THE WAR WITHIN

EUROPEAN PUBLIC OPINION ON RUSSIA'S INVASION, DEFENDING UKRAINE, AND THE EFFECT ON THE EU

Survey Results 2022
In the weeks after the Russian Federation initiated its war against Ukraine, the European Movement International launched nine country surveys to assess the publics initial reaction to the invasion and gauge baseline and future public support for Ukraine. The countries surveyed included Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Poland and Romania.

In each country, Europeans were asked

- Whether Russia’s war against Ukraine was legitimate or not (on a 1-10 scale),
- Who they blamed for the war,
- Several questions concerning Ukrainian refugees,
- Several questions concerning their support for sanctions - initially and in the future as the ramifications of sanctions affected them personally or their country economically,
- Their views on Russian disinformation,
- Whether Russia’s aggression poses a threat to their nation,
- Their support of NATO,
- Their support of the European Union,
- Whether Russian aggression increases their demand for stronger E.U. policies on energy, defense, migration and other issues of concern,
- Their support of democracy and democratic government (5 question battery),
- Their feelings about Vladimir Putin and the Russian Federation,
- If their support for democracy and democratic institutions in their country has increased or decreased since Russia launched its war on Ukraine,
- And a wide range of other policy, segmentation and demographic questions.

Top-line findings of Europeans’ opinion on these questions are detailed in the following report.

The surveys on which this report is based were conducted online by YouGov, with funding from the Eurasia Program of the Open Society Foundations. The sample size for each country was 600 (except Estonia where the sample was 500). In each country, except Hungary, surveying was completed in March 2022. In Hungary, surveying was done in April after the national election. More detailed analyses of the data can be found in recorded presentations at www.listentopeople.eu.
Cross-comparative graphs on three fundamental European concerns are reported here. They include:

**Legitimacy of Russia’s Invasion of Ukraine:** The conventional wisdom that opposition to Russia’s war against Ukraine was virtually monolithic in Europe was inaccurate. Opinions on the legitimacy of Russia’s war in Ukraine ranged from a high of 47% in Hungary to a low of 14% in Finland. In five of the nine countries surveyed around 3 in 10 citizens agreed the Russian invasion had legitimacy, while in Hungary and Greece more than 4 in 10 citizens perceived Russia’s war as legitimate. Only in Finland and Estonia did public assessments of the legitimacy of Russia’s war fall below 20%.

**European Union Solidarity:** Majorities in all nine countries surveyed agree that “within the European Union, we need to do everything we can to help countries in need.” More than two-thirds of citizens in five of the countries surveyed chose this statement. Sixty-five percent of Estonians and 63% of Hungarians also pick it.
The lowest support for European solidarity, described in this way, was reported in founding European Union members -- France (57%) and Germany (58%).

Consistent Support for Democracy: Consistent support for democracy is assessed using five standard survey questions. Four of these questions come from the World Values Survey.

For a citizen to be considered a consistent supporter of democracy by this methodology, they must choose the pro-democracy answers to all five questions. Consistent support for democracy – democratic norms and institutions – falls below 50% in every country surveyed in 2022. Since 2019 (and in some cases 2021), consistent support for democracy has fallen in most of the countries surveyed. The largest loss of support for democracy was in Germany where support has fallen 18% since 2019 (56% to 38%).
EU Solidarity
Within the EU, We Need to Do Everything We Can to Help Countries in Need

EU Solidarity
Demands for Solidarity Between EU Countries Are Being Pushed too Far

Inconsistent
ESTONIA
SURVEY RESULTS
Estonians are more likely than the citizens of any other country surveyed to say that their country is on the right track (59%). Estonians are also more concerned about Russian aggression, disinformation and threats than citizens in other countries and most supportive of sanctions – even if sanctions harm Estonia’s economy. (Note: Finnish results are comparable to Estonia on most questions.)

Other country highlights include:

- 83% think Russia’s reasons for waging war against Ukraine are not legitimate.

- 82% agree (61% strongly) that Russian disinformation must be stopped -- the highest percentage of agree and strongly agree of any country surveyed.

- 82% agree (48% strongly) that Russia’s attack on Ukraine demonstrates the necessity of a strong, common European Union defense policy. By comparison 82% of Romanians (55% strongly), 76% of Poles (50% strongly) and 76% of Finns (40% strongly) agree with this statement.

- 78% agree (43% strongly) that Russian aggression is a threat to Estonia’s sovereignty – the highest percentage of agree and strongly agree of any country surveyed.

- 77% support (67% strongly) sanctions against Russia. Support for sanctions is greater only in Poland (84%) and Finland (86%).

- 71% support maintaining sanctions even if rising costs resulting from sanctions hurt the Estonian economy. Support for maintaining sanctions is greater only in Finland (75%)

- 50% are paying (in March of 20220) a great deal of attention to events in Ukraine – the highest percentage of any country surveyed.

- 48% trust NATO – second only to trust in NATO in Poland.

- 32% say their satisfaction with democracy in Estonia has increased since Russia’s invasion of Ukraine – the highest percentage of any country surveyed.
TOPLINE DATA: 2022 UKRAINE

EUROPEAN SEGMENTS

ESTONIA

Russian Invasion of Ukraine: Reasons Are... (where 0=legitimate, 100=Illegitimate)

ESTONIA

The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place

ESTONIA

I Worry Constantly About the Future

ESTONIA

Economic Inequality is Growing In Estonia
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Estonia

**ESTONIA**

- Very Dissatisfied: 25
- Somewhat Dissatisfied: 49
- Neither/Nor Dissatisfied: 13
- Somewhat Satisfied: 9
- Very Satisfied: 0

Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic Institutions in Estonia has...

**ESTONIA**

- Decreased: 16
- Stayed About the Same: 49
- Increased: 35

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Estonia

**ESTONIA**

- Decreased: 21
- Stayed About the Same: 46
- Increased: 32

Trust of the Government of Estonia

**ESTONIA**

- High Trust: 41
- Stayed About the Same: 17
- Low Trust: 0

Trust of the Parliament of Estonia

**ESTONIA**

- High Trust: 23
- Low Trust: 17

Trust of the European Union

**ESTONIA**

- High Trust: 36
- Low Trust: 13
**Trust of NATO**

**ESTONIA**

- High Trust: 48
- Low Trust: 12

**Trust of the United States**

**ESTONIA**

- High Trust: 29
- Low Trust: 18

**Trust of the News Media**

**ESTONIA**

- High Trust: 39
- Low Trust: 19

**Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine**

**ESTONIA**

- None: 5
- Not much: 7
- Some: 29
- A great deal: 50

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to Estonia’s Democracy**

**ESTONIA**

- Strongly Agree: 43
- Somewhat Agree: 32
- Neither/ Nor Agree: 13
- Somewhat Disagree: 8
- Strongly Disagree: 4

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to Estonia’s Sovereignty**

**ESTONIA**

- Strongly Agree: 48
- Somewhat Agree: 30
- Neither/ Nor Agree: 16
- Somewhat Disagree: 3
- Strongly Disagree: 5
Estonia’s Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

**ESTONIA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
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Estonia is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

**ESTONIA**

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Estonia Should Put Limits on All Refugees

**ESTONIA**

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Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Estonia up to Three Years

**ESTONIA**

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Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Estonia

**ESTONIA**

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Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Estonian Citizens

**ESTONIA**

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</table>
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to Estonian schools

**ESTONIA**

- Strongly Support: 46
- Somewhat Support: 29
- Neither/Nor Oppose: 17
- Somewhat Oppose: 3
- Strongly Oppose: 0

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

**ESTONIA**

- Strongly Agree: 16
- Somewhat Agree: 3
- Neither/Nor Agree: 14
- Somewhat Disagree: 14
- Strongly Disagree: 0
- Don’t Know: 6

Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**ESTONIA**

- Strongly Support: 67
- Somewhat Support: 10
- Neither/Nor Oppose: 16
- Somewhat Oppose: 4
- Strongly Oppose: 3

Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost Estonia’s Economy

**ESTONIA**

- A Lot: 52
- Somewhat: 28
- Not Very Much: 16
- Nothing At All: 1
- Don’t Know: 6

Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...

