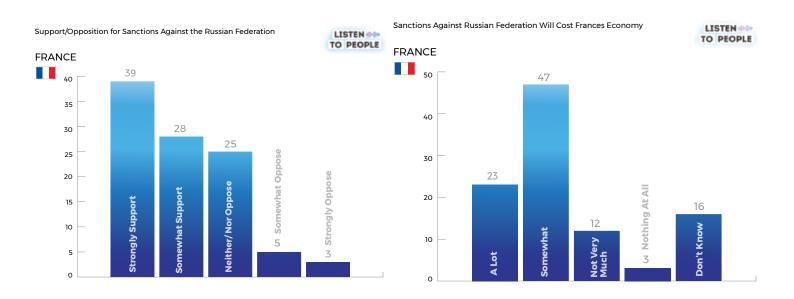


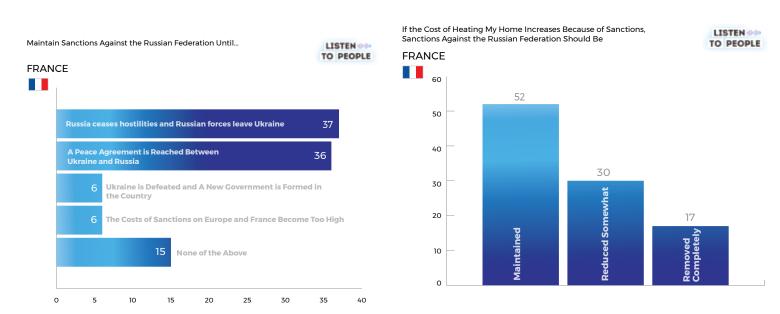




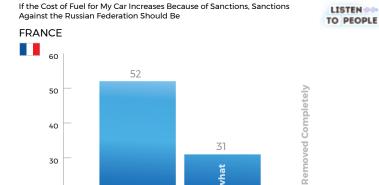




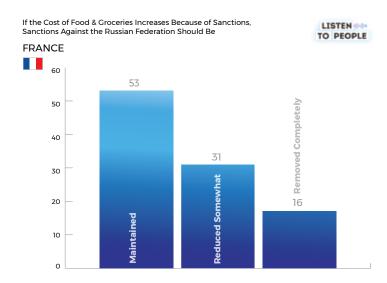


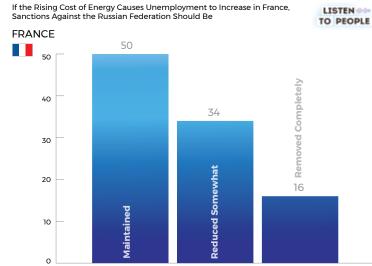


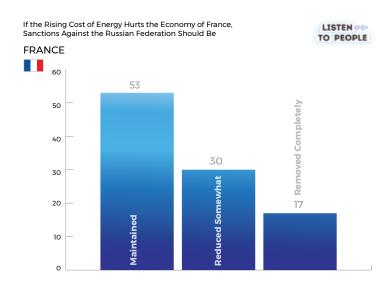
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be LISTEN OF TO PEOPLE **FRANCE** Removed Completely 

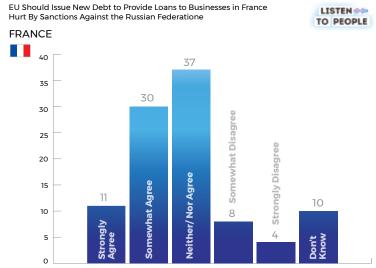


Reduced Somewhat





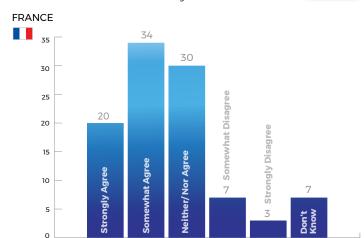


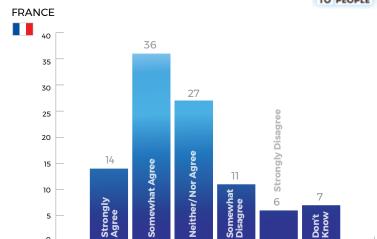


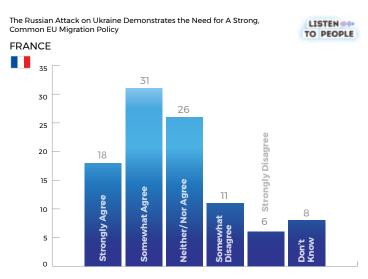
EU Should Issue New Debt to ProvideBenefits to French Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

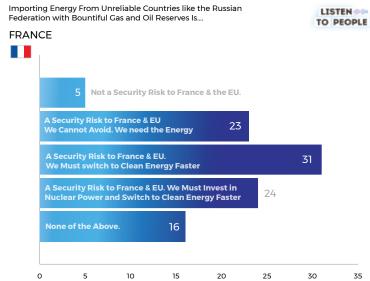
TO PEOPLE

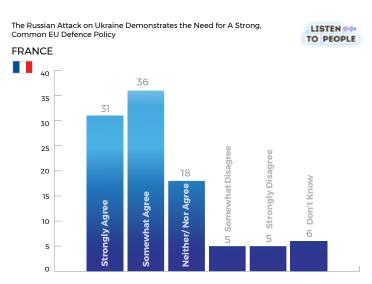
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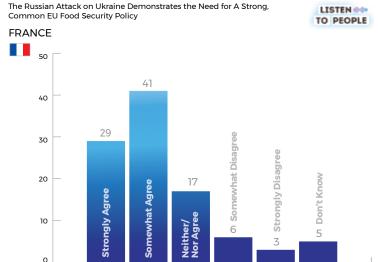


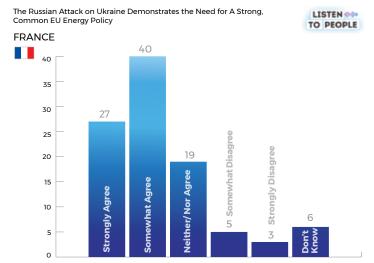


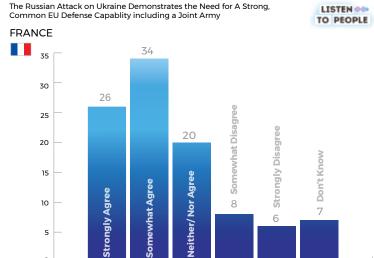


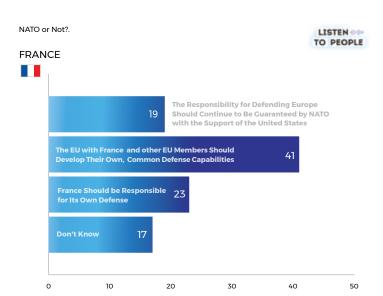


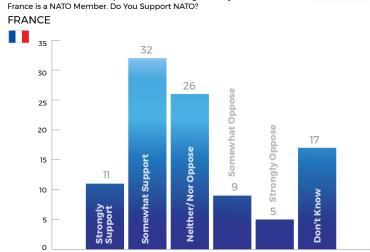






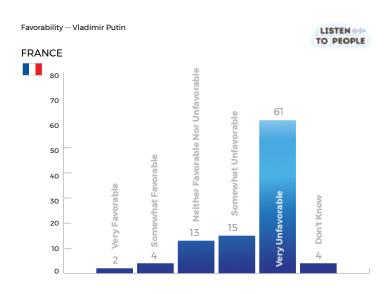


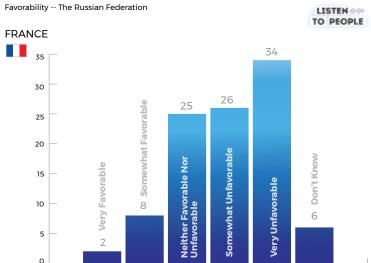




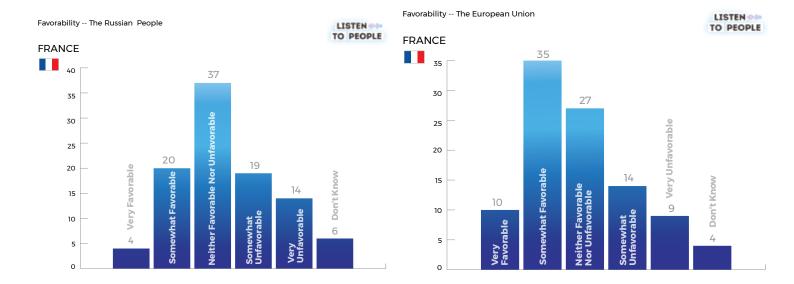
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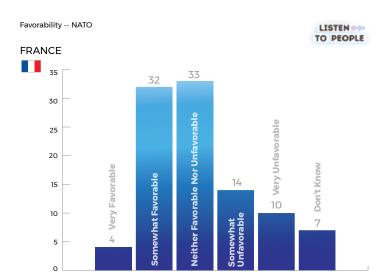
any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member.

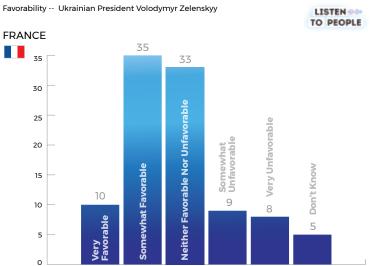


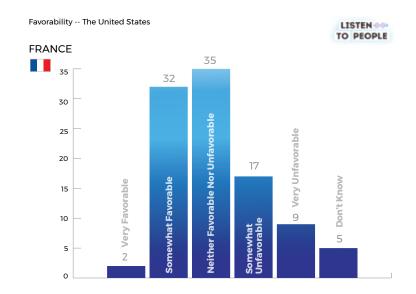


LISTEN 00









# GERMANY

SURVEY RESULTS



## SUMMARY



Among Germans, 53% percent say their country is on the wrong track. Just 38% percent are today consistent supporters of democracy - a drop of 18% percentage points since 2019.

While 66% say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, one third disagree and think Russia had legitimate reasons for going to war with Ukraine.

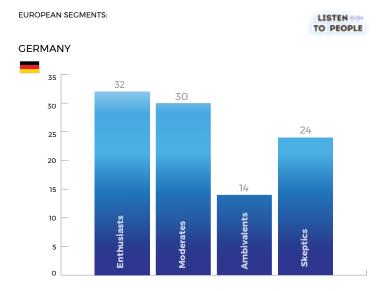
By a 2 to 1 margin, Germans say their satisfaction with democracy since the Russian invasion of Ukraine hasUkraine has decreased (38%) - only 19% say their satisfaction has increased.

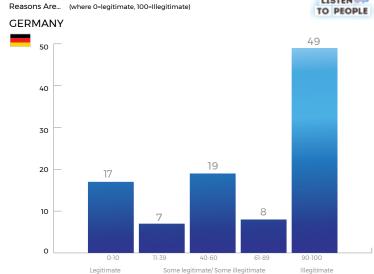
Forty-eight percent of Germans see Russian aggression as a threat to Germany's democracy, but only 11% view it as a threat to Germany's sovereignty. More than 6 in 10 Germans (63%) blame Putin for the war in Ukraine - the second highest score behind Finland where 70% says Putin is to blame.

Only 55% support (27% strongly) Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian refugees – tied with Hungary and the second lowest support for TPS among all countries surveyed behind France (51%). And 19% strongly support (45% support) Ukrainian refugees receiving the same social benefits as Germans.

#### Other country highlights include:

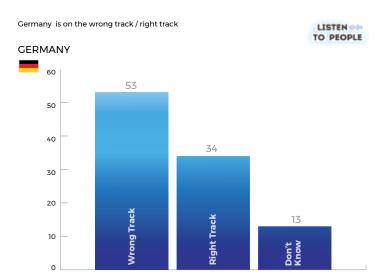
- · 75% support (59% strongly support) sanctions against Russia.
- · 73% agree (49% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped.
- 73% agree (44% strongly agree) that the Russian attack on Ukraine demonstrates the need for a strong, common EU defense policy. \
- · 62% say sanctions against Russia should be maintained even if they harm Germany's economy.
- · Just 58% of Germans agree that "within the European Union we need to do everything we can to help countries in need" statistically tied with France (57%) for the lowest support for solidarity among European Union nations.

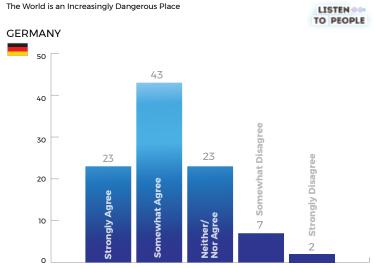


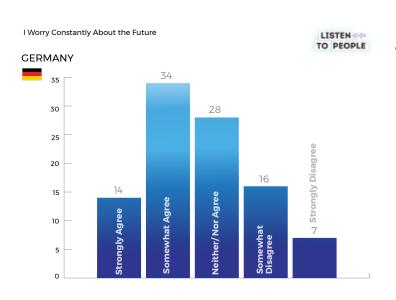


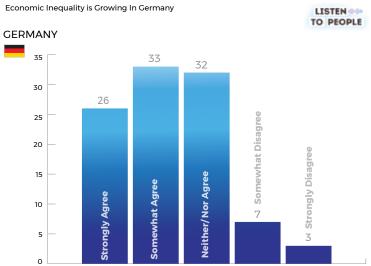
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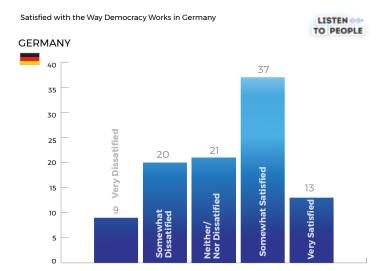
Russian Invasion of Ukraine:

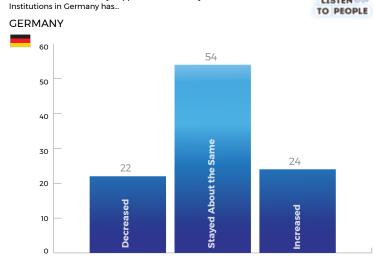






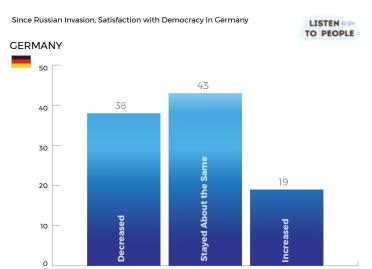


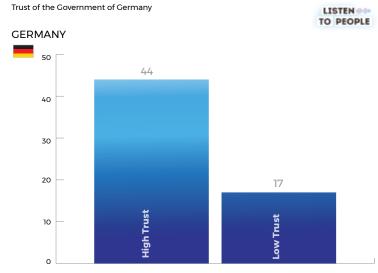


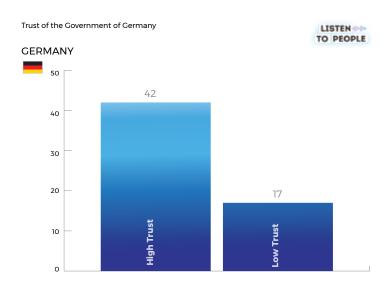


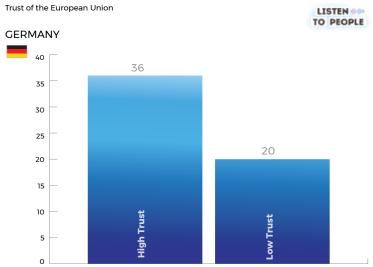
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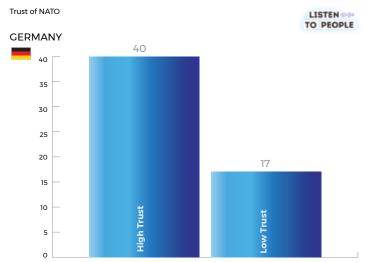
Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic

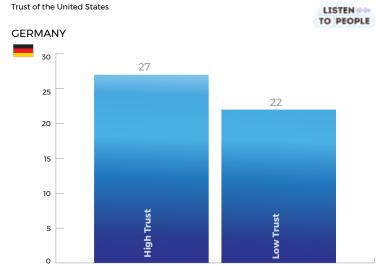


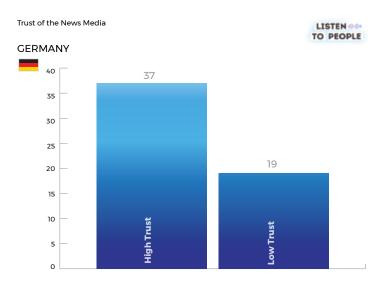


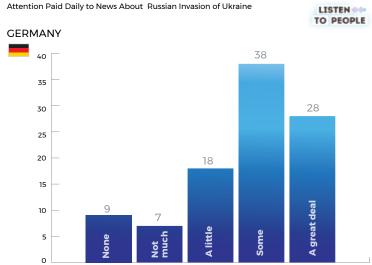


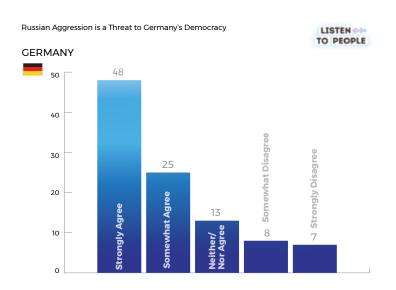


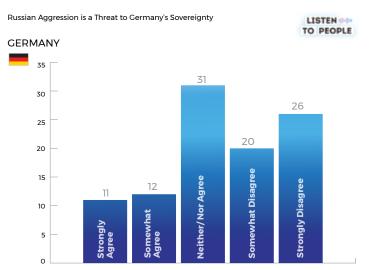


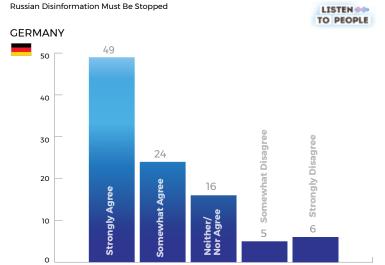


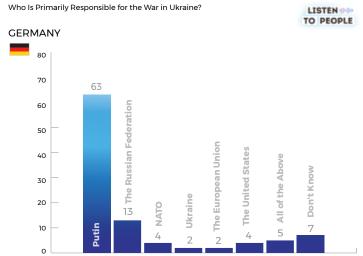


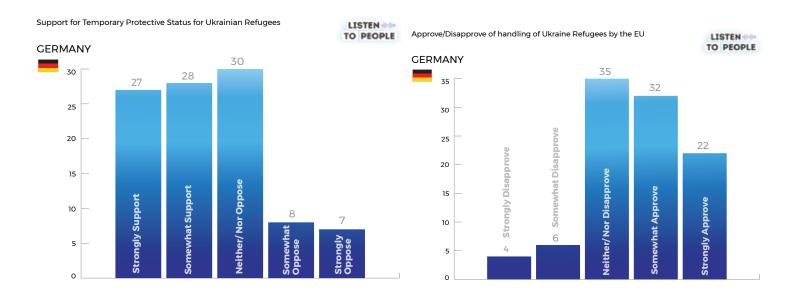


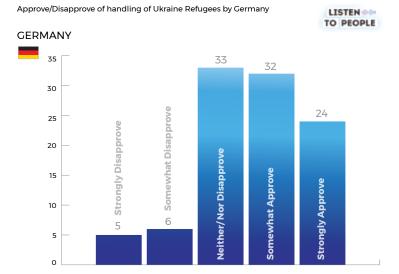


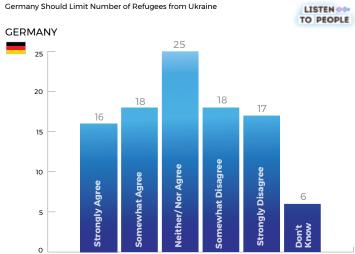








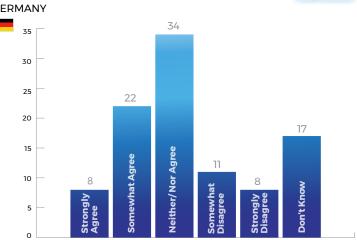




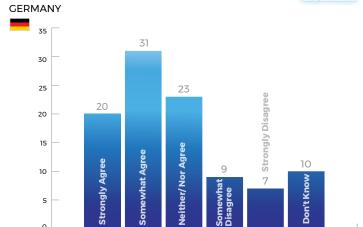


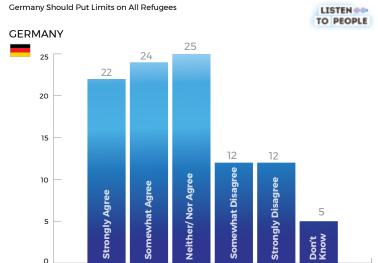


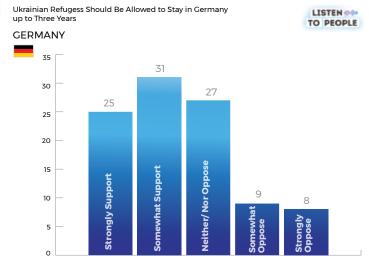


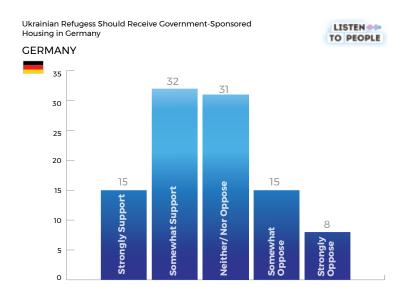


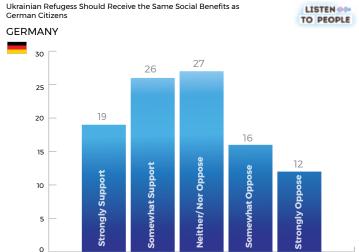
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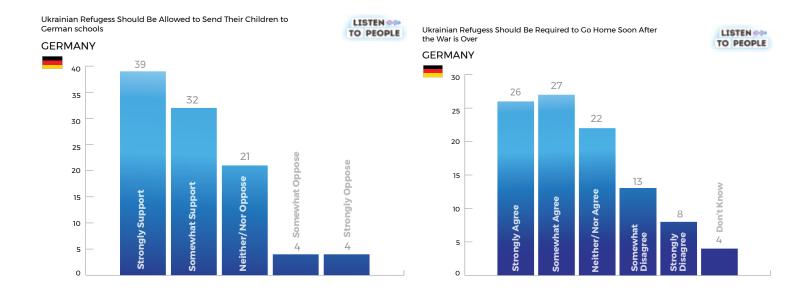


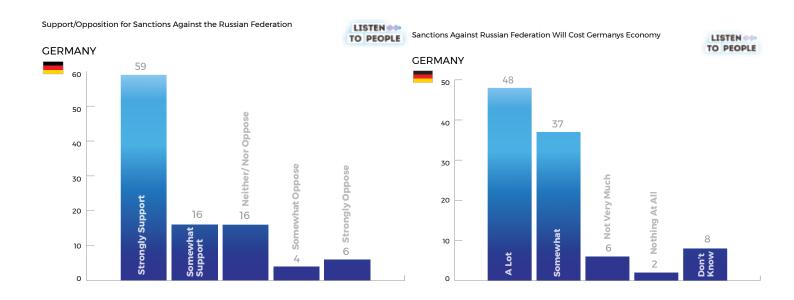


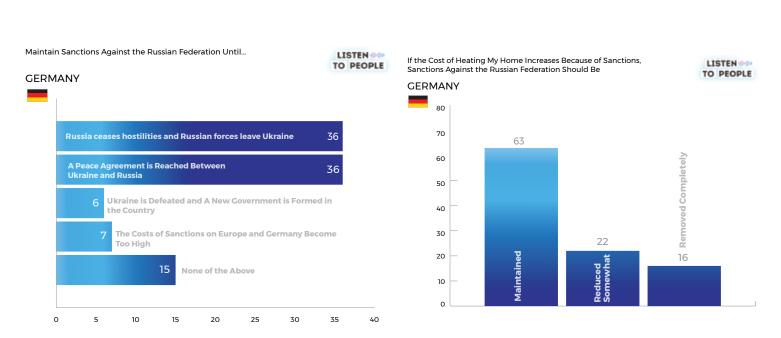












If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, LISTEN 00 Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be TO PEOPLE **GERMANY** 65 70 Reduced Somewhat Removed Completely 60 50 30 20 20 Maintained 16

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If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions LISTEN O Against the Russian Federation Should Be TO PEOPLE **GERMANY** 70 64 Reduced Somewhat Removed Completely 60 50 40

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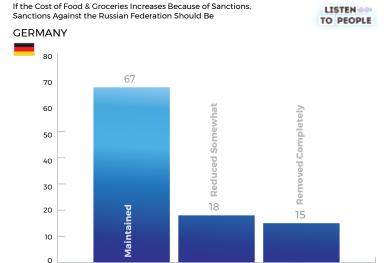
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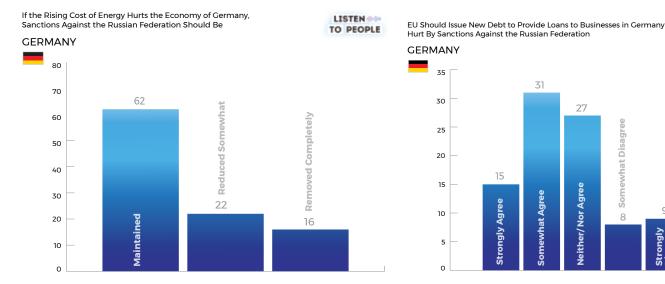
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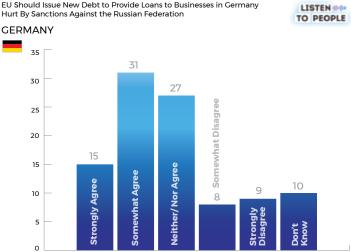
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If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Germany, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be LISTEN TO PEOPLE **GERMANY** 58 60 Reduced Somewhat 50 Removed Completely 40 25 17 20 10

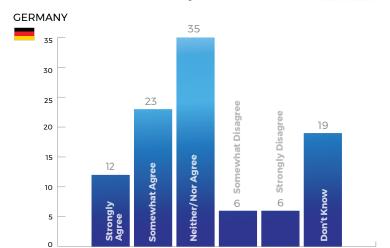


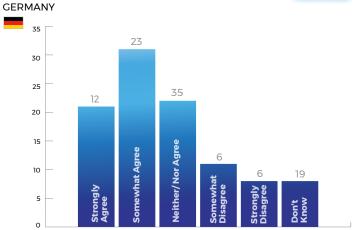


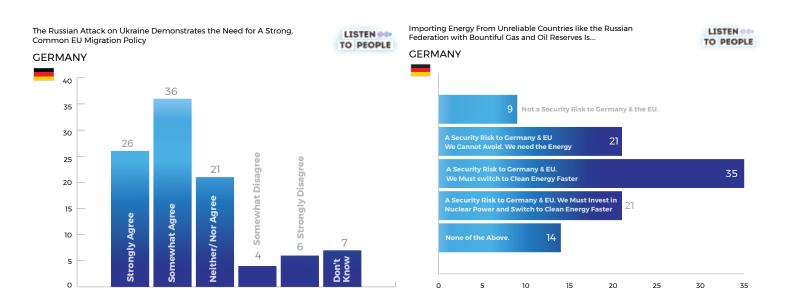
EU Should Issue New Debt to ProvideBenefits to German Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

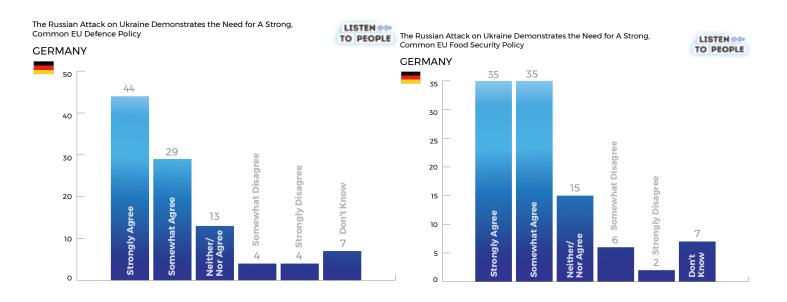
TO PEOPLE

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended



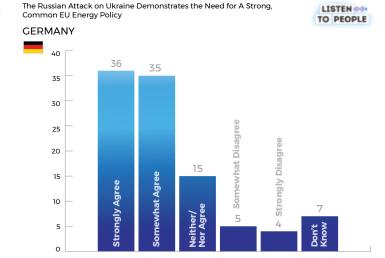


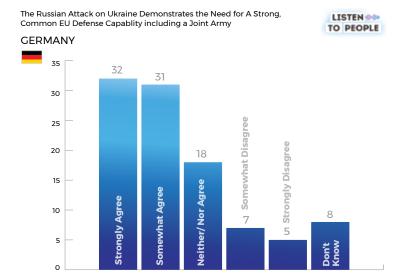


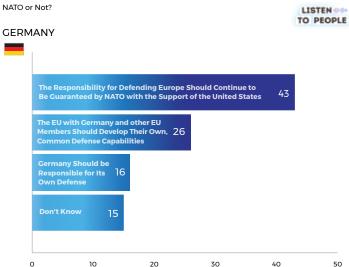


The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, LISTEN 00 Common EU Energy Policy TO PEOPLE **GERMANY** 40 36 35 35 30 **Somewhat Disagree** 25 Strongly Disagree 20 15 15 Somewhat Agree Strongly Agree 10 5 4 5

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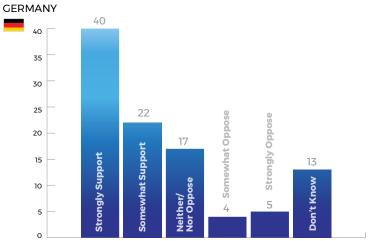


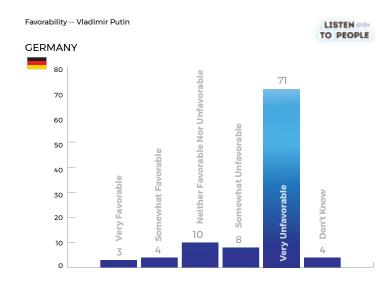


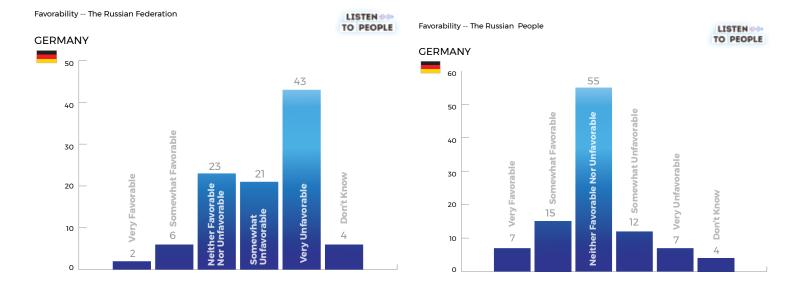


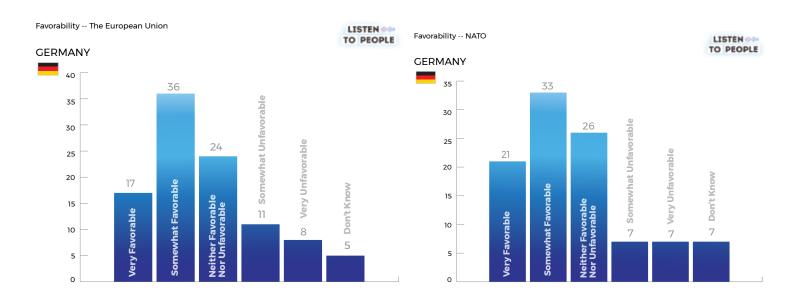
Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Germany is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

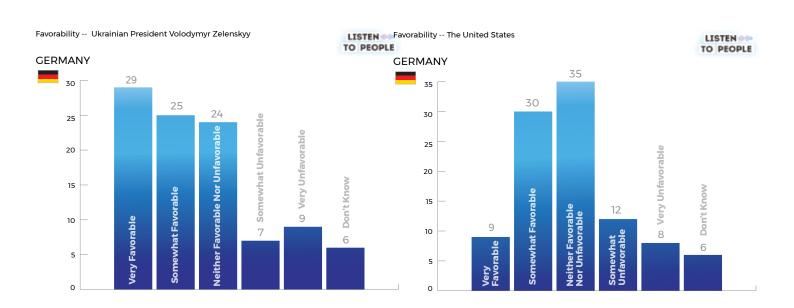
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## SUMMARY



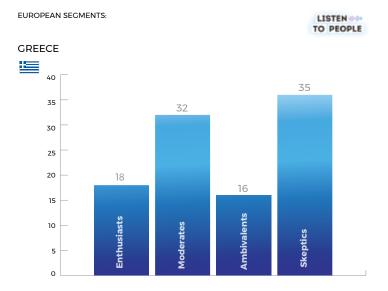
More than 40% of Greeks (44%) think Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are legitimate – the second highest score of all countries surveyed. Only 27% of Greeks blame Putin for the war in Ukraine – the lowest percentage of the nine countries surveyed. And like Hungarians, 21% of Greeks blame the United States for the Ukrainian war. When it comes to ascribing blame for the war in Ukraine, both Greece and Hungary are outliers.

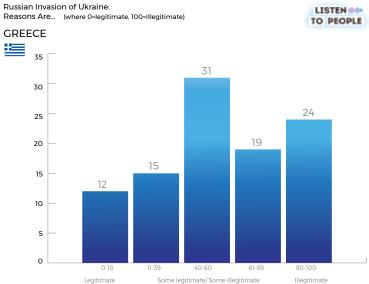
Fifty-two percent of Greeks support sanctions (31% strongly) against Russia - the second lowest percentage (after Hungary) recorded among the nine countries surveyed. And reducing and removing sanctions, if they harm Greek's economy, is favored by 64% of Greeks - the second highest percentage among all survey countries.

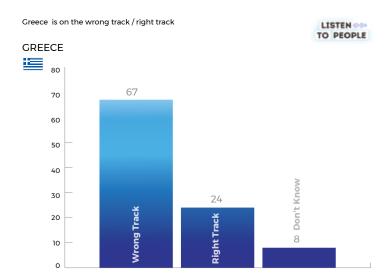
While 45% of Greeks are consistent supporters of democracy and, by a 4-to-1 margin, Greeks say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (40%), as opposed to increased (9%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine. Only 36% view (just 10% strongly) Russian aggression as a threat to Greece's democracy.

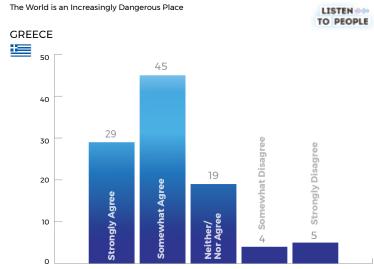
#### Other country highlights include:

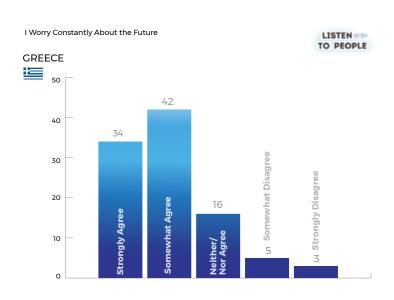
- · 81% agree that "within the European Union we need to do everything we can to help countries in need."
- · 76% agree (34% strongly agree) they worry constantly about the future.
- 44% think Russia's reasons for waging war against Ukraine are legitimate the highest percent age of any country surveyed.
- · Only 34% support (15% strongly) NATO the lowest total support for NATO found among all nine countries surveyed.
- · Only 25% strongly agree that Russian disinformation must stop.
- · 23% oppose (10% strongly) sanctions against Russia the second highest opposition recorded among all countries surveyed.
- · Only 10% strongly agree that Russian aggression is a threat to Greece's democracy.