**ESTONIA**

- Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine: 55
- A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia: 17
- Ukraine is Defeated and A New Government is Formed in the Country: 4
- The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and Estonia Become Too High: 6
- None of the Above: 18

If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**ESTONIA**

- Maintained: 72
- Reduced Somewhat: 19
- Removed Completely: 9
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Estonia, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Estonia Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Estonian Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

**ESTONIA**

![Chart](chart1.png)

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defense Capability including a Joint Army

**ESTONIA**

![Chart](chart2.png)

NATO or Not?

**ESTONIA**

![Chart](chart3.png)

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any NATO Member. Estonia is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

**ESTONIA**

![Chart](chart4.png)

Favorability -- Vladimir Putin

**ESTONIA**

![Chart](chart5.png)

Favorability -- The Russian Federation

**ESTONIA**

![Chart](chart6.png)
FINLAND
SURVEY RESULTS
SUMMARY

A plurality of Finns (43%) say their country is on the right track. Finland (and Estonia) are the only countries surveyed where the percentage of citizens who think their country is on the right track exceeds those who believe the country is heading in the wrong direction. Trust for the media is also much higher in Finland than other countries surveyed.

Finns’ disapproval of Vladimir Putin is the highest of any country surveyed. They are more likely to blame Putin for the war in Ukraine, agree the war is not legitimate, support sanctions against Russia, support maintaining sanctions even if sanctions cause economic hardships and agree that Russian disinformation must be stopped, than citizens in the other countries surveyed. (Note: Estonian and Finnish attitudes are comparable on most questions.)

Other country highlights include:

- 92% of Finns have an unfavorable opinion of Vladimir Putin (84% very unfavorable) – the highest unfavorable of any country surveyed
- 86% think Russia’s reasons for waging war against Ukraine are not legitimate – the highest percentage of any country surveyed
- 86% support (76% strongly) sanctions against Russia – the highest strongly support and combined (strongly and somewhat) support of any country surveyed.
- 84% agree (59% strongly) that Russian disinformation must be stopped -- the highest total agreement of any country surveyed.
- 76% agree (40% strongly) that Russia’s attack on Ukraine demonstrates the necessity of a strong, common European Union defense policy. By comparison, 82% of Romanians (55% strongly), 76% of Poles (50% strongly), and 82% of Estonians (48% strongly) agree with this statement.
- 75% support maintaining sanctions even if rising costs resulting from sanctions hurt the Finnish economy – the highest total agreement of any country surveyed.
- 70% blame Vladimir Putin for the war in Ukraine – the highest percentage of any country surveyed.
- 65% are satisfied (10% very, 55% somewhat) with the way democracy works in Finland – the highest satisfaction with democracy percentage among all countries surveyed.
- 77% agree (40% strongly) that Russian aggression is a threat to Finnish democracy – the highest total agreement of any country surveyed.
- 46% trust the media – the highest trust in media recorded among all countries surveyed.
- 19% say their satisfaction with democracy in Finland has increased since Russia’s invasion of Ukraine – the second highest percentage of any country surveyed (tied with Germany), but only 3 percentage points higher than those who admit their satisfaction with democracy has decreased.
EUROPEAN SEGMENTS.

FINLAND

Finland is on the wrong track / right track

The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place

I Worry Constantly About the Future

Economic Inequality is Growing In Finland
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Finland

FINLAND

Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic Institutions in Finland has...

FINLAND

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Finland

FINLAND

Trust of the Government of Finland

FINLAND

Trust of the Parliament of Finland

FINLAND

Trust of the European Union

FINLAND
Trust of NATO

FINLAND

Trust of the United States

FINLAND

Trust of the News Media

FINLAND

Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine

FINLAND

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Finland's Democracy

FINLAND

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Finland's Sovereignty

FINLAND
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

FINLAND

Who Is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

FINLAND

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

FINLAND

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

FINLAND

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by Finland

FINLAND

Finland Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine

FINLAND
Finland’s Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about Finland's present policy on Ukrainian refugees.]

Finland Should Put Limits on All Refugees

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about Finland putting limits on all refugees.]

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Finland up to Three Years

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about allowing Ukrainian refugees to stay in Finland up to three years.]

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Finland

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about providing government-sponsored housing for Ukrainian refugees.]

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Finnish Citizens

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about providing the same social benefits as Finnish citizens for Ukrainian refugees.]

Finland is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about Finland's ability to take refugees from Ukraine compared to other regions.]

Finland Should Allow Ukrainian Refugees to Stay in Finland up to Three Years

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about allowing Ukrainian refugees to stay in Finland up to three years.]

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Finnish Citizens

**FINLAND**

![Bar chart showing responses to the statement about providing the same social benefits as Finnish citizens for Ukrainian refugees.]

TOPLINE DATA: 2022 UKRAINE
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to Finnish schools

FINLAND

- Strongly Support: 60%
- Somewhat Support: 26%
- Neither/Nor Oppose: 10%
- Somewhat Oppose: 2%
- Strongly Oppose: 3%

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

FINLAND

- Strongly Agree: 21%
- Somewhat Agree: 29%
- Neither/Nor Agree: 10%
- Somewhat Disagree: 16%
- Strongly Disagree: 16%
- Don’t Know: 6%

Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Will Cost Finlands Economy

FINLAND

- A Lot: 29%
- Somewhat: 56%
- Not Very Much: 6%
- Nothing At All: 0%
- Don’t Know: 0%

Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

FINLAND

- Strongly Support: 76%
- Somewhat Support: 10%
- Neither/Nor Oppose: 10%
- Somewhat Oppose: 1%
- Strongly Oppose: 2%

If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

FINLAND

- Maintained: 80%
- Reduced Somewhat: 15%
- Removed Completely: 5%
- None of the Above: 0%
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

FINLAND

82

13

5

Maintained

Reduced Somewhat

Removed Completely

If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

FINLAND

79

15

6

Maintained

Reduced Somewhat

Removed Completely

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

FINLAND

79

15

6

Maintained

Reduced Somewhat

Removed Completely

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Finland, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

FINLAND

75

19

6

Maintained

Reduced Somewhat

Removed Completely

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Finland Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

FINLAND

75

19

6

Maintained

Reduced Somewhat

Removed Completely

Strongly Agree

Somewhat Agree

Neither/ Nor Agree

Somewhat Disagree

Strongly Disagree

Don't Know

16
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Finnish Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

FINLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

FINLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

FINLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy

FINLAND

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

FINLAND

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

FINLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defense Capability including a Joint Army

FINLAND

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Finland is not a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

FINLAND

Favorability – Vladimir Putin

FINLAND

Favorability – The Russian Federation

FINLAND
FRANCE
SURVEY RESULTS
SUMMARY

Two thirds of citizens in France (65%) say their country is on the wrong track – the second highest wrong track percentage recorded. Almost 9 out of 10 (86%) agree economic inequality is growing in France – the highest percent of agreement recorded among the nine countries surveyed. And more than 4 in 10 (44%) strongly agree economic inequality is on the rise. Eighty-one percent agree (37% strongly agree) that the world is increasingly dangerous place – the highest recorded percentage on this question though statistically the same as attitudes in Poland where 80% agree about the growing global dangers.

While 47% remain consistent supporters of democracy, French citizens say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (37%), as opposed to increased (9%) since the Russian attack on Ukraine. And only 22% strongly agree (total agree 58%) that Russian aggression is a threat to French democracy.

Almost 7 in 10 French citizens (69%) say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, and 61% blame Putin directly for the war.

Just 10% of French have a very favorable opinion of the European Union. Total favorability of the European Union in France is under fifty percent (45%) – similar to the European Union’s total favorability in Greece (35%), Hungary (42%) and Italy 43%.