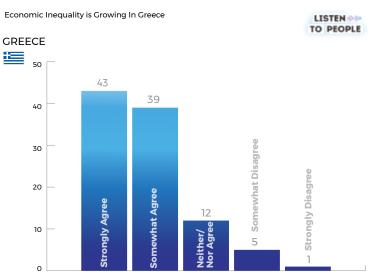


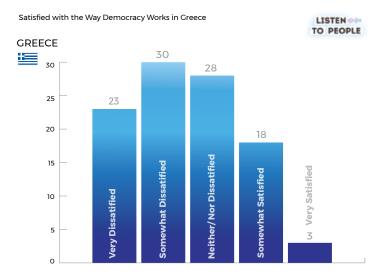


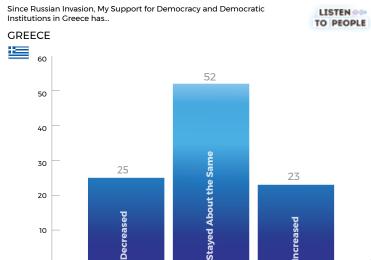


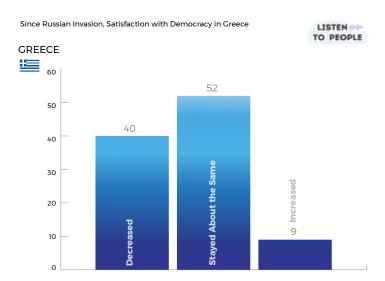


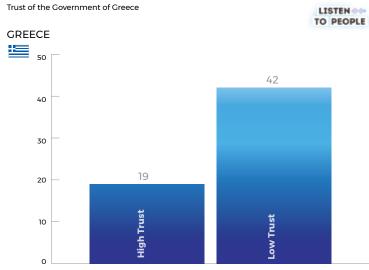


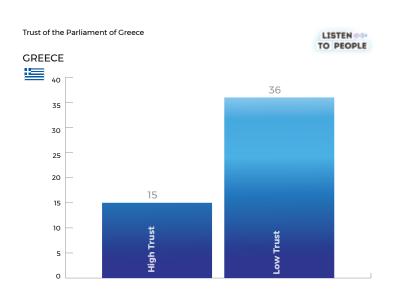


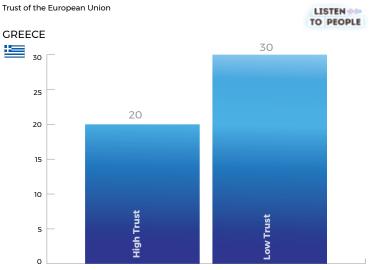


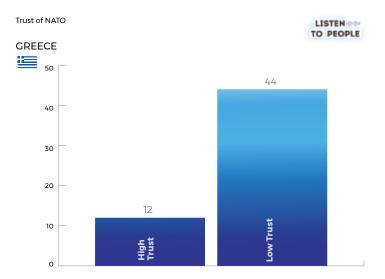


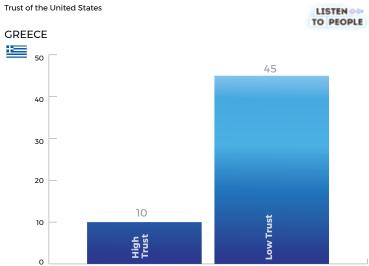


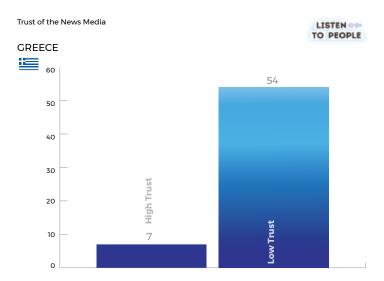


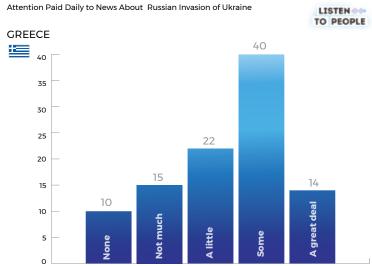


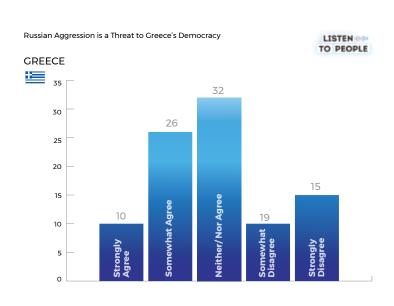


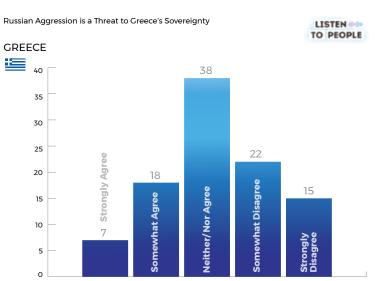


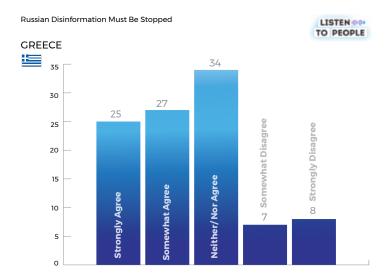


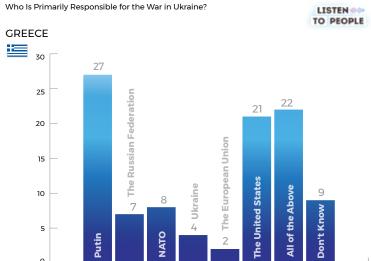


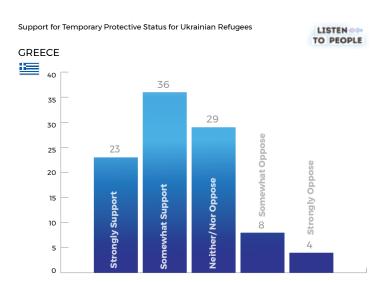


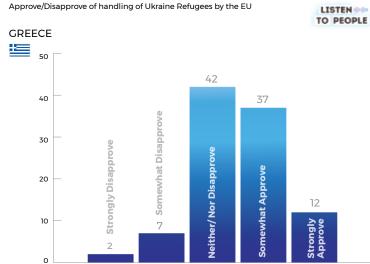


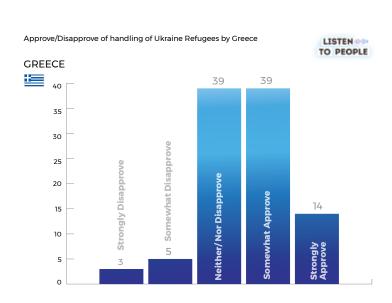


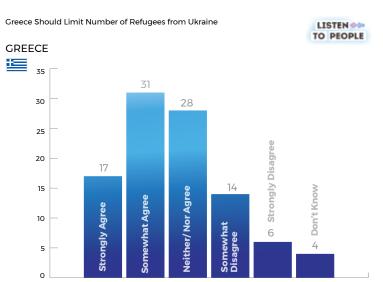


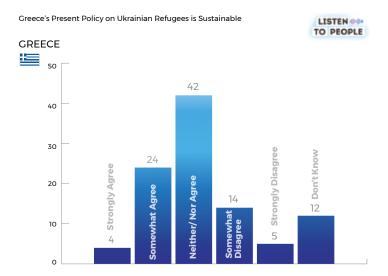


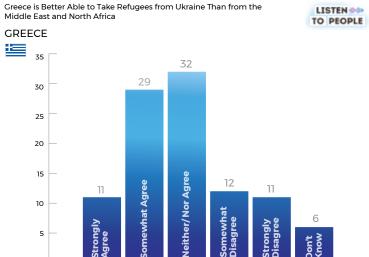


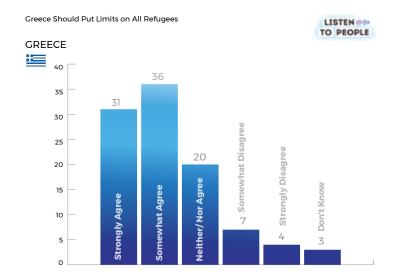


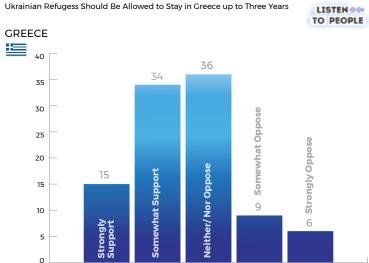


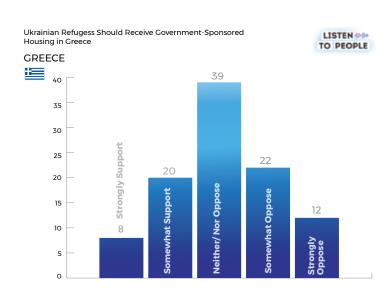


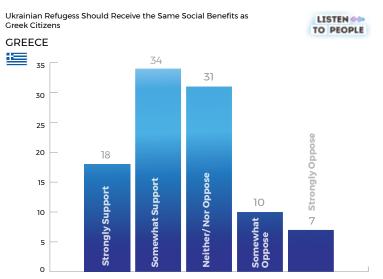


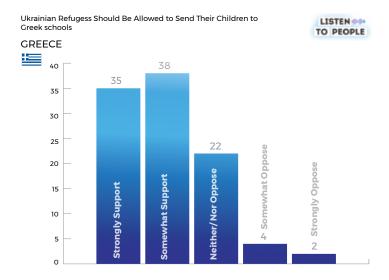


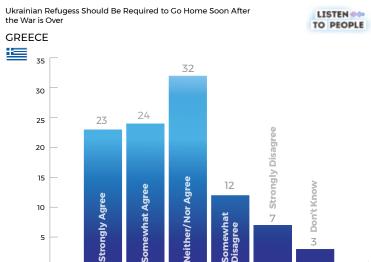


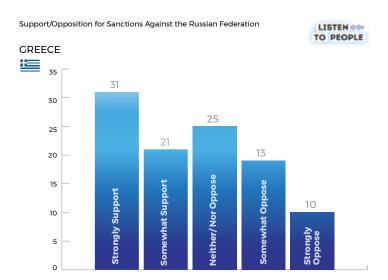


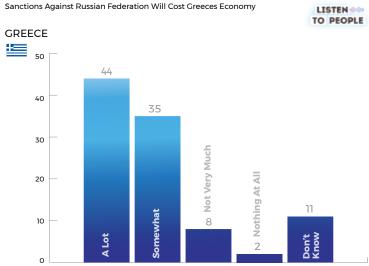


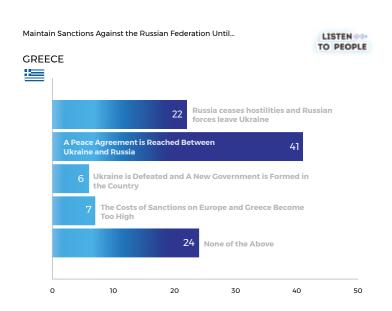


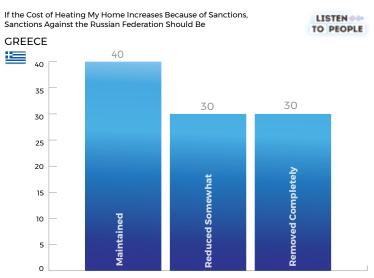










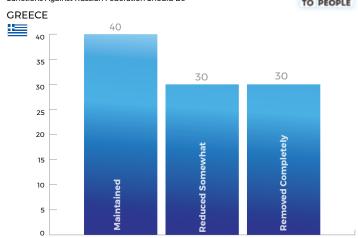


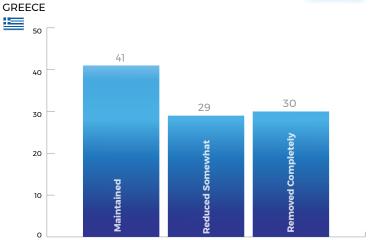
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be

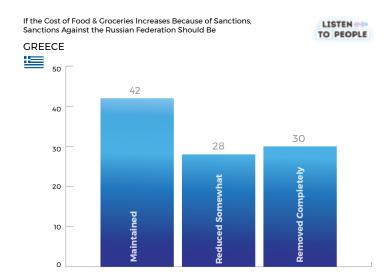
TO PEOPLE

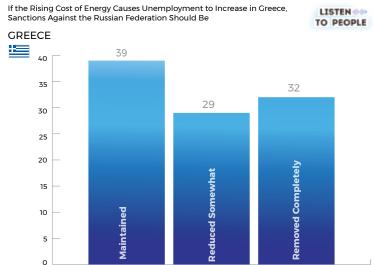
If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

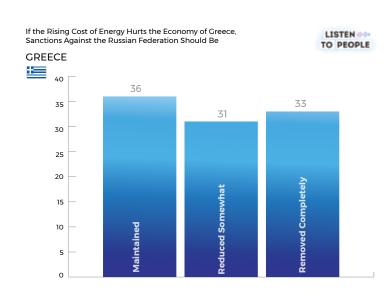


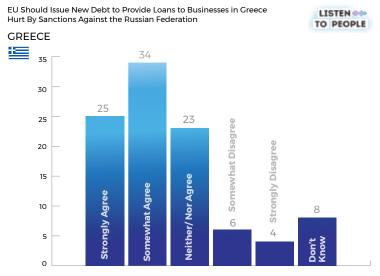












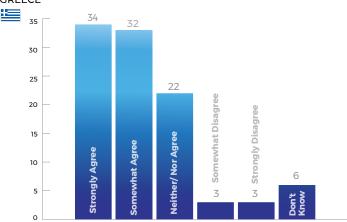
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Greek Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

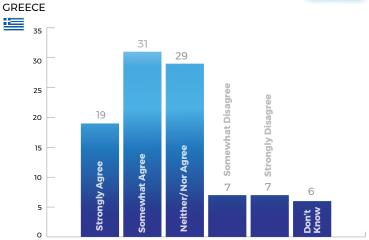
TO PEOPLE

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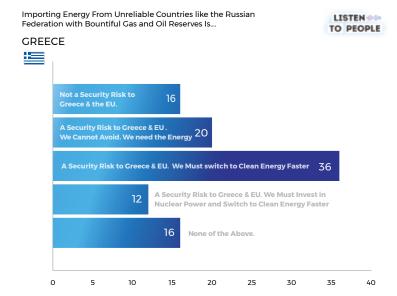
TO PEOPLE

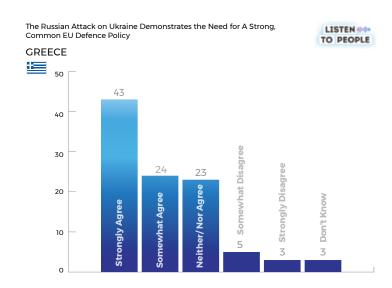


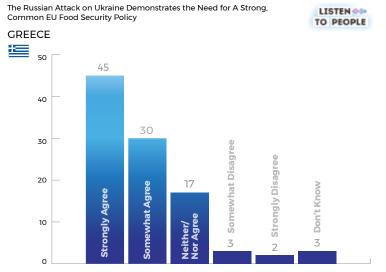


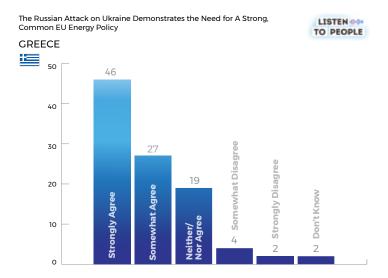


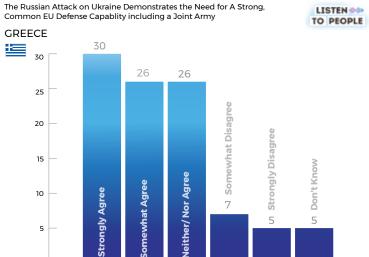
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, LISTEN O Common EU Migration Policy TO PEOPLE GREECE 40 36 32 30 24 25 Somewhat Disagree Strongly Disagree 20 Neither/ Nor Agree 15 ewhat Agree Strongly Agree 10 5 3 3 0

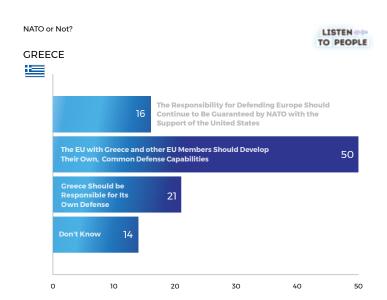


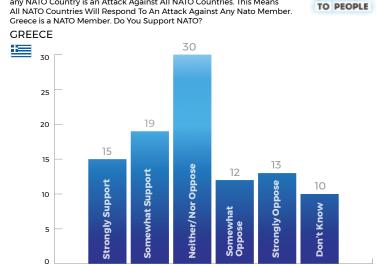




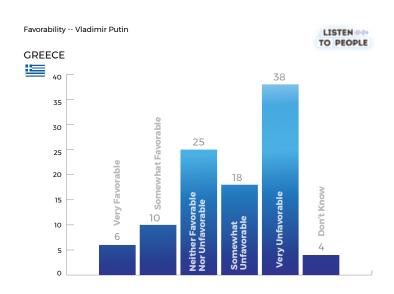


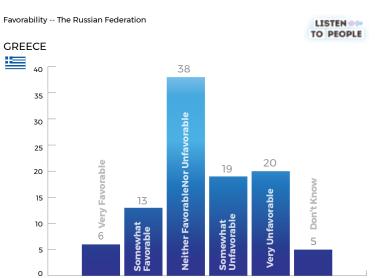




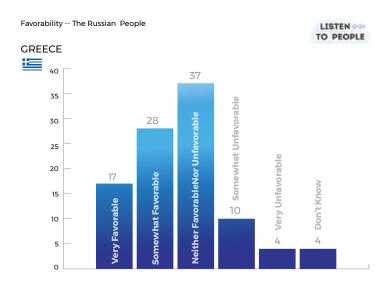


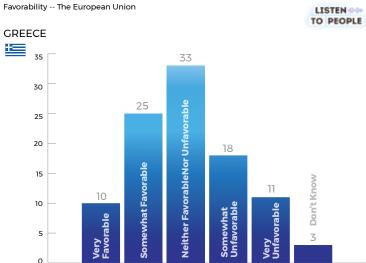
Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means

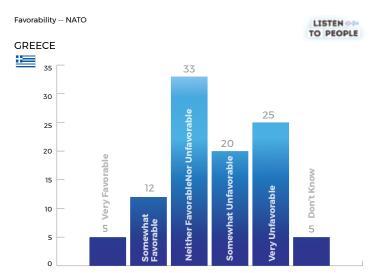


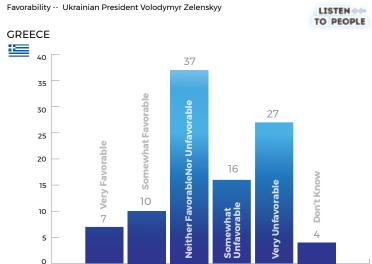


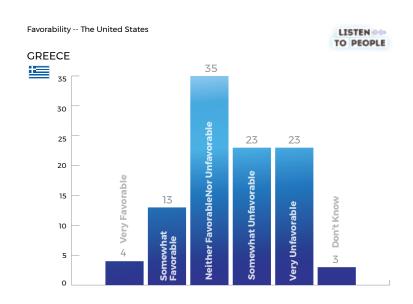
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## SUMMARY



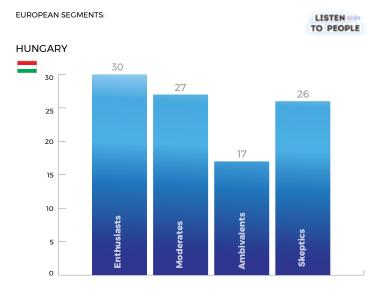
Almost half of Hungarians (47%) think Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are legitimate - the highest score of all countries surveyed. Only 30% of Hungarians blame Putin for the war in Ukraine - the second lowest percentage of the nine countries surveyed. (t27%Twenty-seven percent of Greeks blamed Putin.) And like the Greeks, 21% of Hungarians blame the United States for the war in Ukraine. When it comes to ascribing blame for the war in Ukraine, both Hungary and Greece are outliers.