Strong support for NATO in France (11%) and NATO’s favorability (4% very favorable) are the lowest recorded among all countries surveyed.

Other country highlights include:

- 69% say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, 31% say there was some legitimacy to Russia’s attack.
- 68% agree (34% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped. More than in Greece, Hungary and Italy, but less than in every other country surveyed.
- Just 57% of French agree that “within the European Union we need to do everything we can to help countries in need” – statistically tied with Germany (58%) for the lowest support for solidarity among European Union nations.
- Only 51% support (18% strongly) Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian refugees – the lowest support for TPS among all countries surveyed.
- Strong support for sanctions (39%) in France is greater than only Hungary (21%) and Greece (31%). Total support (67%) for sanctions is similar to attitudes found in Italy (65% support for sanctions).
- Nearly half (47%) support reducing or removing sanctions against Russia entirely if sanctions hurt the French economy.
- Only 13% strongly support (44% total support) allowing Ukrainian refugees to stay in France for up to three years – statistically equivalent to attitudes in Hungary and Italy.
- Only 10% strongly support (35% total support) Ukrainian refugees receiving the same social benefits as French citizens – the lowest support on this question recorded among all countries (36% total support in Hungary).
**European Segments**

**France**

- Enthusiasts: 19
- Moderates: 27
- Ambivalents: 16
- Skeptics: 38

**Russian Invasion of Ukraine: Reasons Are...**

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**France is on the wrong track/ right track**

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**The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place**

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**I Worry Constantly About the Future**

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<td>17</td>
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<td>46</td>
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**Economic Inequality is Growing in France**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Opinion</th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
<th>Neither/Nor Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
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<td>44</td>
<td>42</td>
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<tr>
<td>Somewhat Agree</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neither/Nor Agree</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Somewhat Disagree</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Strongly Disagree</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>44</td>
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<td>2</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in France

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in France

Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic Institutions in France has...

Trust of the Government of France

Trust of the Parliament of France

Trust of the European Union
**Trust of NATO**

France:
- High Trust: 22
- Low Trust: 19

**Trust of the United States**

France:
- High Trust: 27
- Low Trust: 13

**Trust of the News Media**

France:
- High Trust: 33
- Low Trust: 15

**Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine**

France:
- None: 9
- Not much: 12
- A little: 27
- Some: 34
- A great deal: 18

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to France’s Democracy**

France:
- Strongly Agree: 36
- Somewhat Agree: 21
- Neither/ Nor Agree: 15
- Somewhat Disagree: 6
- Strongly Disagree: 22

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to France’s Sovereignty**

France:
- Strongly Agree: 35
- Somewhat Agree: 25
- Neither/ Nor Agree: 15
- Somewhat Disagree: 7
- Strongly Disagree: 17
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

Who Is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by France

France Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine
France is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

France Should Put Limits on All Refugees

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in France up to Three Years

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in France

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as French Citizens

France’s Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

France Should Put Limits on All Refugees

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in France up to Three Years

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Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as French Citizens

France’s Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to French Schools

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
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<td>27</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>21</td>
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</table>

Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>25</td>
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Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost France’s Economy

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A Lot</th>
<th>Somewhat</th>
<th>Not Very Much</th>
<th>Nothing At All</th>
<th>Don’t Know</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>47</td>
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<td>16</td>
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Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine</th>
<th>A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia</th>
<th>Ukraine is Defeated and A New Government is Formed in the Country</th>
<th>The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and France Become Too High</th>
<th>None of the Above</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>15</td>
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</table>

If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maintained</th>
<th>Reduced Somewhat</th>
<th>Removed Completely</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained.

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained.

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in France, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained.

If the Rising Cost of Energy Hurts the Economy of France, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained.

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in France Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation.
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to French Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**FRANCE**

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

**FRANCE**

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

**FRANCE**

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy

**FRANCE**

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defense Capability including a Joint Army

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
<th>Neither/Nor Agree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
<th>Don’t Know</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any NATO Member. France is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
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The EU with France and other EU Members Should Develop Their Own, Common Defense Capabilities

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
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<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
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France Should be Responsible for Its Own Defense

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<td>25</td>
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Don’t Know

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<th>Neither/Nor Agree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
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Favorability -- Vladimir Putin

**FRANCE**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Very Favorable</th>
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<th>Neither Favorable</th>
<th>Somewhat Unfavorable</th>
<th>Very Unfavorable</th>
<th>Don’t Know</th>
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<td>15</td>
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Favorability -- The Russian Federation

**FRANCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Very Favorable</th>
<th>Somewhat Favorable</th>
<th>Neither Favorable</th>
<th>Somewhat Unfavorable</th>
<th>Very Unfavorable</th>
<th>Don’t Know</th>
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<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
GERMANY
SURVEY RESULTS
Among Germans, 53% percent say their country is on the wrong track. Just 38% percent are today consistent supporters of democracy – a drop of 18% percentage points since 2019.

While 66% say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, one third disagree and think Russia had legitimate reasons for going to war with Ukraine.

By a 2 to 1 margin, Germans say their satisfaction with democracy since the Russian invasion of Ukraine has decreased (38%) – only 19% say their satisfaction has increased.

Forty-eight percent of Germans see Russian aggression as a threat to Germany’s democracy, but only 11% view it as a threat to Germany’s sovereignty. More than 6 in 10 Germans (63%) blame Putin for the war in Ukraine – the second highest score behind Finland where 70% says Putin is to blame.

Only 55% support (27% strongly) Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian refugees – tied with Hungary and the second lowest support for TPS among all countries surveyed behind France (51%). And 19% strongly support (45% support) Ukrainian refugees receiving the same social benefits as Germans.

Other country highlights include:

- 75% support (59% strongly support) sanctions against Russia.
- 73% agree (49% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped.
- 73% agree (44% strongly agree) that the Russian attack on Ukraine demonstrates the need for a strong, common EU defense policy.
- 62% say sanctions against Russia should be maintained even if they harm Germany’s economy.
- Just 58% of Germans agree that “within the European Union we need to do everything we can to help countries in need” – statistically tied with France (57%) for the lowest support for solidarity among European Union nations.
TOPLINE DATA: 2022 UKRAINE

EUROPEAN SEGMENTS:

GERMANY

- Enthusiasts: 32
- Moderates: 30
- Ambivalents: 14
- Skeptics: 24

Russian Invasion of Ukraine:
Reasons Are… (where 0=legitimate, 100=illegitimate)

GERMANY

- 0-10: 8
- 11-39: 49
- 40-60: 53
- 61-89: 13
- 90-100: 4

Germany is on the wrong track / right track

GERMANY

- Wrong Track: 53
- Right Track: 34
- Don't Know: 13

The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place

GERMANY

- Strongly Agree: 23
- Somewhat Agree: 23
- Neither/Nor Agree: 7
- Somewhat Disagree: 3
- Strongly Disagree: 2

I Worry Constantly About the Future

GERMANY

- Strongly Agree: 16
- Somewhat Agree: 32
- Neither/Nor Agree: 3
- Somewhat Disagree: 1
- Strongly Disagree: 7

Economic Inequality is Growing In Germany

GERMANY

- Strongly Agree: 26
- Somewhat Agree: 33
- Neither/Nor Agree: 7
- Somewhat Disagree: 3
- Strongly Disagree: 1
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Germany

GERMANY

Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic Institutions in Germany has...

GERMANY

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Germany

GERMANY

Trust of the Government of Germany

GERMANY

Trust of the Government of Germany

GERMANY

Trust of the European Union

GERMANY
**Trust of NATO**

**Germany**

- **High Trust**: 40
- **Low Trust**: 17

**Trust of the United States**

**Germany**

- **High Trust**: 27
- **Low Trust**: 22

**Trust of the News Media**

**Germany**

- **High Trust**: 37
- **Low Trust**: 19

**Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine**

**Germany**

- **None**: 9
- **Not much**: 7
- **A little**: 18
- **Some**: 38
- **A great deal**: 28

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to Germany’s Sovereignty**

**Germany**

- **Strongly Agree**: 48
- **Somewhat Agree**: 25
- **Neither/ Nor Agree**: 13
- **Somewhat Disagree**: 8
- **Strongly Disagree**: 7

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to Germany’s Democracy**

**Germany**

- **Strongly Agree**: 11
- **Somewhat Agree**: 12
- **Neither/ Nor Agree**: 31
- **Somewhat Disagree**: 20
- **Strongly Disagree**: 26
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

Who Is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by Germany

Germany Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine
Germany is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

Germany Should Put Limits on All Refugees

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Germany up to Three Years

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Germany

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as German Citizens

Germany’s Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to German schools

GERMANY

- 39% Strongly Support
- 32% Somewhat Support
- 21% Neither/Nor Oppose
- 0% Somewhat Oppose
- 0% Strongly Oppose

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

GERMANY

- 26% Strongly Agree
- 27% Somewhat Agree
- 22% Neither/Nor Agree
- 13% Somewhat Disagree
- 13% Strongly Disagree
- 13% Don’t Know

Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

GERMANY

- 59% Strongly Support
- 16% Somewhat Support
- 16% Neither/Nor Oppose
- 6% Somewhat Oppose
- 0% Strongly Oppose

Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost Germany’s Economy

GERMANY

- 48% A Lot
- 37% Somewhat
- 16% Not Very Much
- 8% Nothing At All
- 8% Don’t Know

Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...

GERMANY

- Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine: 36%
- A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia: 36%
- Ukraine is Defeated and A New Government is Formed in the Country: 6%
- The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and Germany Become Too High: 7%
- None of the Above: 15%

If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

GERMANY

- 63% Maintained
- 22% Reduced Somewhat
- 16% Removed Completely
- 8% None of the Above
If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**GERMANY**

- **Maintained**: 65%
- **Reduced Somewhat**: 20%
- **Removed Completely**: 16%

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**GERMANY**

- **Maintained**: 67%
- **Reduced Somewhat**: 18%
- **Removed Completely**: 15%

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Germany, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**GERMANY**

- **Maintained**: 58%
- **Reduced Somewhat**: 25%
- **Removed Completely**: 17%

If the Rising Cost of Energy Hurts the Economy of Germany, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**GERMANY**

- **Maintained**: 62%
- **Reduced Somewhat**: 12%
- **Removed Completely**: 16%

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Germany Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**GERMANY**

- **Strongly Agree**: 31%
- **Somewhat Agree**: 27%
- **Neither/Nor Agree**: 15%
- **Somewhat Disagree**: 8%
- **Strongly Disagree**: 9%
- **Don't Know**: 10%

**TOPLINE DATA: 2022 UKRAINE**

---

52  

**GERMANY**
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to German Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

GERMANY

Strongly Agree | Somewhat Agree | Neither/ Nor Agree | Somewhat Disagree | Strongly Disagree | Don't Know

12 | 23 | 35 | 6 | 6 | 19

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

GERMANY

Strongly Agree | Somewhat Agree | Neither/ Nor Agree | Somewhat Disagree | Strongly Disagree | Don't Know

12 | 23 | 35 | 6 | 6 | 19

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

GERMANY

Strongly Agree | Somewhat Agree | Neither/ Nor Agree | Somewhat Disagree | Strongly Disagree | Don't Know

26 | 36 | 21 | 4 | 6 | 7

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...

GERMANY

Not a Security Risk to Germany & the EU.

9

A Security Risk to Germany & EU. We Cannot Avoid. We need the Energy.

21

A Security Risk to Germany & EU. We Must switch to Clean Energy Faster.

35

A Security Risk to Germany & EU. We Must Invest in Nuclear Power and Switch to Clean Energy Faster.

21

None of the Above.

14

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

GERMANY

Strongly Agree | Somewhat Agree | Neither/ Nor Agree | Somewhat Disagree | Strongly Disagree | Don't Know

44 | 29 | 13 | 4 | 4 | 7

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy

GERMANY

Strongly Agree | Somewhat Agree | Neither/ Nor Agree | Somewhat Disagree | Strongly Disagree | Don't Know

35 | 35 | 15 | 6 | 6 | 7
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

**GERMANY**

![Bar chart showing responses to the energy policy statement in Germany.]

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defense Capability including a Joint Army

**GERMANY**

![Bar chart showing responses to the defense policy statement in Germany.]

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Germany is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

**GERMANY**

![Bar chart showing responses to the NATO support statement in Germany.]

Favorability — Vladimir Putin

**GERMANY**

![Bar chart showing responses to Vladimir Putin's favorability rating in Germany.]

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54 TOPLINE DATA: 2022 UKRAINE
GREECE
SURVEY RESULTS
More than 40% of Greeks (44%) think Russia's reasons for invading Ukraine are legitimate – the second highest score of all countries surveyed. Only 27% of Greeks blame Putin for the war in Ukraine – the lowest percentage of the nine countries surveyed. And like Hungarians, 21% of Greeks blame the United States for the Ukrainian war. When it comes to ascribing blame for the war in Ukraine, both Greece and Hungary are outliers.

Fifty-two percent of Greeks support sanctions (31% strongly) against Russia – the second lowest percentage (after Hungary) recorded among the nine countries surveyed. And reducing and removing sanctions, if they harm Greek's economy, is favored by 64% of Greeks – the second highest percentage among all survey countries.

While 45% of Greeks are consistent supporters of democracy and, by a 4-to-1 margin, Greeks say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (40%), as opposed to increased (9%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine. Only 36% view (just 10% strongly) Russian aggression as a threat to Greece's democracy.

Other country highlights include:

- 81% agree that "within the European Union we need to do everything we can to help countries in need."
- 76% agree (34% strongly agree) they worry constantly about the future.
- 44% think Russia's reasons for waging war against Ukraine are legitimate – the highest percent age of any country surveyed.
- Only 34% support (15% strongly) NATO – the lowest total support for NATO found among all nine countries surveyed.
- Only 25% strongly agree that Russian disinformation must stop.
- 23% oppose (10% strongly) sanctions against Russia – the second highest opposition recorded among all countries surveyed.
- Only 10% strongly agree that Russian aggression is a threat to Greece's democracy.
EUROPEAN SEGMENTS:

GREECE

Russian Invasion of Ukraine:
Reasons Are... (where 0=legitimate, 100=Illegitimate)

GREECE

The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place

GREECE

I Worry Constantly About the Future

GREECE

Economic Inequality is Growing In Greece
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Greece

**GREECE**

- **Very Dissatisfied**: 23%
- **Somewhat Dissatisfied**: 30%
- **Neither/ Nor Dissatisfied**: 28%
- **Somewhat Satisfied**: 18%
- **Very Satisfied**: 3%

Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic Institutions in Greece has...