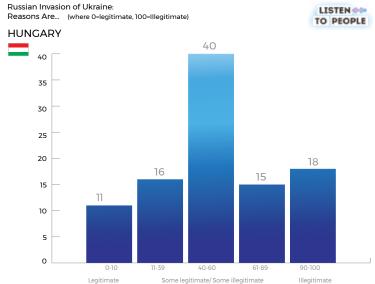
Just 38% of Hungarians support (12% strongly) allowing Ukrainian refugees to remain in Hungary for up to three years - the lowest support percentage recorded among the nine countries surveyed. Only 42% of Hungarians support (21% strongly) sanctions against Russia - again the lowest percentage recorded among the nine countries surveyed. And reducing and removing sanctions, if they harm Hungary's economy, is favored by 71% of Hungarians - the highest percentage among all survey countries.

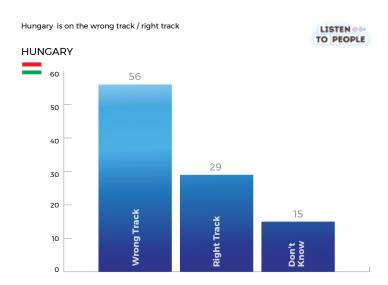
Just 29% of Hungarians are consistent supporters of democracy and, by a 2-to-1 margin, Hungarians say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (30%), as opposed to increased (14%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine.

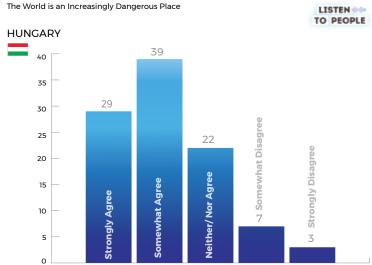
#### Other country highlights include:

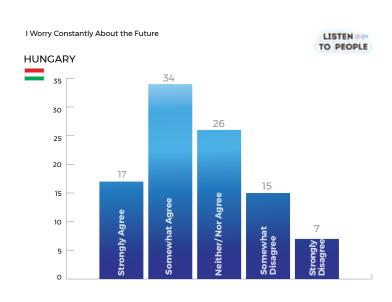
- · 47% think Russia's reasons for waging war against Ukraine are legitimate the highest percent age of any country surveyed.
- · Only 36% support (12% strongly) Ukrainian refugees receiving the same social benefits as Hungarians statistically tied with France (35%) for the lowest support for refugees recorded among all countries surveyed.
- · Only 28% strongly agree that Russian disinformation must stop.
- · 28% oppose (16% strongly) sanctions against Russia the highest opposition recorded among all countries surveyed.

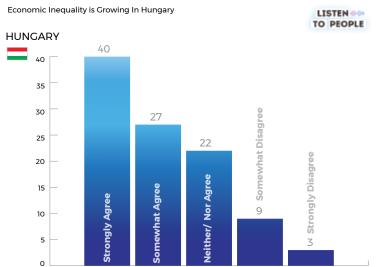


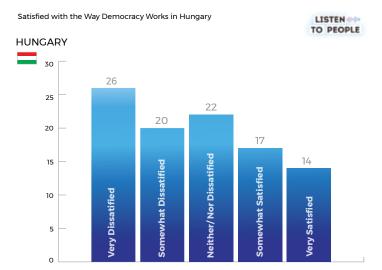


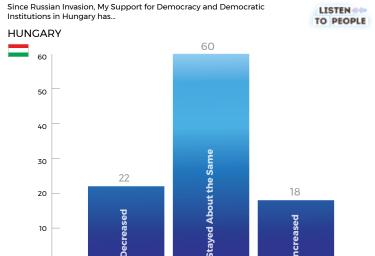


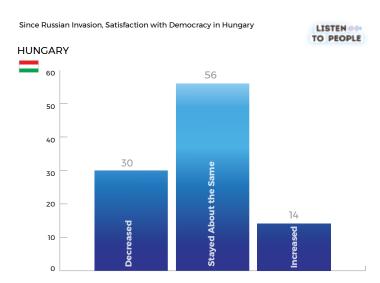


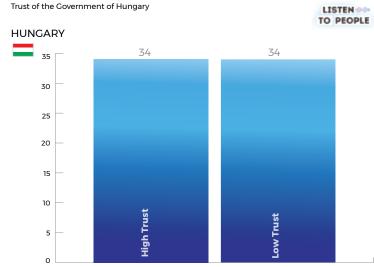


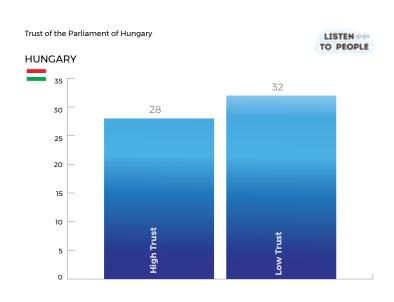


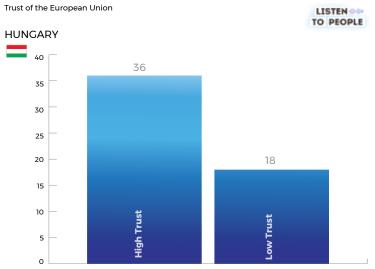


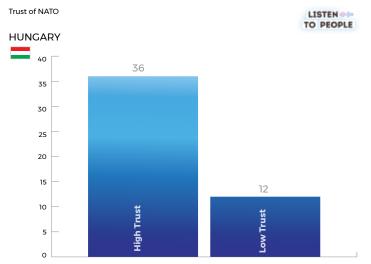


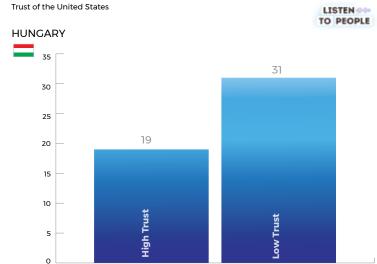


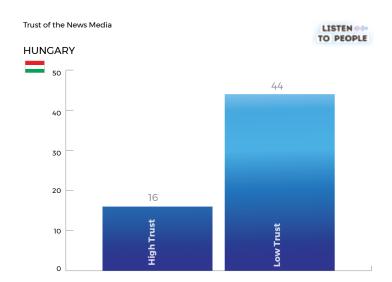


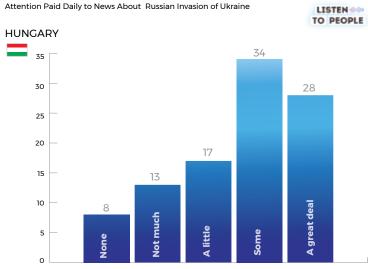


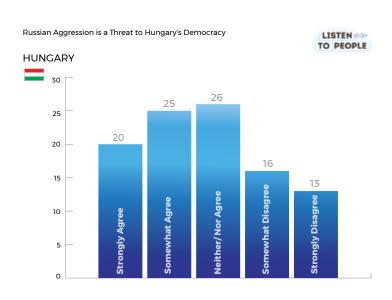


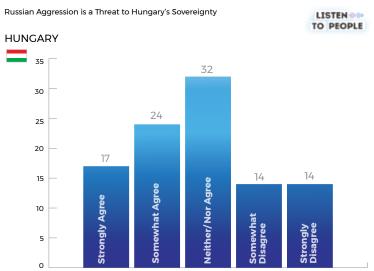


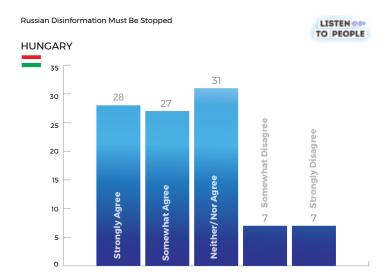


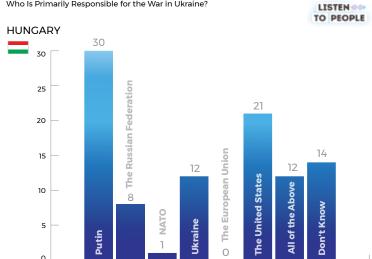




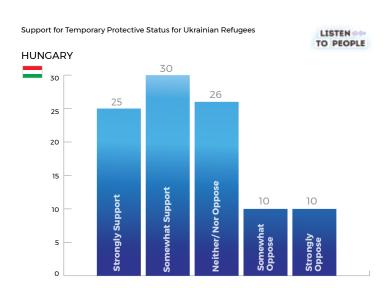


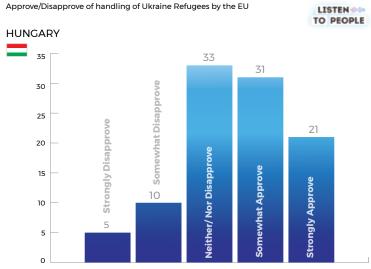


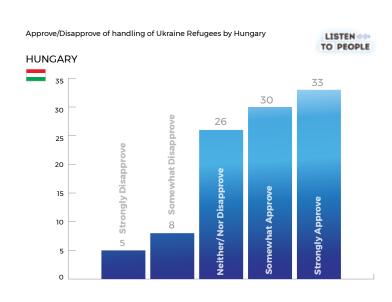


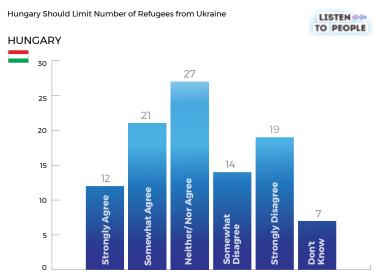


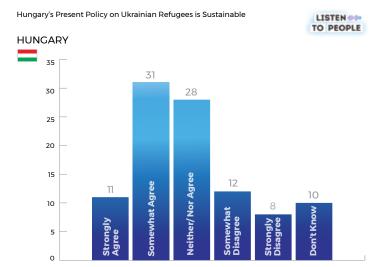
Who Is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

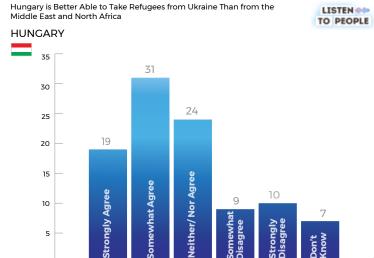


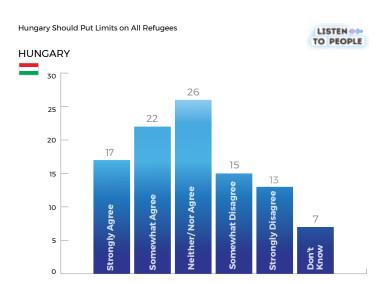


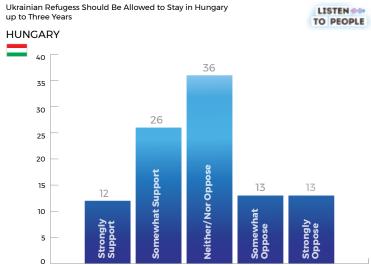


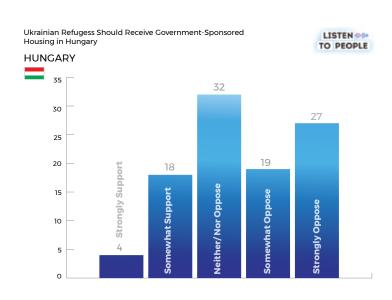


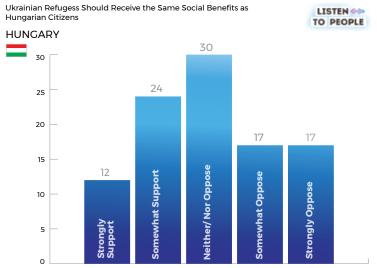


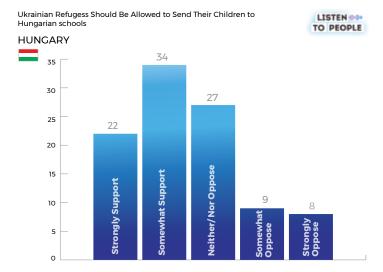


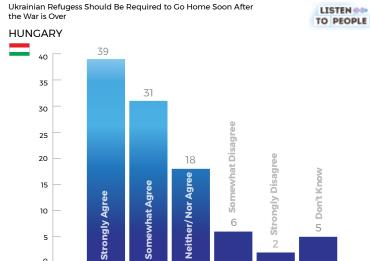


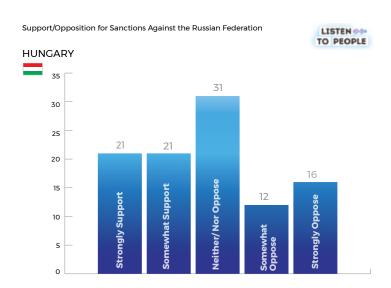


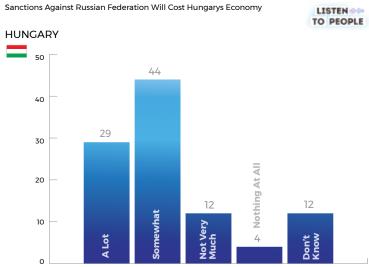


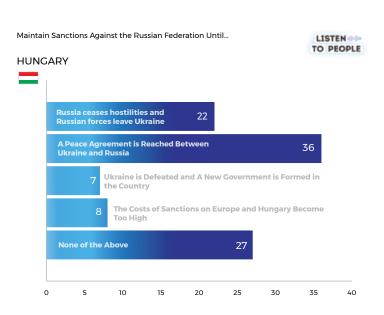


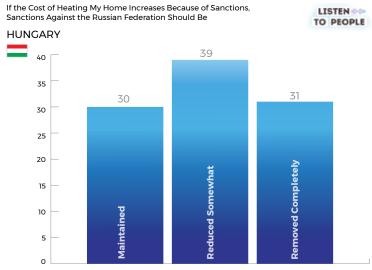








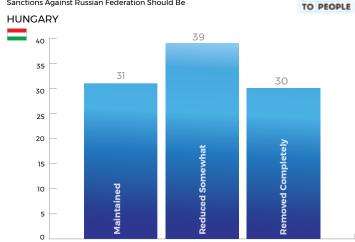


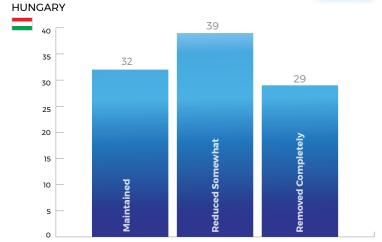


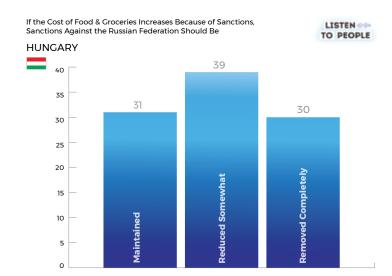
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be

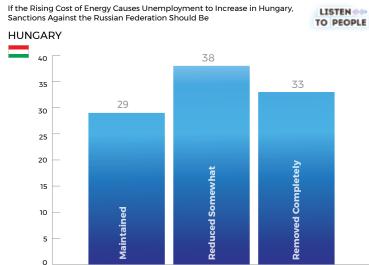
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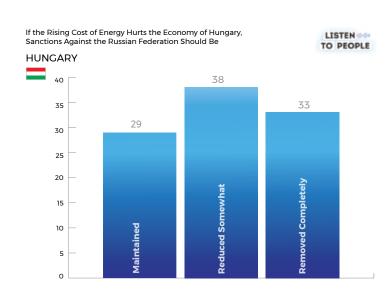
If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

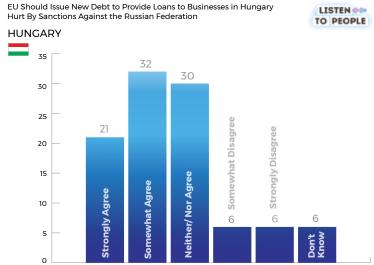


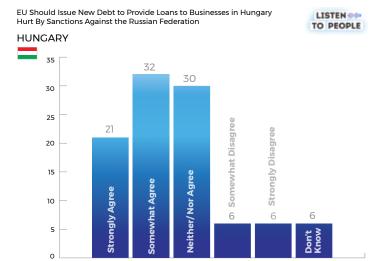


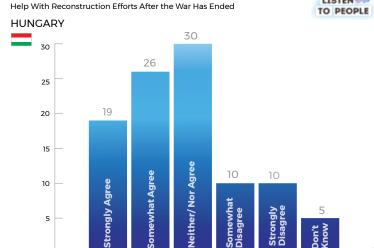








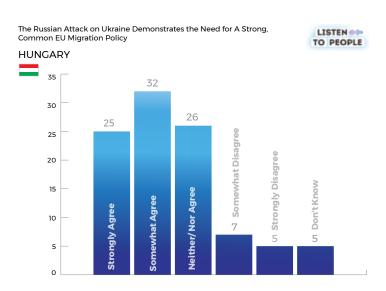


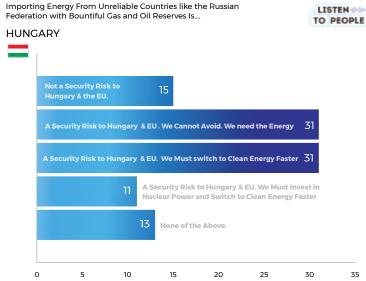


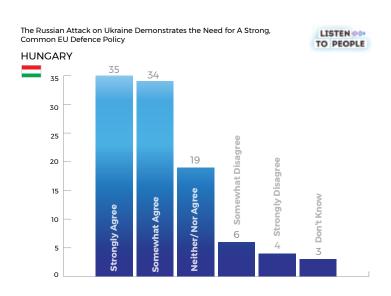
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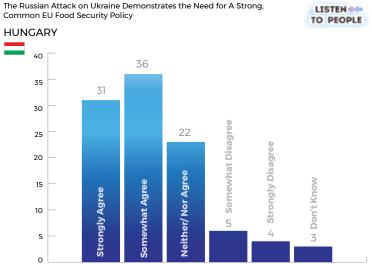
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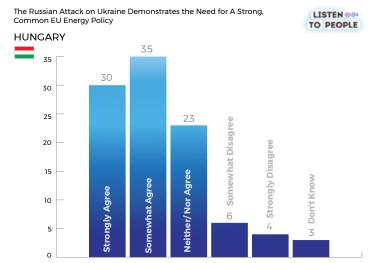
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to

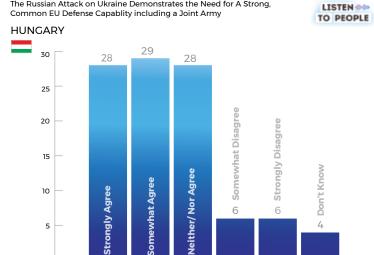




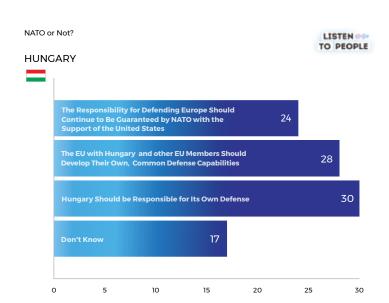


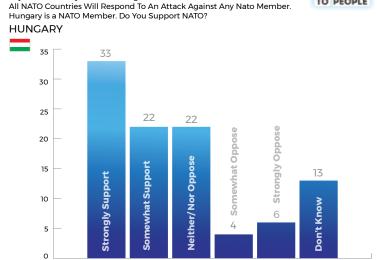




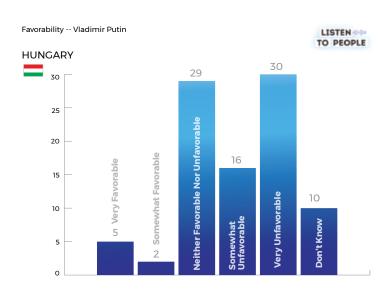


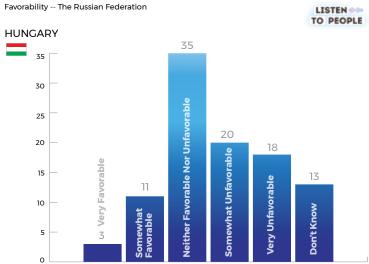
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong,



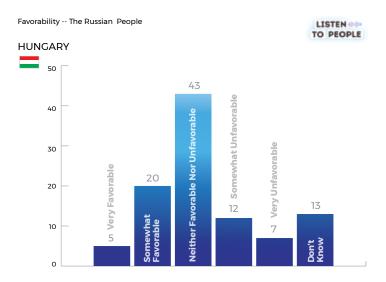


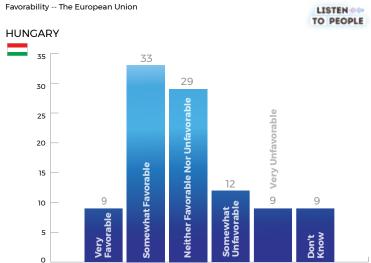
Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means

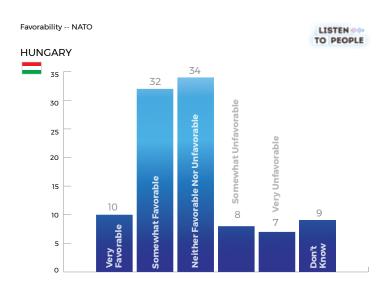


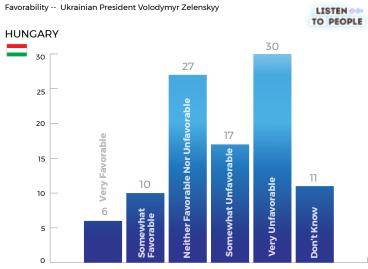


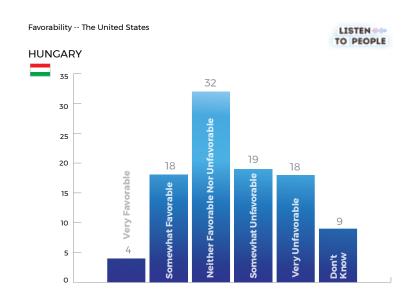
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## SUMMARY



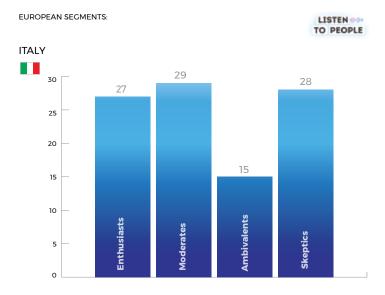
A majority of Italians (56%) say their country is on the wrong track while 45% remain consistent supporters of democracy. By a 4-to-1 margin, Italians say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (42%), as opposed to increased (10%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine. Only 21% strongly agree (total agree 55%) that Russian aggression is a threat to Italy's democracy.

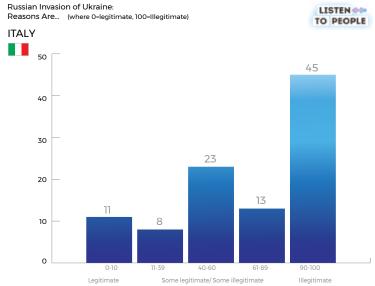
Two-thirds of Italians (67%) say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate. But only 43% blame Putin directly for the war.

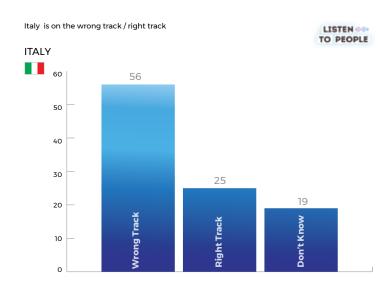
Just 9% of Italians have a very favorable opinion of the European Union - tied with Hungary. And only 12% strongly support (total support 45%) allowing Ukrainian refugees to remain in Italy for up to three years.

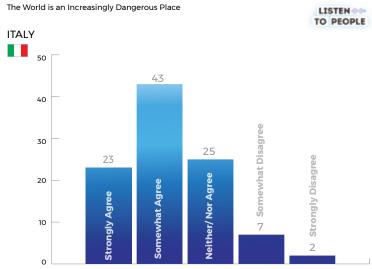
## Other country highlights include:

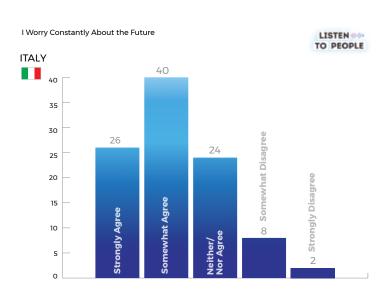
- 67% think Russia's reasons for waging war against Ukraine are not legitimate.
- · 65% support sanctions against Russia.
- · A majority (51%) support reducing or removing sanctions completely if sanctions harm Italy's economy Hungary (71%) and Greece (64%) are the only other countries surveyed where a majority of citizens favor cutting sanctions if they produce economic harm (47% of citizens in France also support removing and reducing sanctions if they are harmful to the French economy).
- Only 21% of Italians strongly support NATO the third lowest strong support score in countries surveyed after France (11%) and Greece (15%). Total support for NATO in Italy was 50%.

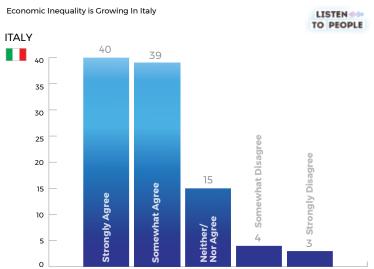


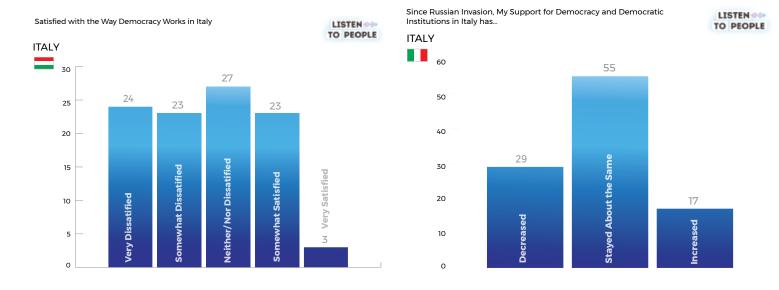


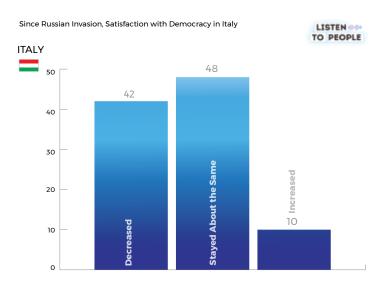


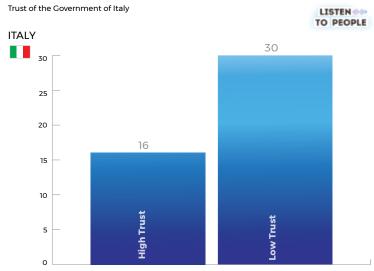


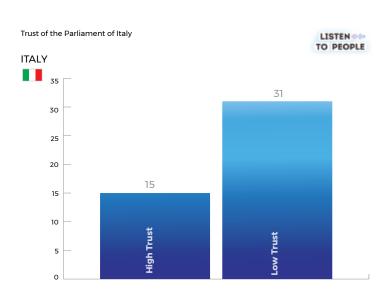


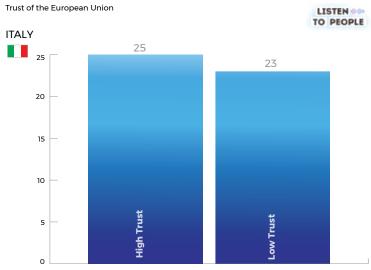


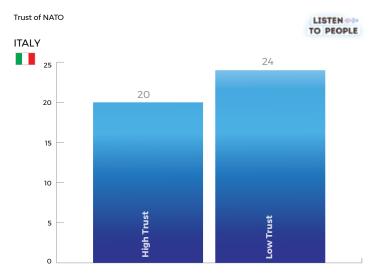


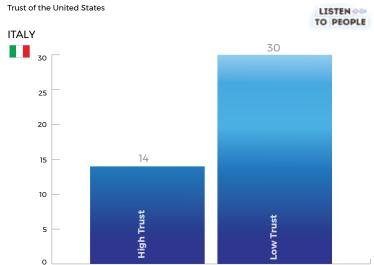


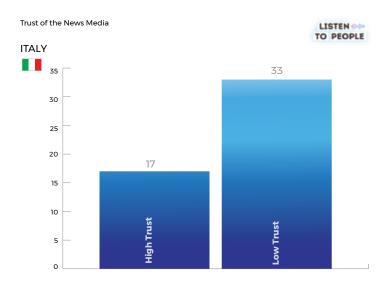


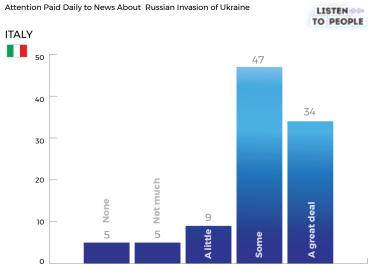


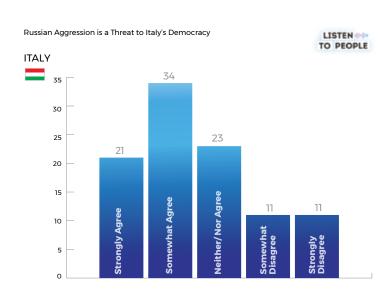


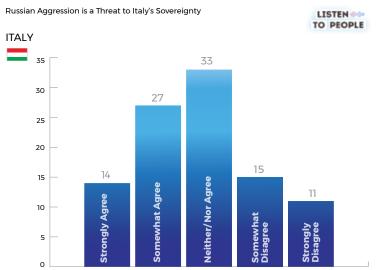


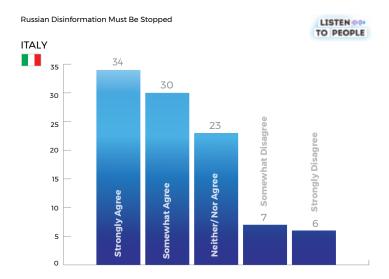


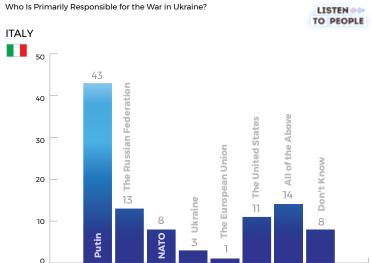


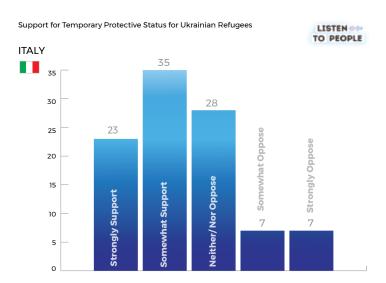


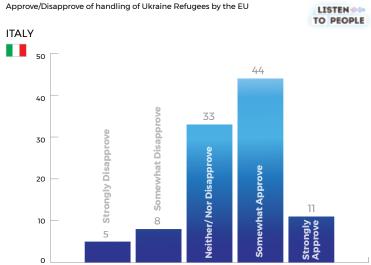


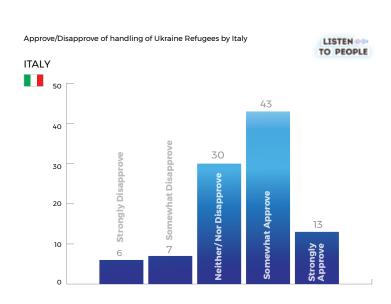


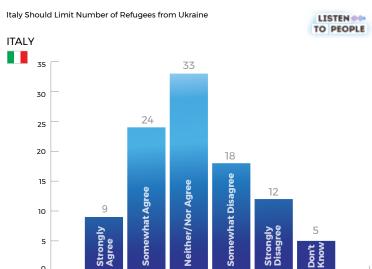


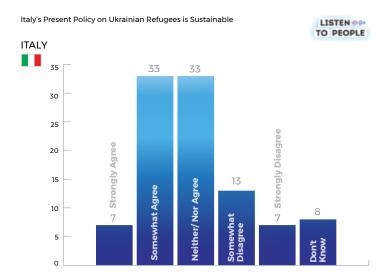


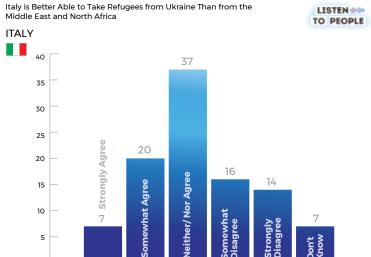


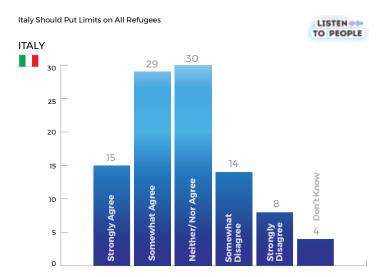


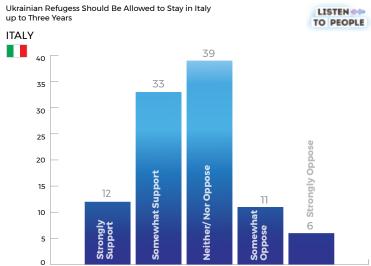


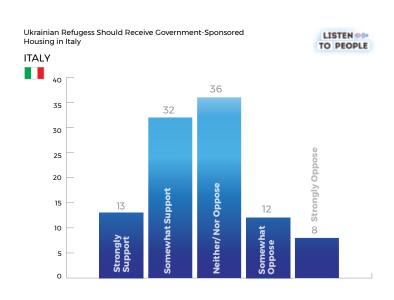


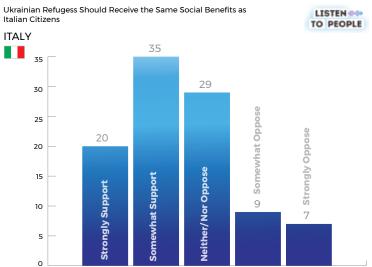


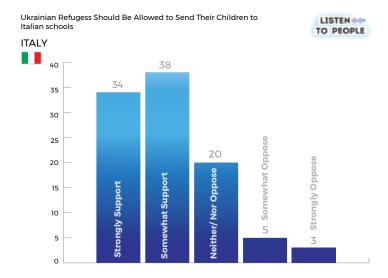


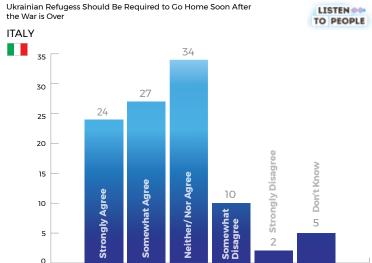


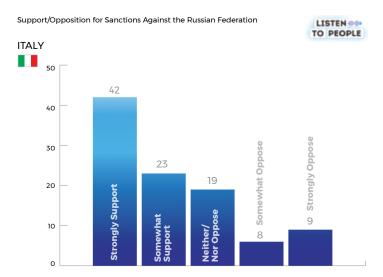


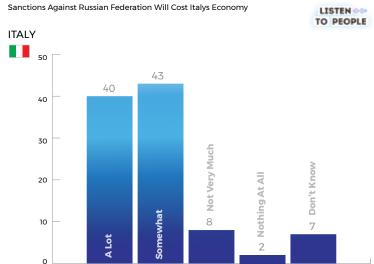


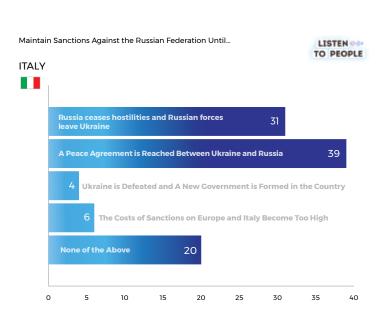


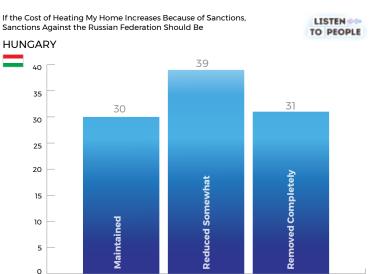












If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be

ITALY

60

55

40

25

20

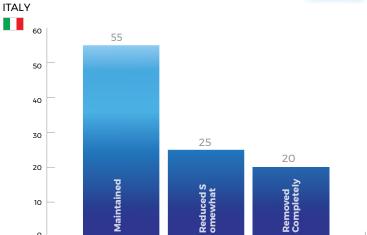
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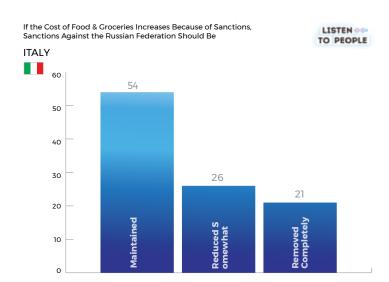
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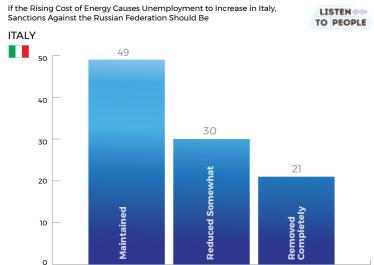
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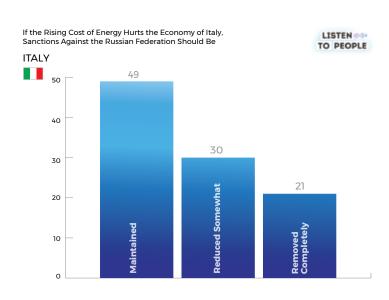
If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