**GREECE**

- **Decreased**: 23%
- **Stayed About the Same**: 52%
- **Increased**: 25%

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Greece

**GREECE**

- **Decreased**: 40%
- **Stayed About the Same**: 52%
- **Increased**: 9%

Trust of the Government of Greece

**GREECE**

- **High Trust**: 42%
- **Stayed About the Same**: 19%
- **Low Trust**: 9%

Trust of the Parliament of Greece

**GREECE**

- **High Trust**: 36%
- **Low Trust**: 15%

Trust of the European Union

**GREECE**

- **High Trust**: 30%
- **Low Trust**: 20%
Trust of NATO

GREECE

Trust of the United States

GREECE

Trust of the News Media

GREECE

Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine

GREECE

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Greece’s Democracy

GREECE

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Greece’s Sovereignty

GREECE
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

Greece

- Strongly Agree: 25
- Somewhat Agree: 27
- Neither/Nor Agree: 34
- Somewhat Disagree: 7
- Strongly Disagree: 6

Who is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

Greece

- Putin: 27
- The Russian Federation: 2
- NATO: 8
- The European Union: 2
- The United States: 21
- All of the Above: 22
- Don't Know: 9

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

Greece

- Strongly Support: 23
- Somewhat Support: 36
- Neither/Nor Oppose: 29
- Somewhat Oppose: 8
- Strongly Oppose: 4

Approve/Disapprove of Handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

Greece

- Strongly Disapprove: 37
- Somewhat Disapprove: 12
- Neither/Nor Disapprove: 3
- Somewhat Approve: 7
- Strongly Approve: 28

Approve/Disapprove of Handling of Ukraine Refugees by Greece

Greece

- Strongly Disapprove: 17
- Somewhat Disapprove: 31
- Neither/Nor Disapprove: 28
- Somewhat Approve: 14
- Strongly Approve: 14
- Don't Know: 6

Greece Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine

Greece

- Strongly Agree: 39
- Somewhat Agree: 39
- Neither/Nor Agree: 14
- Somewhat Disagree: 17
- Strongly Disagree: 14
- Don’t Know: 6
Greece’s Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

Greece is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

Greece Should Put Limits on All Refugees

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Greece up to Three Years

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Greece

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Greek Citizens
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to Greek schools

**GREECE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/No Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
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<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>38</td>
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Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

**GREECE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
<th>Neither/No Agree</th>
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<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
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Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**GREECE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/No Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
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<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>10</td>
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Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost Greece's Economy

**GREECE**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>A Lot</th>
<th>Somewhat</th>
<th>Not Very Much</th>
<th>Nothing At All</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>11</td>
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</table>

Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...

**GREECE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine</th>
<th>A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia</th>
<th>Ukraine is Defeated and A New Government is Formed in the Country</th>
<th>The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and Greece Become Too High</th>
<th>None of the Above</th>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
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If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**GREECE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maintained</th>
<th>Reduced Somewhat</th>
<th>Removed Completely</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained or Reduced Somewhat.

If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained or Reduced Somewhat.

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained or Reduced Somewhat.

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Greece, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained or Reduced Somewhat.

If the Rising Cost of Energy Hurts the Economy of Greece, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained or Reduced Somewhat.

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Greece Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation.
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Greek Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs for Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**Greece**

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

Importing Energy from Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

**Greece**
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

Greece

NATO or Not?

The Responsibility for Defending Europe Should Continue to Be Guaranteed by NATO with the Support of the United States

The EU with Greece and other EU Members Should Develop Their Own, Common Defense Capabilities

Greece Should be Responsible for Its Own Defense

Don’t Know

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Greece is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

Favorability – Vladimir Putin

Favorability – The Russian Federation
HUNGARY
SURVEY RESULTS
Almost half of Hungarians (47%) think Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are legitimate – the highest score of all countries surveyed. Only 30% of Hungarians blame Putin for the war in Ukraine – the second lowest percentage of the nine countries surveyed. (27% Twenty-seven percent of Greeks blamed Putin.) And like the Greeks, 21% of Hungarians blame the United States for the war in Ukraine. When it comes to ascribing blame for the war in Ukraine, both Hungary and Greece are outliers.

Just 38% of Hungarians support (12% strongly) allowing Ukrainian refugees to remain in Hungary for up to three years – the lowest support percentage recorded among the nine countries surveyed. Only 42% of Hungarians support (21% strongly) sanctions against Russia – again the lowest percentage recorded among the nine countries surveyed. And reducing and removing sanctions, if they harm Hungary’s economy, is favored by 71% of Hungarians – the highest percentage among all survey countries.

Just 29% of Hungarians are consistent supporters of democracy and, by a 2-to-1 margin, Hungarians say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (30%), as opposed to increased (14%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine.

Other country highlights include:

· 47% think Russia’s reasons for waging war against Ukraine are legitimate – the highest percentage of any country surveyed.

· Only 36% support (12% strongly) Ukrainian refugees receiving the same social benefits as Hungarians – statistically tied with France (35%) for the lowest support for refugees recorded among all countries surveyed.

· Only 28% strongly agree that Russian disinformation must stop.

· 28% oppose (16% strongly) sanctions against Russia – the highest opposition recorded among all countries surveyed.
**EUROPEAN SEGMENTS**

**Russian Invasion of Ukraine:**
Reasons Are… (where 0=legitimate, 100=Illegitimate)

**Enthusiasts**

**Moderates**

**Ambivalents**

**Skeptics**

**Hungary is on the wrong track / right track**

**The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place**

**I Worry Constantly About the Future**

**Economic Inequality is Growing In Hungary**
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Hungary

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Hungary

Trust of the Government of Hungary

Trust of the Parliament of Hungary

Trust of the European Union
Trust of NATO

HUNGARY

High Trust: 36
Low Trust: 12

Trust of the United States

HUNGARY

High Trust: 31
Low Trust: 19

Trust of the News Media

HUNGARY

High Trust: 44
Low Trust: 16

Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine

HUNGARY

None: 8
Not much: 13
A little: 17
Some: 34
A great deal: 28

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Hungary’s Democracy

HUNGARY

Strongly Agree: 20
Somewhat Agree: 25
Neither/Nor Agree: 26
Somewhat Disagree: 16
Strongly Disagree: 13

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Hungary’s Sovereignty

HUNGARY

Strongly Agree: 17
Somewhat Agree: 24
Neither/Nor Agree: 32
Somewhat Disagree: 14
Strongly Disagree: 14
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

HUNGARY

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

HUNGARY

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by Hungary

HUNGARY

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

HUNGARY

Hungary Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine

HUNGARY
Hungary's Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

**Hungary**

- **Strongly Agree**
- **Somewhat Agree**
- **Neither/Nor Agree**
- **Somewhat Disagree**
- **Strongly Disagree**
- **Don't Know**

Hungary is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

**Hungary**

- **Strongly Agree**
- **Somewhat Agree**
- **Neither/Nor Agree**
- **Somewhat Disagree**
- **Strongly Disagree**
- **Don't Know**

Hungary Should Put Limits on All Refugees

**Hungary**

- **Strongly Agree**
- **Somewhat Agree**
- **Neither/Nor Agree**
- **Somewhat Disagree**
- **Strongly Disagree**
- **Don't Know**

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Hungary up to Three Years

**Hungary**

- **Strongly Support**
- **Somewhat Support**
- **Neither/Nor Oppose**
- **Somewhat Oppose**
- **Strongly Oppose**
- **Don't Know**

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Hungary

**Hungary**

- **Strongly Support**
- **Somewhat Support**
- **Neither/Nor Oppose**
- **Somewhat Oppose**
- **Strongly Oppose**
- **Don't Know**

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Hungarian Citizens

**Hungary**

- **Strongly Support**
- **Somewhat Support**
- **Neither/Nor Oppose**
- **Somewhat Oppose**
- **Strongly Oppose**
- **Don't Know**
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to Hungarian Schools

HUNGARY

- Strongly Support: 34
- Somewhat Support: 27
- Neither/ Nor Oppose: 9
- Somewhat Oppose: 8
- Strongly Oppose: 22

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

HUNGARY

- Strongly Agree: 39
- Somewhat Agree: 31
- Neither/ Nor Agree: 18
- Somewhat Disagree: 12
- Strongly Disagree: 8
- Don't Know: 5

Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

HUNGARY

- Strongly Support: 21
- Somewhat Support: 21
- Neither/ Nor Oppose: 12
- Somewhat Oppose: 16
- Strongly Oppose: 31

Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost Hungarys Economy

HUNGARY

- A Lot: 29
- Somewhat: 44
- Not Very Much: 12
- Nothing At All: 12
- Don't Know: 5

Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...

HUNGARY

- Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine: 22
- A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia: 36
- Ukraine is Defeated and A New Government is Formed in the Country: 7
- The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and Hungary Become Too High: 8
- None of the Above: 27

If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

HUNGARY

- Maintained: 30
- Reduced Somewhat: 39
- Removed Completely: 31
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained

If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Hungary, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be Maintained

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Hungary Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

Strongly Agree: 21
Somewhat Agree: 32
Neither/Nor Agree: 30
Somewhat Disagree: 6
Strongly Disagree: 6
Don't Know: 6
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Hungary Hurt by Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

HUNGARY

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

HUNGARY

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

HUNGARY

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy

HUNGARY

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

HUNGARY

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

HUNGARY

Strongly Agree
Somewhat Agree
Neither/ Nor Agree
Somewhat Disagree
Strongly Disagree
Don’t Know

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defense Capability including a Joint Army

HUNGARY

Strongly Agree
Somewhat Agree
Neither/ Nor Agree
Somewhat Disagree
Strongly Disagree
Don’t Know

NATO or Not?

HUNGARY

The Responsibility for Defending Europe Should Continue to Be Guaranteed by NATO with the Support of the United States
The EU with Hungary and other EU Members Should Develop Their Own, Common Defense Capabilities
Hungary Should be Responsible for Its Own Defense
Don’t Know

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Hungary is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

HUNGARY

Strongly Support
Somewhat Support
Neither/ Nor Oppose
Somewhat Oppose
Strongly Oppose
Don’t Know

Favorability -- Vladimir Putin

HUNGARY

Very Favorable
Somewhat Favorable
Neither Favorable Nor Unfavorable
Somewhat Unfavorable
Very Unfavorable
Don’t Know

Favorability -- The Russian Federation

HUNGARY

Very Favorable
Somewhat Favorable
Neither Favorable Nor Unfavorable
Somewhat Unfavorable
Very Unfavorable
Don’t Know
Favorability -- The Russian People

HUNGARY

Favorability -- The European Union

HUNGARY

Favorability -- NATO

HUNGARY

Favorability -- Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy

HUNGARY

Favorability -- The United States

HUNGARY
ITALY
SURVEY RESULTS
A majority of Italians (56%) say their country is on the wrong track while 45% remain consistent supporters of democracy. By a 4-to-1 margin, Italians say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (42%), as opposed to increased (10%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine. Only 21% strongly agree (total agree 55%) that Russian aggression is a threat to Italy’s democracy.

Two-thirds of Italians (67%) say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate. But only 43% blame Putin directly for the war.

Just 9% of Italians have a very favorable opinion of the European Union – tied with Hungary. And only 12% strongly support (total support 45%) allowing Ukrainian refugees to remain in Italy for up to three years.

Other country highlights include:

- 67% think Russia’s reasons for waging war against Ukraine are not legitimate.

- 65% support sanctions against Russia.

- A majority (51%) support reducing or removing sanctions completely if sanctions harm Italy’s economy – Hungary (71%) and Greece (64%) are the only other countries surveyed where a majority of citizens favor cutting sanctions if they produce economic harm (47% of citizens in France also support removing and reducing sanctions if they are harmful to the French economy).

- Only 21% of Italians strongly support NATO – the third lowest strong support score in countries surveyed after France (11%) and Greece (15%). Total support for NATO in Italy was 50%.
EUROPEAN SEGMENTS

ITALY

Russian Invasion of Ukraine: Reasons Are...

(0=legitimate, 100=illegitimate)

ITALY

The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place

ITALY

I Worry Constantly About the Future

ITALY

Economic Inequality is Growing In Italy

ITALY
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Italy

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Italy has decreased.

Trust of the Government of Italy

Trust of the Parliament of Italy

Trust of the European Union
Trust of NATO

ITALY

Trust of the United States

ITALY

Trust of the News Media

ITALY

Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine

ITALY

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Italy's Democracy

ITALY

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Italy's Sovereignty

ITALY
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

ITALY

Strongly Agree: 34
Somewhat Agree: 30
Neither/ Nor Agree: 23
Somewhat Disagree: 7
Strongly Disagree: 6

Who Is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

ITALY

Putin: 43
The Russian Federation: 13
NATO: 11
Ukraine: 8
The European Union: 1
The United States: 14
All of the Above: 14
Don't Know: 8

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

ITALY

Strongly Support: 35
Somewhat Support: 28
Neither/ Nor Oppose: 7
Somewhat Oppose: 7
Strongly Oppose: 0

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

ITALY

Strongly Disapprove: 44
Somewhat Disapprove: 11
Neither/ Nor Disapprove: 33
Somewhat Approve: 4
Strongly Approve: 0

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by Italy

ITALY

Strongly Disapprove: 9
Somewhat Disapprove: 30
Neither/ Nor Approve: 13
Somewhat Approve: 33
Strongly Approve: 0

Italy Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine

ITALY

Strongly Agree: 24
Somewhat Agree: 30
Neither/ Nor Agree: 18
Somewhat Disagree: 12
Strongly Disagree: 12
Don't Know: 5
Italy's Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

ITALY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
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<th>Don't Know</th>
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<td>33</td>
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Italy is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

ITALY

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Italy Should Put Limits on All Refugees

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Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Italy up to Three Years

ITALY

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Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Italy

ITALY

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Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Italian Citizens

ITALY

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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to Italian schools

**ITALY**

![Chart showing support/opposition]

Strongly Support: 34
Somewhat Support: 38
Neither/Nor Oppose: 20
Somewhat Oppose: 10
Strongly Oppose: 9

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

**ITALY**

![Chart showing support/opposition]

Strongly Agree: 24
Somewhat Agree: 27
Neither/Nor Agree: 5
Somewhat Disagree: 3
Strongly Disagree: 2

Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**ITALY**

![Chart showing support/opposition]

Strongly Support: 42
Somewhat Support: 25
Neither/Nor Oppose: 19
Somewhat Oppose: 8
Strongly Oppose: 9

Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost Italy's Economy

**ITALY**

![Chart showing support/opposition]

A Lot: 40
Somewhat: 43
Not Very Much: 8
Nothing At All: 2
Don't Know: 7

Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...

**ITALY**

![Chart showing support/opposition]

Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine: 31
A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia: 39
Ukraine is Defeated and A New Government is Formed in the Country: 4
The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and Italy Become Too High: 6
None of the Above: 20

If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**HUNGARY**

![Chart showing support/opposition]

Maintained: 30
Reduced Somewhat: 39
Removed Completely: 31

If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

ITALY

If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

ITALY

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

ITALY

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Italy, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

ITALY

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Italy Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

ITALY
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Italian Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

**ITALLY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Defense Capability Including a Joint Army

**ITALY**

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Under the NATO Common Defense Agreement, a Military Attack Against Any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond to an Attack Against Any NATO Member. Italy is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

**ITALY**

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NATO or Not?

**ITALY**

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<td>47</td>
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The Responsibility for Defending Europe Should Continue to Be Guaranteed by NATO with the Support of the United States. The EU with Italy and Other EU Members Should Develop Their Own, Common Defense Capabilities. Italy Should Be Responsible for Its Own Defense.

**ITALY**

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<td>27</td>
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</table>

Favorability -- Vladimir Putin

**ITALY**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Very Favorable</th>
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Favorability -- The Russian Federation

**ITALY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Very Favorable</th>
<th>Somewhat Favorable</th>
<th>Neither/Favorable</th>
<th>Somewhat Unfavorable</th>
<th>Very Unfavorable</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>28</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
POLAND
SURVEY RESULTS
SUMMARY

Seventy percent of Poles say their country is on the wrong track – the highest wrong track percentage recorded. More Poles (40%) strongly agree that the world is an increasingly dangerous place than the citizens in the other countries surveyed. A total of 8 in 10 Poles agree the world is a dangerous place. Only in France (81% agree) do more people feel more threatened by the world.

More than 7 in 10 of Poles (72%) say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate – more than in Hungary (53%), Greece (56%), Germany (66%), Italy (67%), and Romania (69%).

Strong support (61%) for NATO in Poland is higher than in every other country surveyed and 50% of Poles highly trust NATO. Only high trust for NATO in Romania (51%) surpasses trust for NATO in Poland.