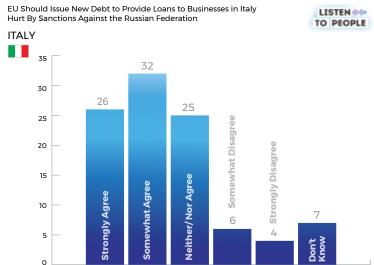








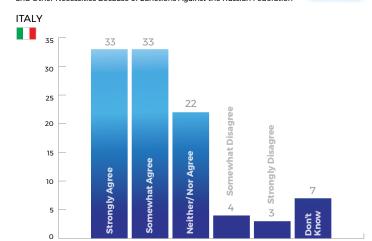


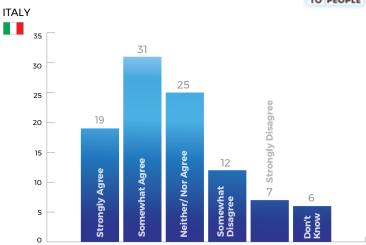


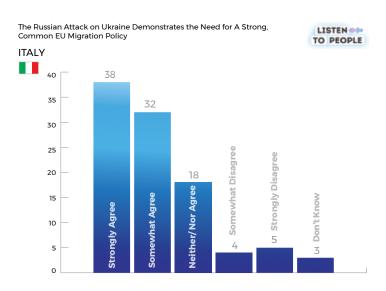
EU Should Issue New Debt to ProvideBenefits to Italian Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

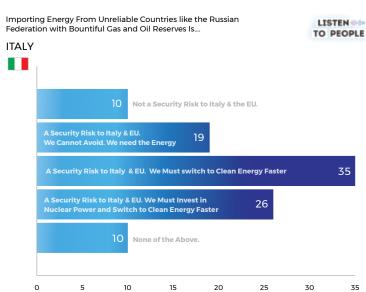
TO PEOPLE

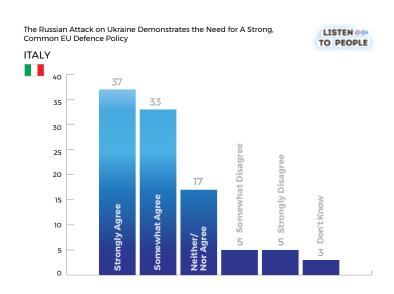
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

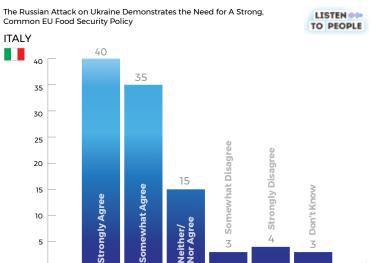


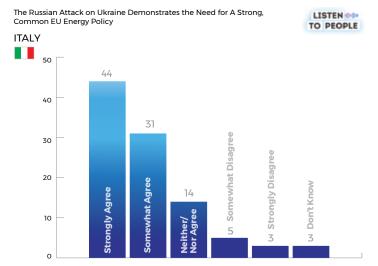


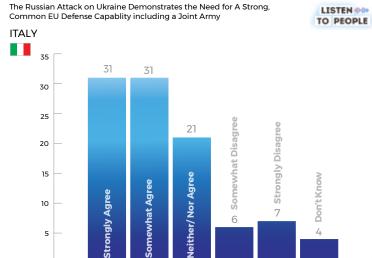


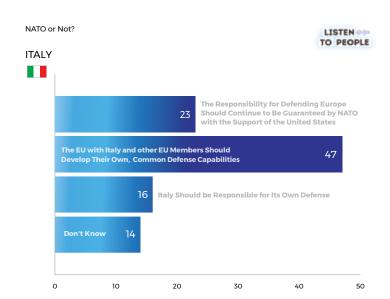


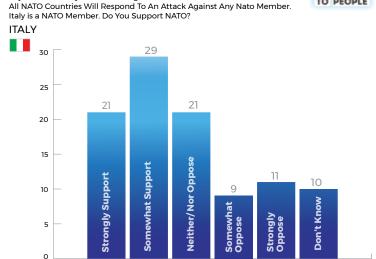




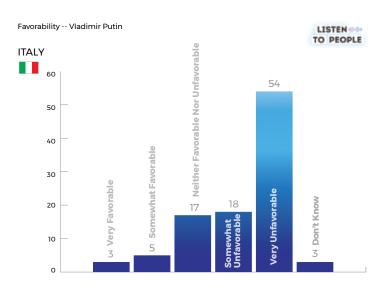


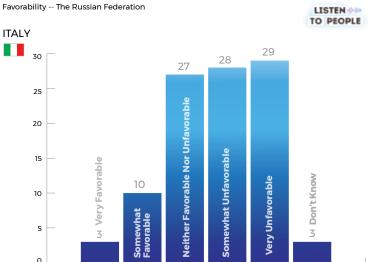




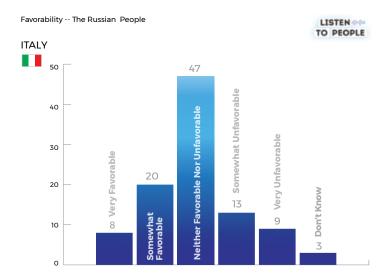


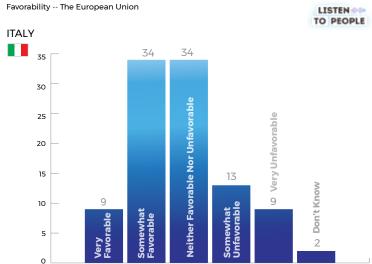
Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means

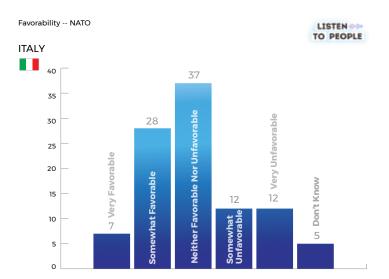


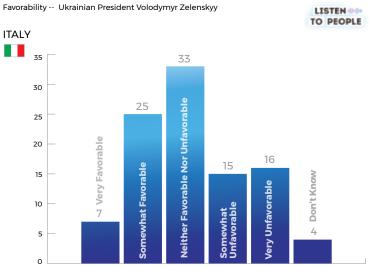


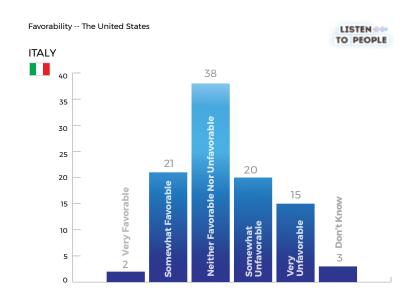
LISTEN OF













## SUMMARY



Seventy percent of Poles say their country is on the wrong track - the highest wrong track percentage recorded. More Poles (40%) strongly agree that the world is an increasingly dangerous place than the citizens in the other countries surveyed. A total of 8 in 10 Poles agree the world is a dangerous place. Only in France (81% agree) do more people feel more threatened by the world.

More than 7 in 10 of Poles (72%) say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate - more than in Hungary (53%), Greece (56%). Germany (66%), Italy (67%), and Romania (69%).

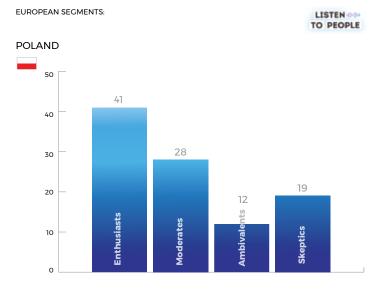
Strong support (61%) for NATO in Poland is higher than in every other country surveyed and 50% of Poles highly trust NATO. Only high trust for NATO in Romania (51%) surpasses trust for NATO in Poland.

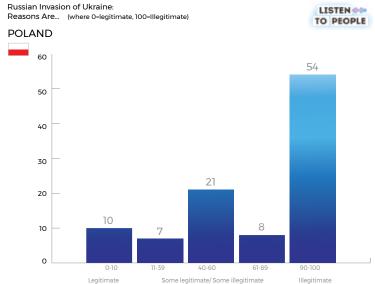
Forty-three percent of Poles strongly agree that Russian aggression is a threat to Polish democracy and sovereignty. By comparison, 48% of Germans see Russian aggression as a threat to Germany's democracy, but only 11% view it as a threat to Germany's sovereignty. Polish attitudes on the threat posed by Russia are more in line with Estonia where 43% see Russian aggression as a threat to democracy and 48% perceive Russia as a threat to Estonia's sovereignty.

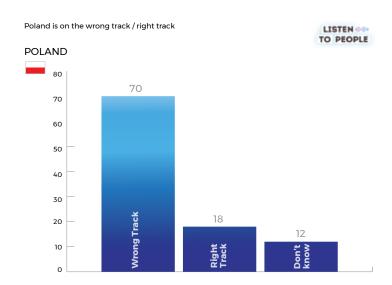
Almost 8 in 10 Poles (79%) support solidarity among European Union countries choosing the statement "within the EU we need to do everything we can to help countries in need."

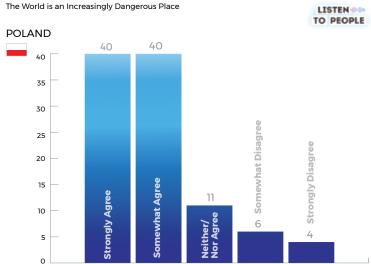
#### Other country highlights include:

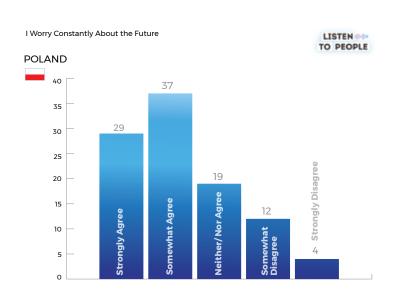
- · 84% support (76% strongly support) sanctions against Russia tied with the Finns for strong support for sanctions.
- · 79% agree (55% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped tied with Romania (55% strongly agree) and behind only (Estonia 61% strongly agree) and Finland (59% strongly agree).
- 76% agree (50% strongly agree) that the Russian attack on Ukraine demonstrates the need for a strong, common EU defense policy.
- 72% say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, 28% say there was some legitimacy to Russia's attack.
- 65% say sanctions against Russia should be maintained even if they harm Poland's economy and only 9% favor removing sanctions completely in this case.