Forty-three percent of Poles strongly agree that Russian aggression is a threat to Polish democracy and sovereignty. By comparison, 48% of Germans see Russian aggression as a threat to Germany’s democracy, but only 11% view it as a threat to Germany’s sovereignty. Polish attitudes on the threat posed by Russia are more in line with Estonia where 43% see Russian aggression as a threat to democracy and 48% perceive Russia as a threat to Estonia’s sovereignty.

Almost 8 in 10 Poles (79%) support solidarity among European Union countries choosing the statement “within the EU we need to do everything we can to help countries in need.”

Other country highlights include:

- 84% support (76% strongly support) sanctions against Russia - tied with the Finns for strong support for sanctions.

- 79% agree (55% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped - tied with Romania (55% strongly agree) and behind only (Estonia 61% strongly agree) and Finland (59% strongly agree).

- 76% agree (50% strongly agree) that the Russian attack on Ukraine demonstrates the need for a strong, common EU defense policy.

- 72% say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, 28% say there was some legitimacy to Russia’s attack.

- 65% say sanctions against Russia should be maintained even if they harm Poland’s economy and only 9% favor removing sanctions completely in this case.
EUROPEAN SEGMENTS

POLAND

Russian Invasion of Ukraine: Reasons Are... (where 0=legitimate, 100=Illegitimate)

POLAND

The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place

Poland is on the wrong track / right track

Economic Inequality is Growing In Poland

I Worry Constantly About the Future
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Poland

POLAND

25 Very Dissatisfied
26 Somewhat Dissatisfied
21 Neither/Nor Dissatisfied
22 Somewhat Satisfied
6 Very Satisfied

Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic Institutions in Poland has...

Poland

59 Decreased
21 Stayed About the Same
20 Increased

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Poland

POLAND

27 Decreased
57 Stayed About the Same
16 Increased

Trust of the Government of Poland

POLAND

47 High Trust
20 Stayed About the Same

Trust of the Parliament of Poland

POLAND

18 High Trust
38 Low Trust

Trust of the European Union

POLAND

39 High Trust
16 Low Trust
TOPLINE DATA: 2022 UKRAINE

**Trust of NATO**

**POLAND**

- **High Trust**: 50
- **Low Trust**: 9

**Trust of the United States**

**POLAND**

- **High Trust**: 40
- **Low Trust**: 12

**Trust of the News Media**

**POLAND**

- **High Trust**: 31
- **Low Trust**: 15

**Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine**

**POLAND**

- **None**: 7
- **Somewhat**: 12
- **A little**: 9
- **Some**: 36
- **A great deal**: 37

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to Poland’s Democracy**

**POLAND**

- **Strongly Agree**: 43
- **Somewhat Agree**: 29
- **Neither/ Nor Agree**: 17
- **Somewhat Disagree**: 6
- **Strongly Disagree**: 6

**Russian Aggression is a Threat to Poland’s Sovereignty**

**POLAND**

- **Strongly Agree**: 43
- **Somewhat Agree**: 29
- **Neither/ No Agree**: 16
- **Somewhat Disagree**: 7
- **Strongly Disagree**: 6
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

**POLAND**

- Strongly Agree: 55
- Somewhat Agree: 24
- Neither/Nor Agree: 13
- Somewhat Disagree: 4
- Strongly Disagree: 0

Who Is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

**POLAND**

- Putin: 54
- The Russian Federation: 31
- NATO: 1
- Ukraine: 1
- The United States: 2
- The European Union: 4
- All of the Above: 0
- Don't Know: 1

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

**POLAND**

- Strongly Support: 31
- Somewhat Support: 29
- Neither/Nor Oppose: 11
- Somewhat Oppose: 6
- Strongly Oppose: 0

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

**POLAND**

- Strongly Disapprove: 37
- Somewhat Disapprove: 11
- Neither/Nor Disapprove: 30
- Somewhat Approve: 3
- Strongly Approve: 0

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by Poland

**POLAND**

- Strongly Disapprove: 41
- Somewhat Disapprove: 23
- Neither/Nor Disapprove: 18
- Somewhat Approve: 27
- Strongly Approve: 13

Poland Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine

**POLAND**

- Strongly Agree: 23
- Somewhat Agree: 27
- Neither/Nor Agree: 18
- Somewhat Disagree: 15
- Strongly Disagree: 0
- Don't Know: 0
Poland's Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

**Poland**

Strongly Agree: 7
Somewhat Agree: 25
Neither/Nor Agree: 18
Somewhat Disagree: 9
Strongly Disagree: 6
Don't Know: 0

Poland Is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

**Poland**

Strongly Agree: 17
Somewhat Agree: 28
Neither/Nor Agree: 27
Somewhat Disagree: 9
Strongly Disagree: 6
Don't Know: 0

Poland Should Put Limits on All Refugees

**Poland**

Strongly Agree: 13
Somewhat Agree: 28
Neither/Nor Agree: 26
Somewhat Disagree: 15
Strongly Disagree: 11
Don't Know: 6

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Poland up to Three Years

**Poland**

Strongly Support: 22
Somewhat Support: 28
Neither/Nor Oppose: 30
Somewhat Oppose: 12
Strongly Oppose: 8

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Poland

**Poland**

Strongly Support: 11
Somewhat Support: 19
Neither/Nor Oppose: 29
Somewhat Oppose: 24
Strongly Oppose: 17

Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Polish Citizens

**Poland**

Strongly Support: 21
Somewhat Support: 23
Neither/Nor Oppose: 26
Somewhat Oppose: 17
Strongly Oppose: 12
Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to Polish schools

**Poland**

- Strongly Support: 37
- Somewhat Support: 35
- Neither/ Nor Oppose: 18
- Somewhat Oppose: 7
- Strongly Oppose: 5

Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over

**Poland**

- Strongly Agree: 18
- Somewhat Agree: 22
- Neither/ Nor Agree: 7
- Somewhat Disagree: 16
- Strongly Disagree: 4

Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

**Poland**

- Strongly Support: 76
- Somewhat Support: 11
- Neither/ Nor Oppose: 2
- Somewhat Oppose: 3
- Strongly Oppose: 4

Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost Poland's Economy

**Poland**

- A Lot: 36
- Somewhat: 44
- Not Very Much: 10
- Nothing At All: 2
- Don't Know: 8

Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...

**Poland**

- Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine: 45
- A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia: 22
- Ukraine is Defeated and a New Government is Formed in the Country: 4
- The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and Poland Become Too High: 10
- None of the Above: 20

If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

**Poland**

- Maintained: 66
- Reduced Somewhat: 25
- Removed Completely: 10
If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

Poland

- Maintained: 69%
- Reduced Somewhat: 22%
- Removed Completely: 9%

If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

Poland

- Maintained: 68%
- Reduced Somewhat: 22%
- Removed Completely: 10%

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

Poland

- Maintained: 67%
- Reduced Somewhat: 23%
- Removed Completely: 10%

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Poland, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

Poland

- Maintained: 66%
- Reduced Somewhat: 25%
- Removed Completely: 10%

If the Rising Cost of Energy Hurts the Economy of Poland, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

Poland

- Maintained: 65%
- Reduced Somewhat: 26%
- Removed Completely: 9%

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Poland Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

Poland

- Strongly Agree: 30%
- Somewhat Agree: 33%
- Neither/Nor Agree: 27%
- Somewhat Disagree: 9%
- Strongly Disagree: 2%
- Don't Know: 5%
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Polish Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

POLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

POLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

POLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy

POLAND

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

POLAND

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...

POLAND

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defence Policy
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

POLAND

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any Nato Member. Poland is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

POLAND

Favorability — Vladimir Putin

POLAND

Favorability — The Russian Federation
ROMANIA
SURVEY RESULTS
Two thirds of Romanians (65%) say their country is on the wrong track - the second highest wrong track percentage recorded. Almost 5 in 10 (47%) strongly agree economic inequality is growing in Romania. Seventy-one percent agree (39% strongly agree) that they worry constantly about the future - the second highest recorded percentage on this question behind Greece.