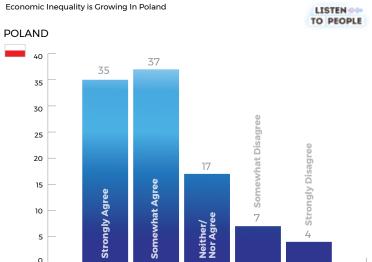


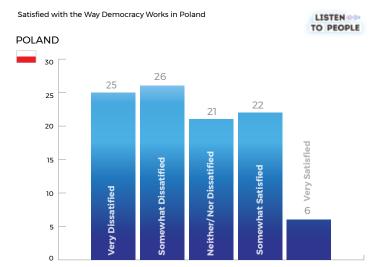


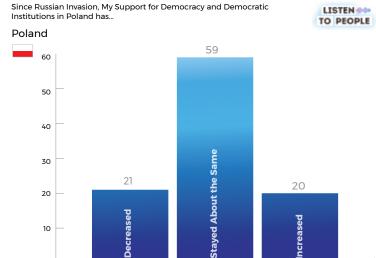


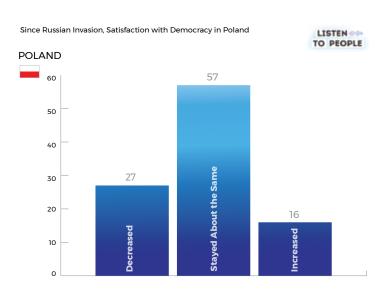


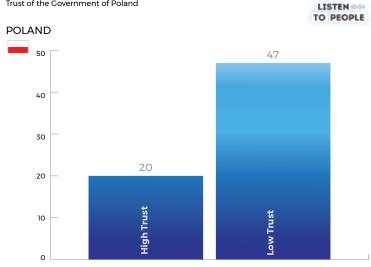




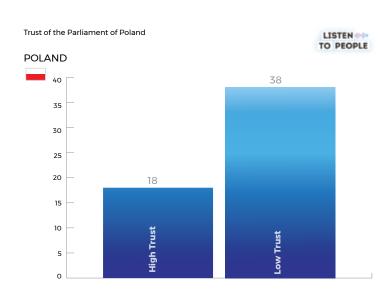


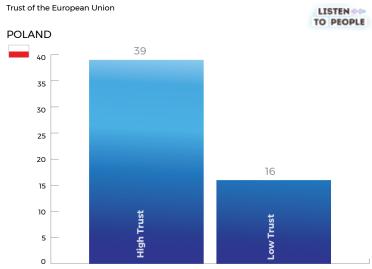


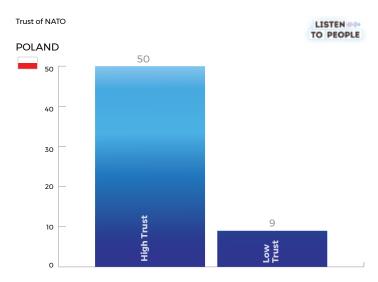


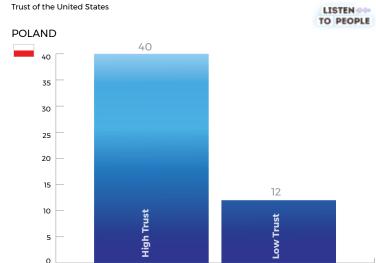


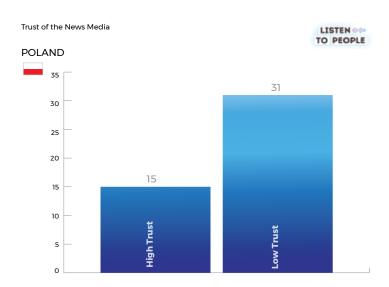
Trust of the Government of Poland

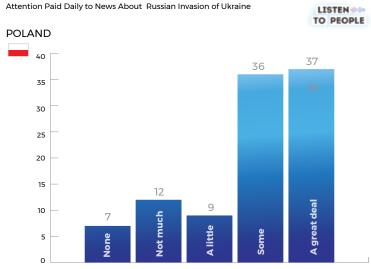


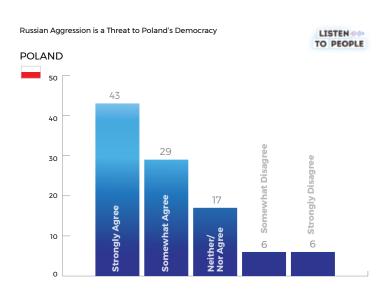


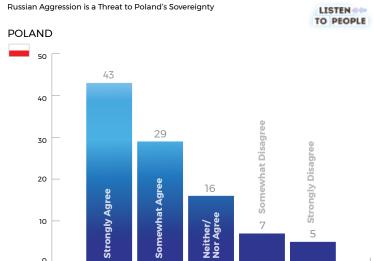


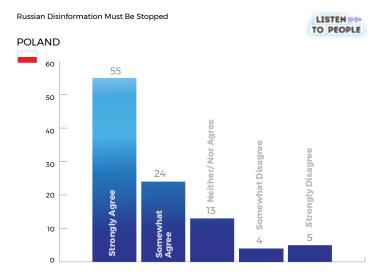


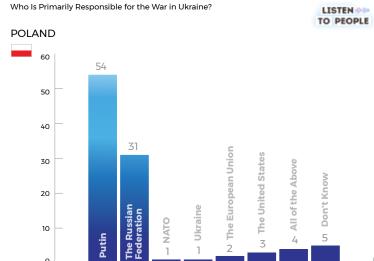


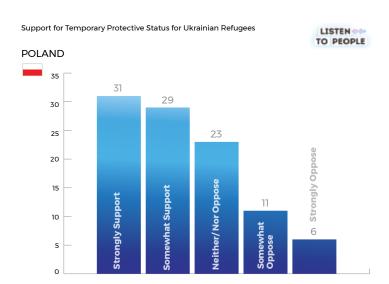


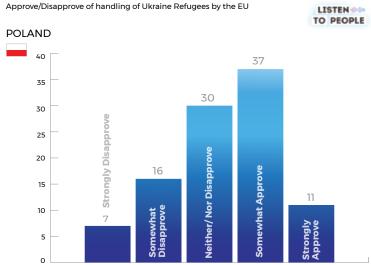


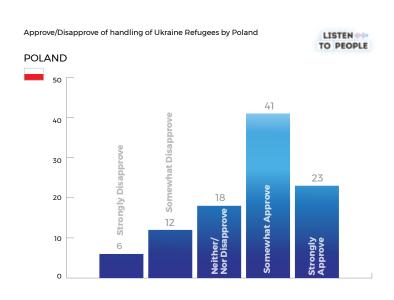


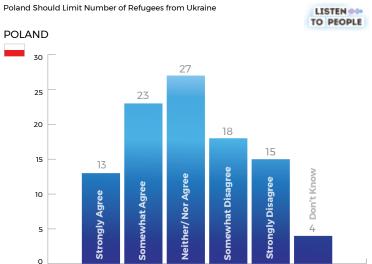


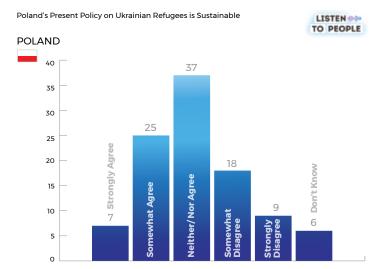


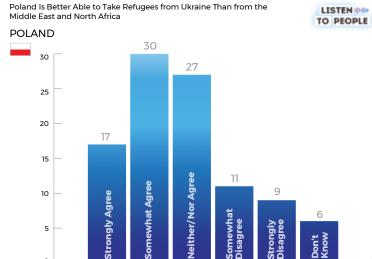


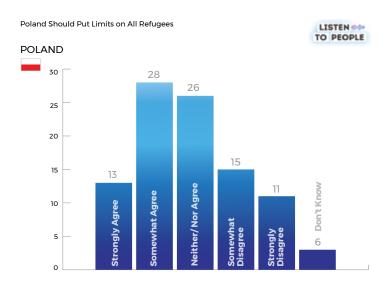


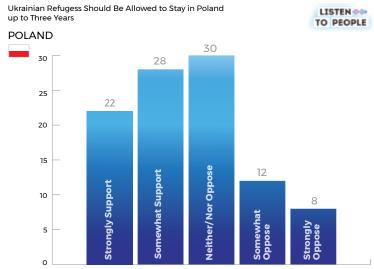


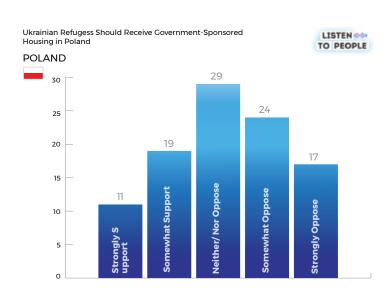


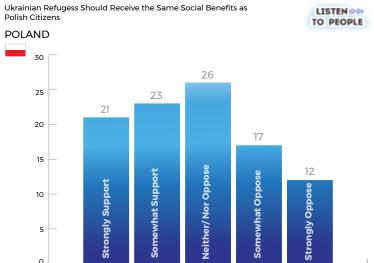


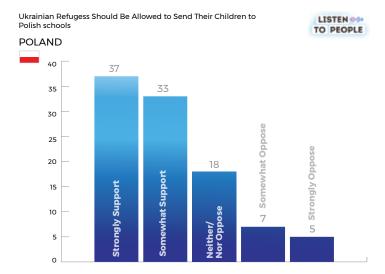


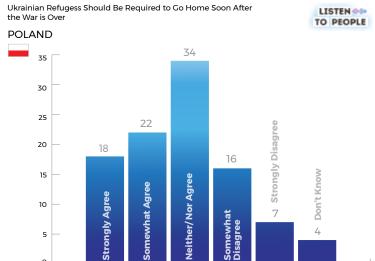


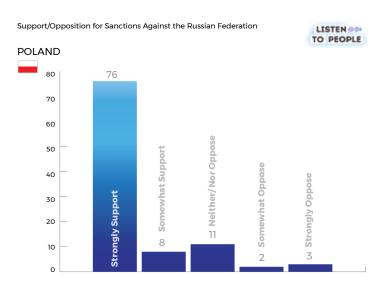


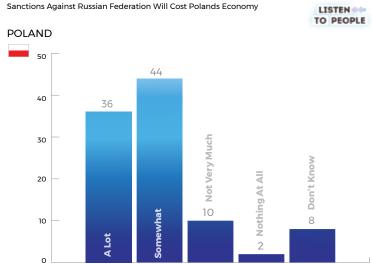


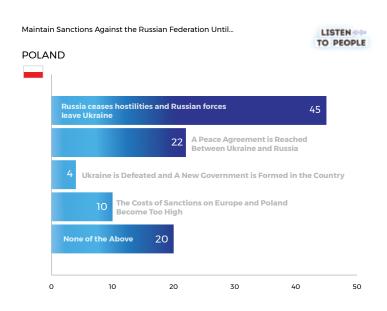


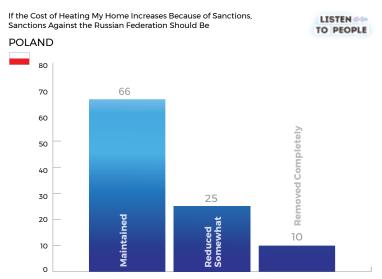




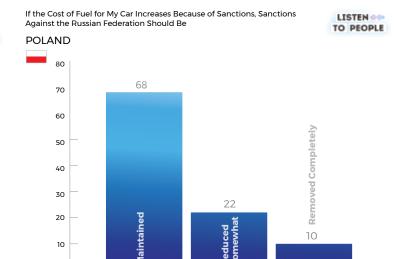




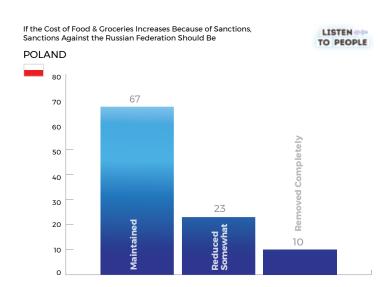


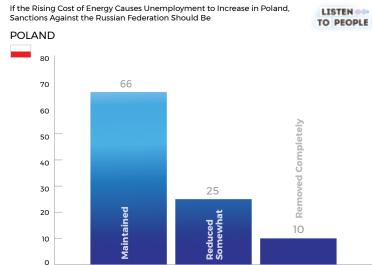


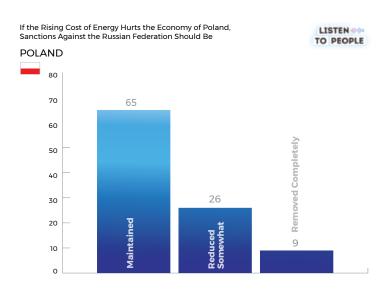
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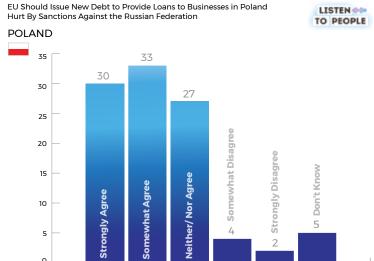


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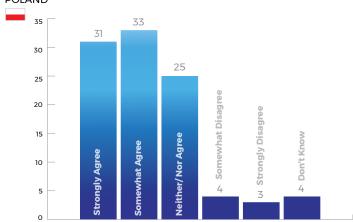


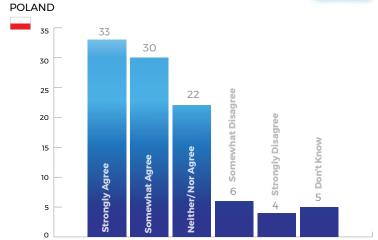
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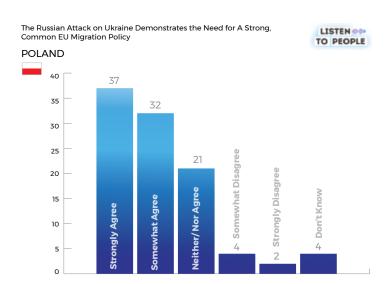
TO PEOPLE

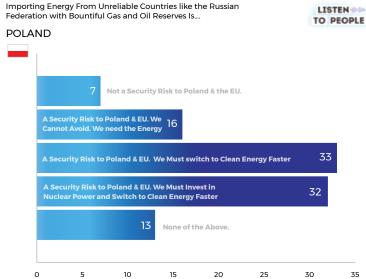
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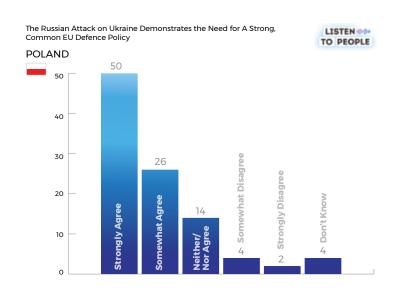


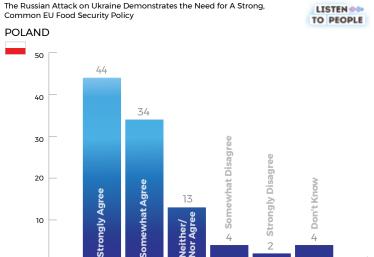


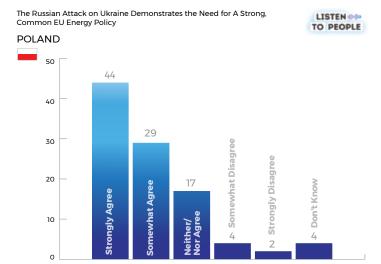


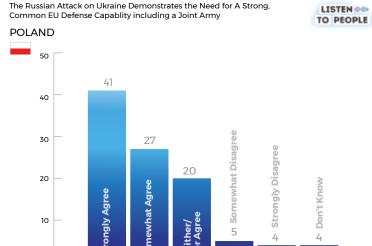


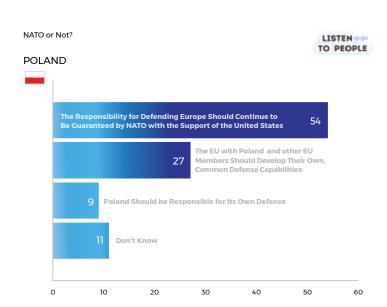


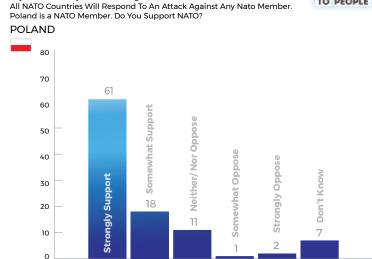




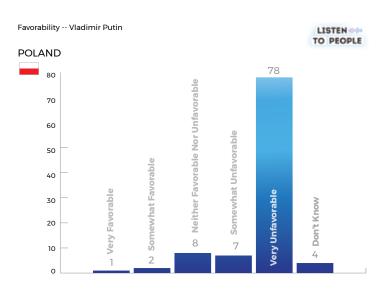


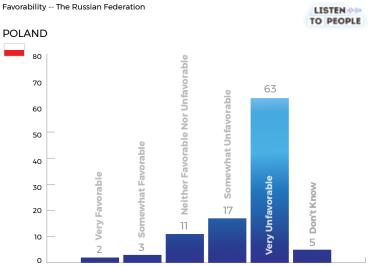




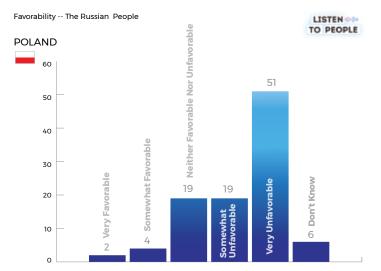


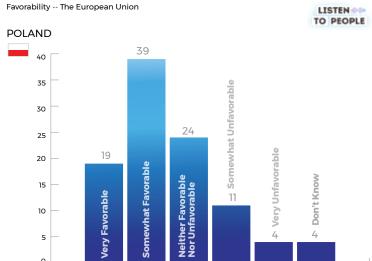
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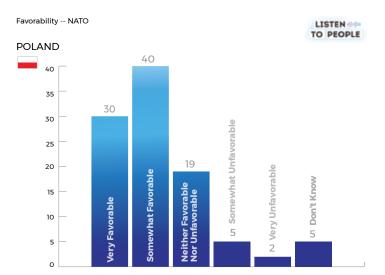


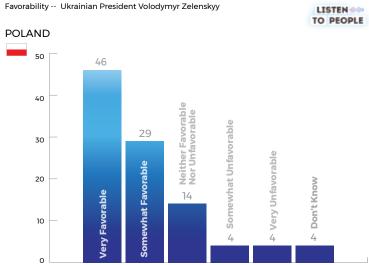


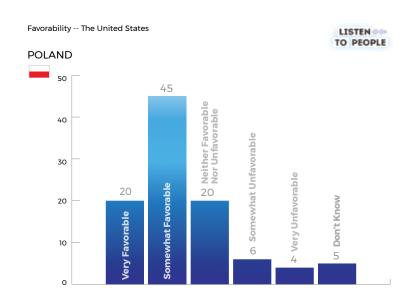
LISTEN 00













# SUMMARY



Two thirds of Romanians (65%) say their country is on the wrong track - the second highest wrong track percentage recorded. Almost 5 in 10 (47%) strongly agree economic inequality is growing in Romania. Seventy-one percent agree (39% strongly agree) that they worry constantly about the future- the second highest recorded percentage on this question behind Greece.

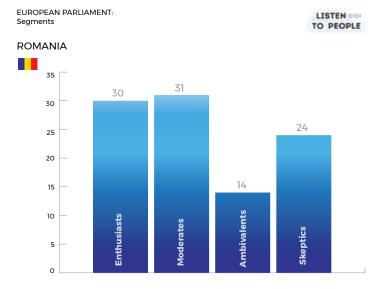
Only 22% are consistent supporters of democracy and, by a 5 to 1 margin, Romanians say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (51%), as opposed to increased (9%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine.

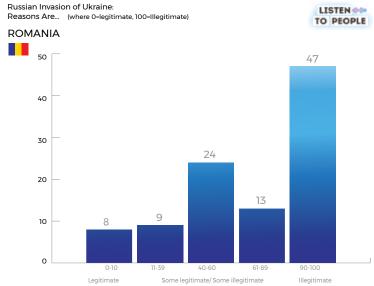
Almost 7 in 10 of Romanians (69%) say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, but just 49% blame Putin directly for the war - another 21% say the Russia Federation bears prime responsibility for the war.

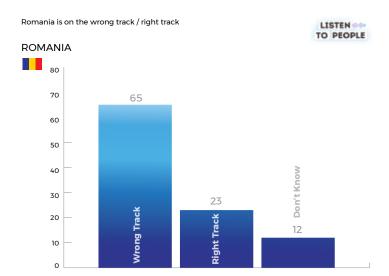
Strong support for NATO in Romania (52%) is higher than every country surveyed except Poland (61%) and Estonia (59%). And a majority of Romanians strongly agree (55%) that the Russian attack on Ukraine demonstrates the need for a strong, common European Union defense policy.

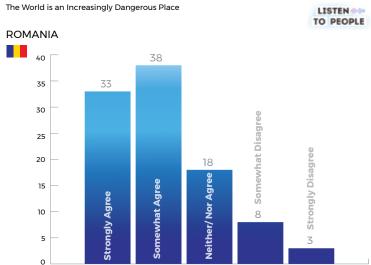
## Other country highlights include:

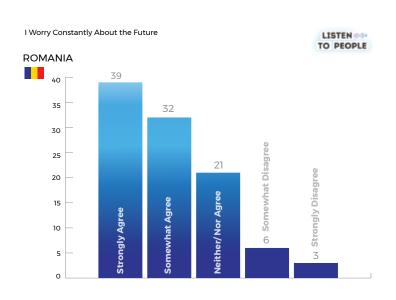
- · 75% agree (55% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped tied with Poland ( 55% strongly agree) and behind only (Estonia 61% strongly agree) and Finland (59% strongly agree).
- · 70% support (54% strongly support) sanctions against Russia.
- · 69% say Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, 31% say there was some legitimacy to Russia's attack.
- $\cdot$  63% agree (32% strongly agree) that Russian aggression is a threat to democracy in Romania.
- · Nearly half (47%) support reducing or removing sanctions against Russia entirely if sanctions hurt the Romanian economy.