Only 22% are consistent supporters of democracy and, by a 5 to 1 margin, Romanians say their satisfaction with democracy has decreased (51%), as opposed to increased (9%), since the Russian attack on Ukraine.

Almost 7 in 10 of Romanians (69%) say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, but just 49% blame Putin directly for the war - another 21% say the Russia Federation bears prime responsibility for the war.

Strong support for NATO in Romania (52%) is higher than every country surveyed except Poland (61%) and Estonia (59%). And a majority of Romanians strongly agree (55%) that the Russian attack on Ukraine demonstrates the need for a strong, common European Union defense policy.

Other country highlights include:

- 75% agree (55% strongly agree) that Russian disinformation must be stopped - tied with Poland (55% strongly agree) and behind only (Estonia 61% strongly agree) and Finland (59% strongly agree).

- 70% support (54% strongly support) sanctions against Russia.

- 69% say Russia’s reasons for invading Ukraine are not legitimate, 31% say there was some legitimacy to Russia’s attack.

- 63% agree (32% strongly agree) that Russian aggression is a threat to democracy in Romania.

- Nearly half (47%) support reducing or removing sanctions against Russia entirely if sanctions hurt the Romanian economy.
European Parliament: Segments

Romania

Enthusiasts 30
Moderates 31
Ambivalents 14
Skeptics 24

Russian Invasion of Ukraine: Reasons Are… (where 0=legitimate, 100=Illegitimate)

Romania

Legitimate 8
Some legitimate/Some illegitimate 9
Illegitimate 47

Romania is on the wrong track / right track

Romania

Wrong Track 65
Right Track 23
Don't Know 12

The World is an Increasingly Dangerous Place

Romania

Strongly Agree 33
Somewhat Agree 38
Neither/ Nor Agree 18
Somewhat Disagree 8
Strongly Disagree 4

I Worry Constantly About the Future

Romania

Strongly Agree 39
Somewhat Agree 32
Neither/ Nor Agree 21
Somewhat Disagree 6
Strongly Disagree 4

Economic Inequality is Growing In Romania

Romania

Strongly Agree 47
Somewhat Agree 29
Neither/ No Agree 18
Somewhat Disagree 3
Strongly Disagree 5
Satisfied with the Way Democracy Works in Romania

Since Russian Invasion, My Support for Democracy and Democratic Institutions in Romania has...

Since Russian Invasion, Satisfaction with Democracy in Romania

Trust of the Government of Romania

Trust of the Parliament of Romania

Trust of the European Union
Trust of NATO

ROMANIA

High Trust: 51
Low Trust: 13

Trust of the United States

ROMANIA

High Trust: 36
Low Trust: 21

Trust of the News Media

ROMANIA

High Trust: 32
Low Trust: 22

Attention Paid Daily to News About Russian Invasion of Ukraine

ROMANIA

None: 7
Not much: 15
Little: 12
Some: 34
A great deal: 32

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Romania's Democracy

ROMANIA

Strongly Agree: 32
Somewhat Agree: 31
Neither/Nor Agree: 20
Somewhat Disagree: 8
Strongly Disagree: 20

Russian Aggression is a Threat to Romania's Sovereignty

ROMANIA

Strongly Agree: 27
Somewhat Agree: 33
Neither/Nor Agree: 22
Somewhat Disagree: 10
Strongly Disagree: 7
Russian Disinformation Must Be Stopped

ROMANIA

Who is Primarily Responsible for the War in Ukraine?

ROMANIA

Support for Temporary Protective Status for Ukrainian Refugees

ROMANIA

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by the EU

ROMANIA

Approve/Disapprove of handling of Ukraine Refugees by Romania

ROMANIA

Romania Should Limit Number of Refugees from Ukraine

ROMANIA
### Romania's Present Policy on Ukrainian Refugees is Sustainable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
<th>Don’t Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>12</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Romania is Better Able to Take Refugees from Ukraine Than from the Middle East and North Africa

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Agree</th>
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<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
<th>Don’t Know</th>
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<tr>
<td>33</td>
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<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Romania Should Put Limits on All Refugees

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
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<th>Somewhat Disagree</th>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>25</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Stay in Romania up to Three Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>39</td>
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</tr>
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</table>

### Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive Government-Sponsored Housing in Romania

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
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</table>

### Ukrainian Refugees Should Receive the Same Social Benefits as Romanian Citizens

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td>7</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
**Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Allowed to Send Their Children to Romanian schools**

**ROMANIA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
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<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>28</td>
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</table>

**Ukrainian Refugees Should Be Required to Go Home Soon After the War is Over**

**ROMANIA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Somewhat Agree</th>
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<th>Somewhat Disagree</th>
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<td>11</td>
<td>13</td>
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</table>

**Support/Opposition for Sanctions Against the Russian Federation**

**ROMANIA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Somewhat Support</th>
<th>Neither/ Nor Oppose</th>
<th>Somewhat Oppose</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>16</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Sanctions Against Russian Federation Will Cost Romania’s Economy**

**ROMANIA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A Lot</th>
<th>Somewhat</th>
<th>Not Very Much</th>
<th>Nothing At All</th>
<th>Don’t Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

**Maintain Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Until...**

**ROMANIA**

- **Russia ceases hostilities and Russian forces leave Ukraine**: 40
- **A Peace Agreement is Reached Between Ukraine and Russia**: 34
- **Ukraine is Defeated and A New Government is Formed in the Country**: 5
- **The Costs of Sanctions on Europe and Romania Become Too High**: 8
- **None of the Above**: 13

**If the Cost of Heating My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be**

**ROMANIA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maintained</th>
<th>Reduced Somewhat</th>
<th>Removed Completely</th>
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If the Cost of Electricity to Light My Home Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

If the Cost of Fuel for My Car Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

If the Cost of Food & Groceries Increases Because of Sanctions, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

If the Rising Cost of Energy Causes Unemployment to Increase in Romania, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

If the Rising Cost of Energy Hurts the Economy of Romania, Sanctions Against the Russian Federation Should Be

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans to Businesses in Romania Hurt By Sanctions Against the Russian Federation
EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Benefits to Romanian Citizens and Citizens of Other EU Nations Confronting Higher Costs For Energy, Food, and Other Necessities Because of Sanctions Against the Russian Federation

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Migration Policy

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Defence Policy

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for A Strong, Common EU Food Security Policy

EU Should Issue New Debt to Provide Loans & Grants to Ukraine to Help With Reconstruction Efforts After the War Has Ended

Importing Energy From Unreliable Countries like the Russian Federation with Bountiful Gas and Oil Reserves Is...
The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Energy Policy

The Russian Attack on Ukraine Demonstrates the Need for a Strong, Common EU Defense Capability Including a Joint Army

NATO or Not?

Under the NATO common defense agreement, a military attack against any NATO Country is an Attack Against All NATO Countries. This Means All NATO Countries Will Respond To An Attack Against Any NATO Member. Romania is a NATO Member. Do You Support NATO?

Favorability — Vladimir Putin

Favorability — The Russian Federation
Favorability -- The Russian People

ROMANIA

Favorability -- The European Union

ROMANIA

Favorability -- NATO

ROMANIA

Favorability -- Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy

ROMANIA

Favorability -- NATO

ROMANIA
EUROPEAN PUBLIC OPINION ON RUSSIA’S INVASION, DEFENDING UKRAINE, AND THE EFFECT ON THE EU

2022

THE LISTEN TO PEOPLE PROJECT HAS BEEN RUN BY THE EUROPEAN MOVEMENT INTERNATIONAL SINCE 2018 WITH SUPPORT BY THE OPEN SOCIETY FOUNDATIONS AND THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT.

ANALYSIS BY DR. MATTHEW MACWILLIAMS, WITH INPUT FROM PETROS FASSOULAS AND CHRISTIAN SKRIVERVIK, AND SUPPORT BY MAJA BOBIC AND EMANUEL FERREIRA.

VISUALS AND DESIGN BY ESSENCE CREATIVE.

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