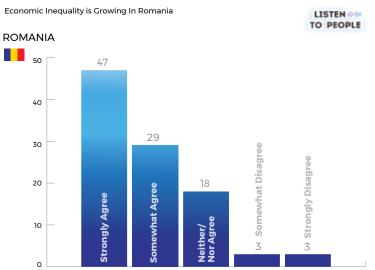


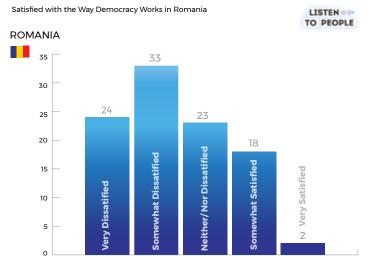


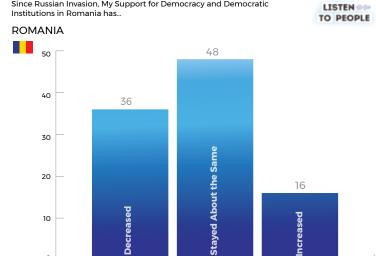




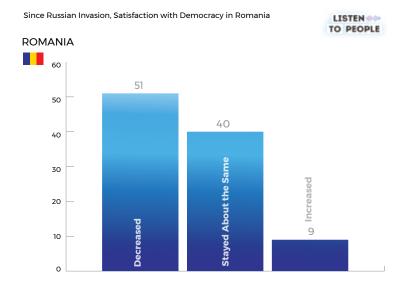


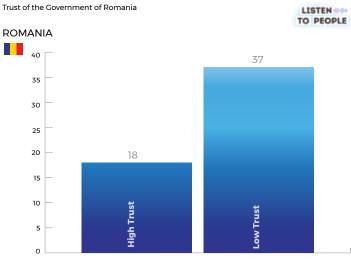


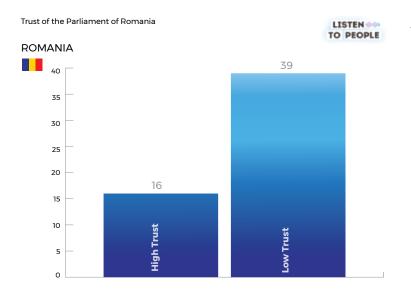


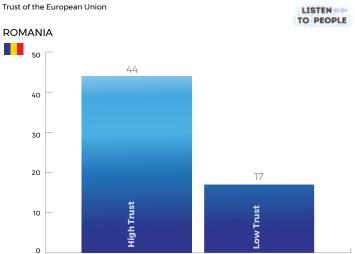


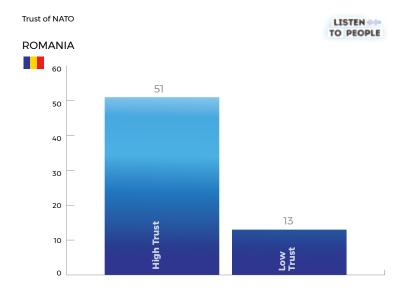
Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic

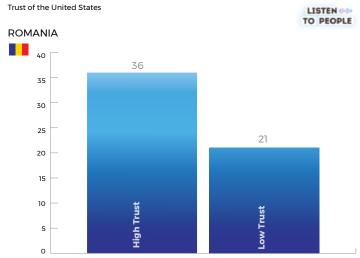


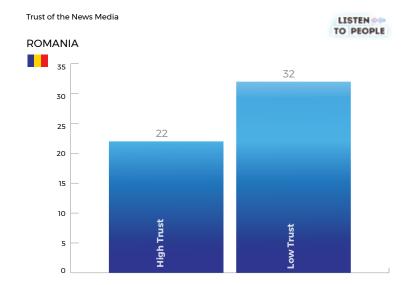


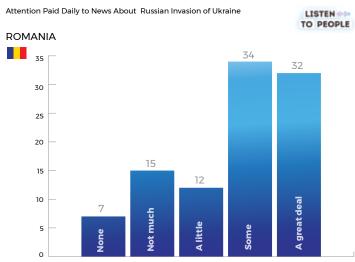


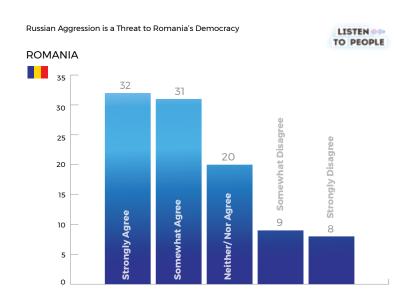


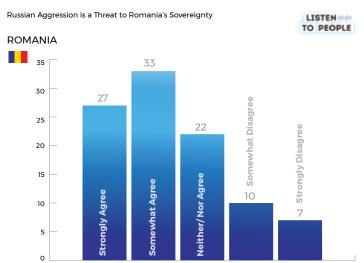


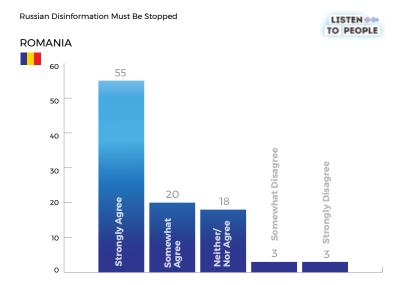


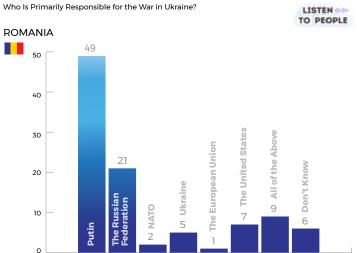


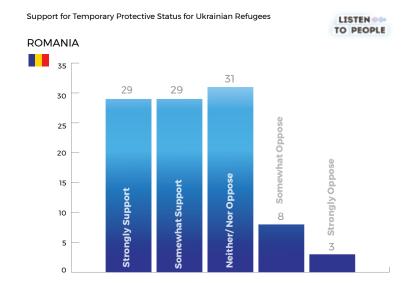


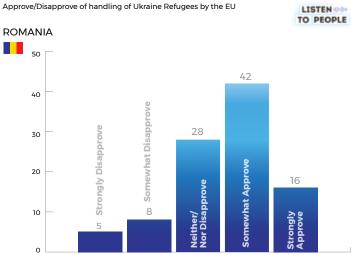


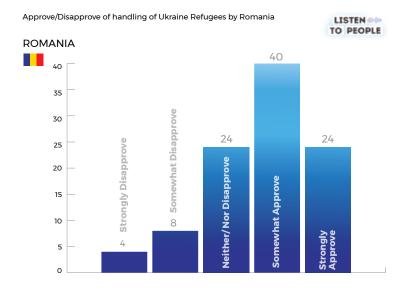


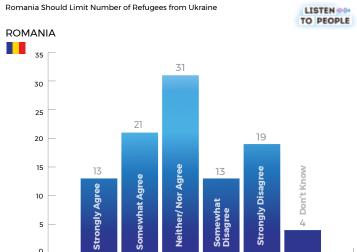


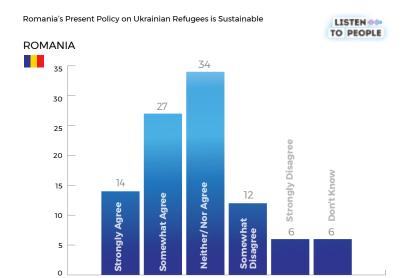


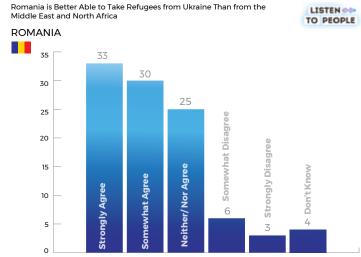


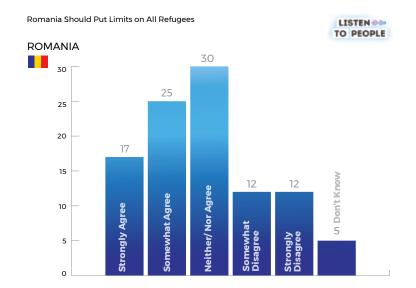


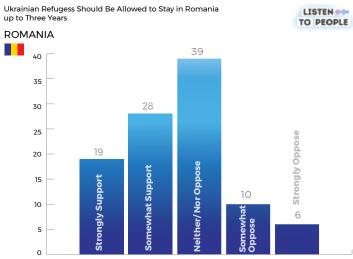


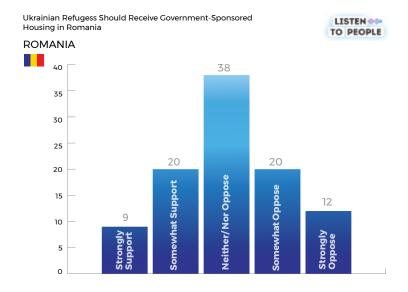


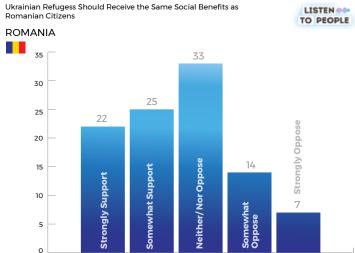


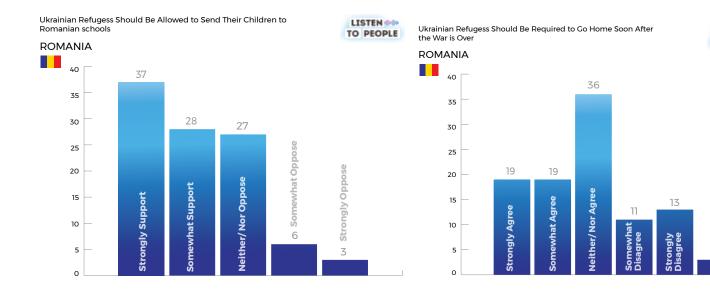


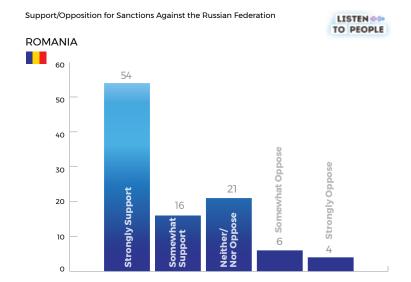


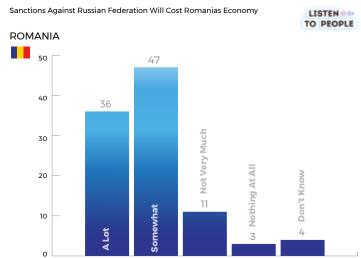


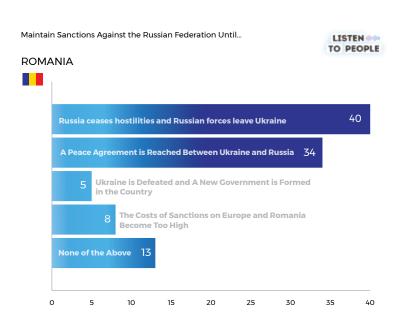


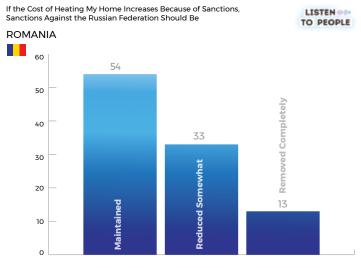












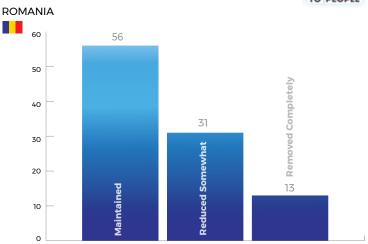
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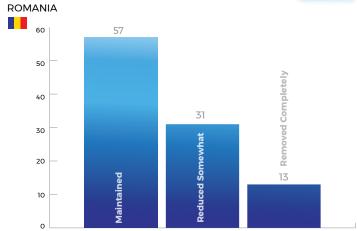
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against Russian Federation Should Be

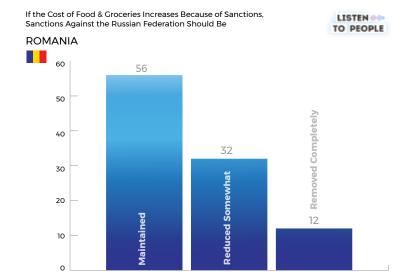
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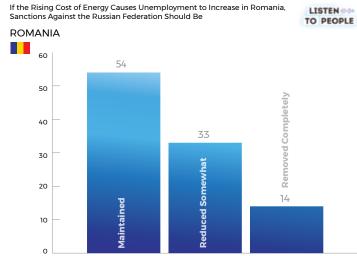
If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

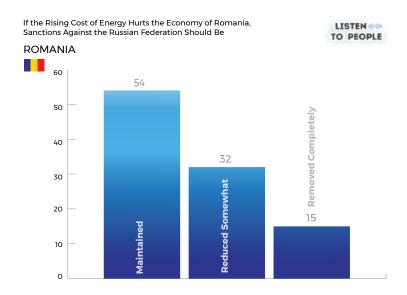


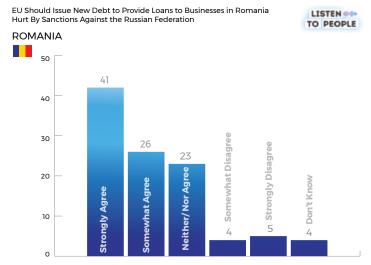












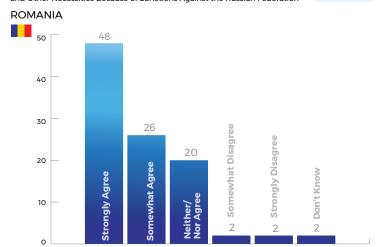
EU Should Issue New Debt to ProvideBenefits to Romanian Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

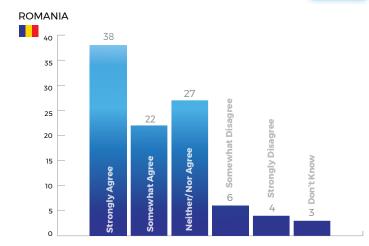
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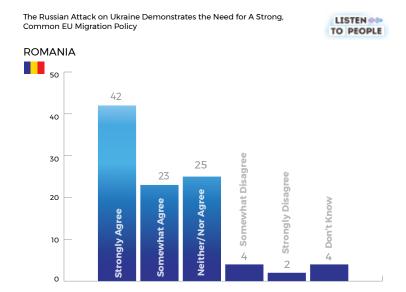
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

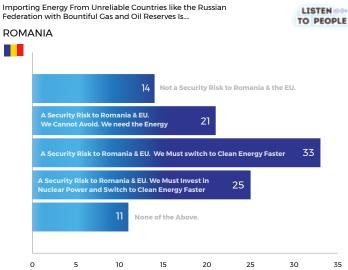
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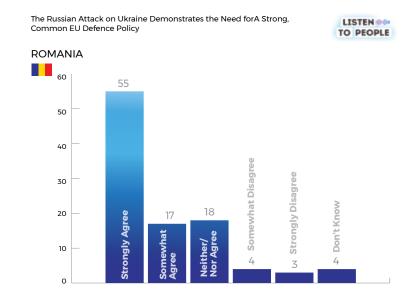
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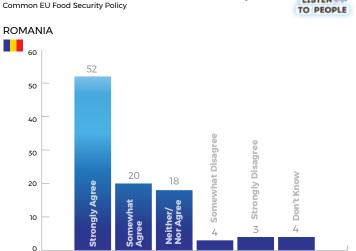












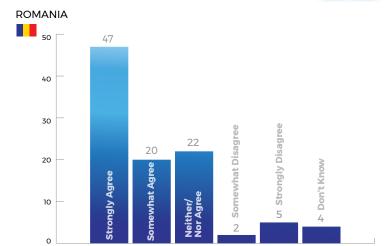
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong,

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The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Energy Policy LISTEN CO TO PEOPLE **ROMANIA** 50 49 40 Somewhat Disagree 30 Strongly Disagree 22 19 Strongly Agree Neither/ Nor Agree 10 4 4

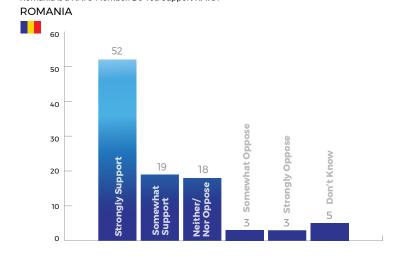
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defense Capablity including a Joint Army

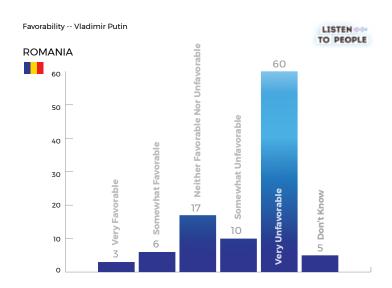


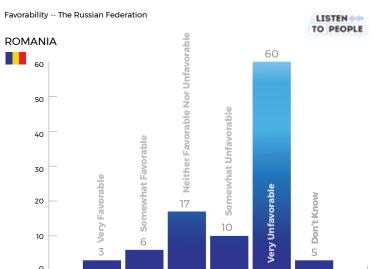


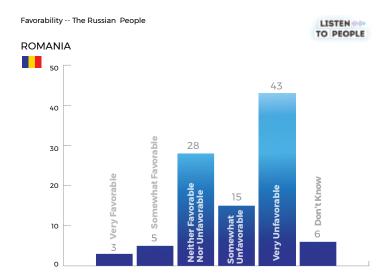
NATO or Not?. LISTEN OO TO PEOPLE **ROMANIA** The Responsibility for Defending Europe Should Continue to Be Guaranteed by NATO 34 with the Support of the United States The EU with Romania and other EU Members Should Develop Their Own, Common Defense Capabilities 43 16 Romania Should be Responsible for Its Own Defense Don't Know 20 30 40 50 10

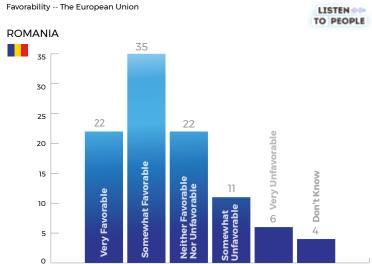
Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Romania is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

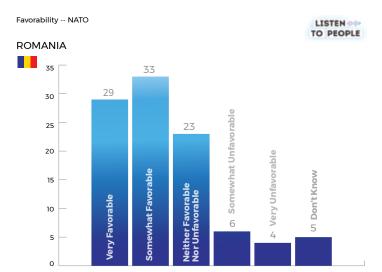


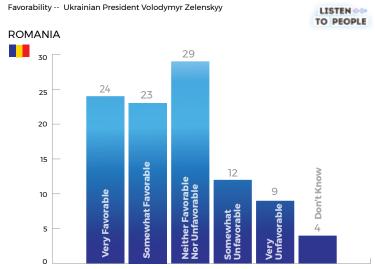


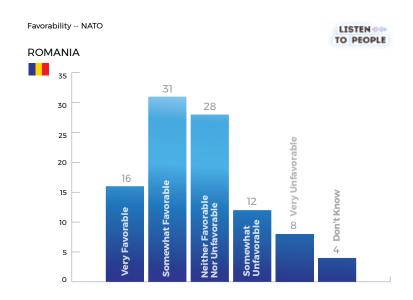
















# EUROPEAN PUBLIC OPINION ON RUSSIA'S INVASION, DEFENDING UKRAINE, AND THE EFFECT ON THE EU

2022

THE LISTEN TO PEOPLE PROJECT HAS BEEN RUN BY THE EUROPEAN MOVEMENT INTERNATIONAL SINCE 2018 WITH SUPPORT BY THE OPEN SOCIETY FOUNDATIONS AND THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT.

ANALYSIS BY DR. MATTHEW MACWILLIAMS, WITH INPUT FROM PETROS FASSOULAS AND CHRISTIAN SKRIVERVIK, AND SUPPORT BY MAJA BOBIC AND EMANUEL FERREIRA.

VISUALS AND DISIGN BY ESSENCE CREATIVE.

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